Formal Composition

1: Unity ← → Variety

•••••

CONTRAST

contrast in VALUE

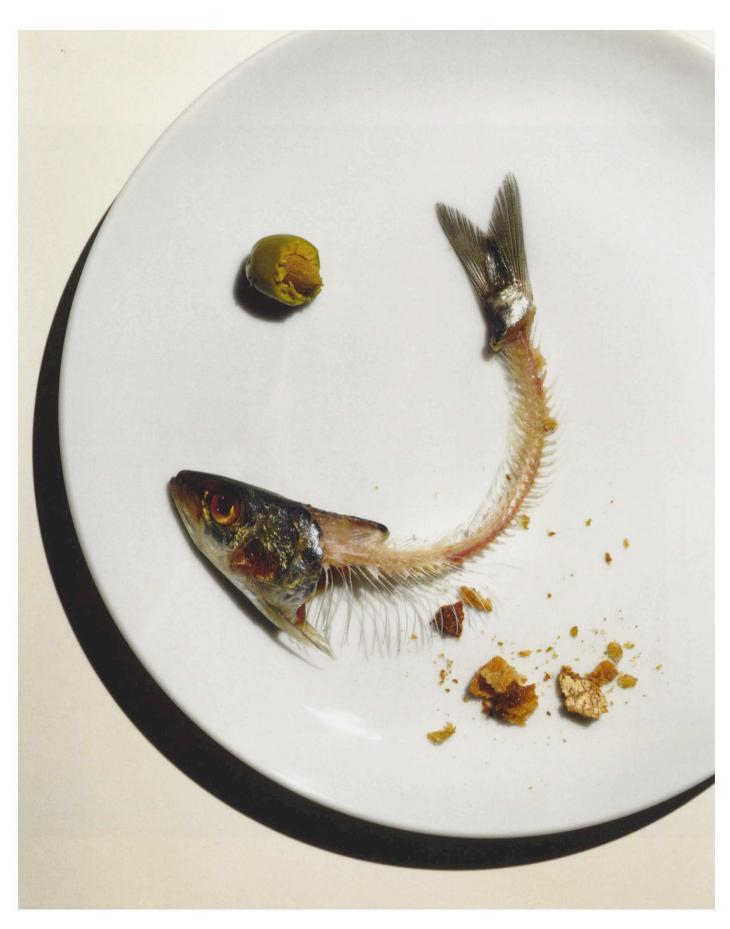






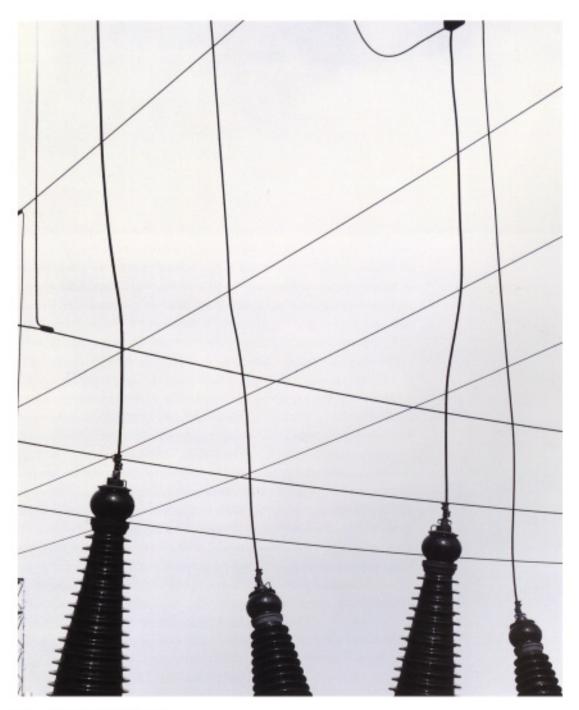
contrast in SHAPE





Fish Bones on a Plate (a frugal lunch), editorial photograph for Vogue, New York, October 21, 1993

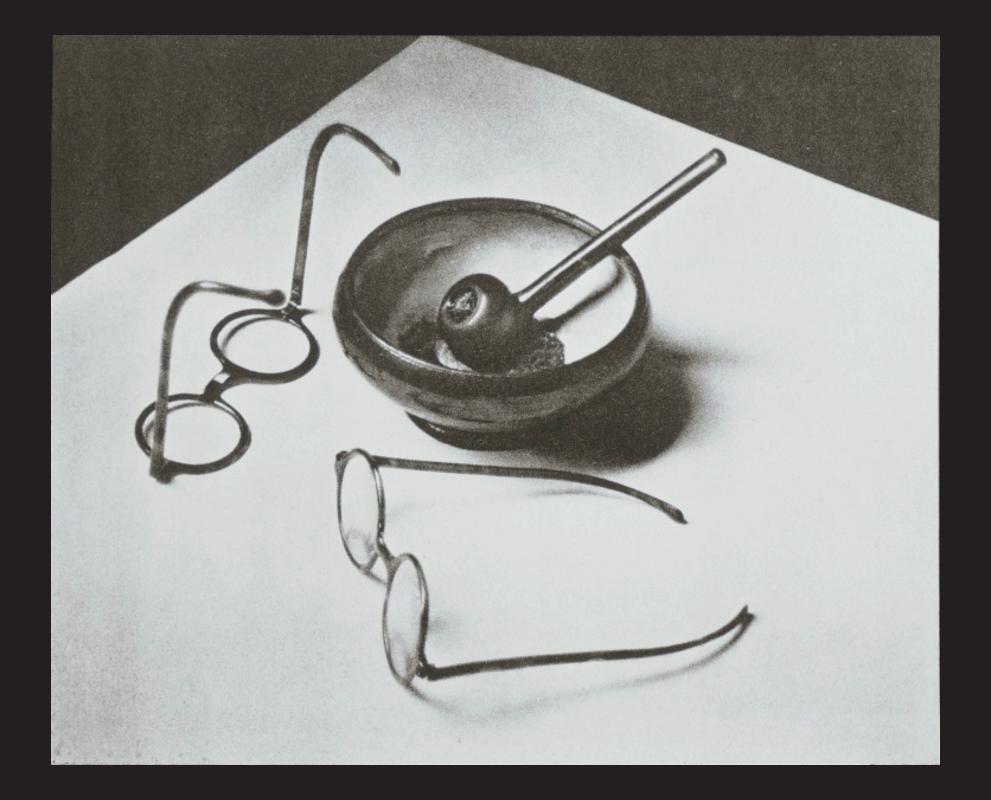




Minor White, Evil Plants, 1947





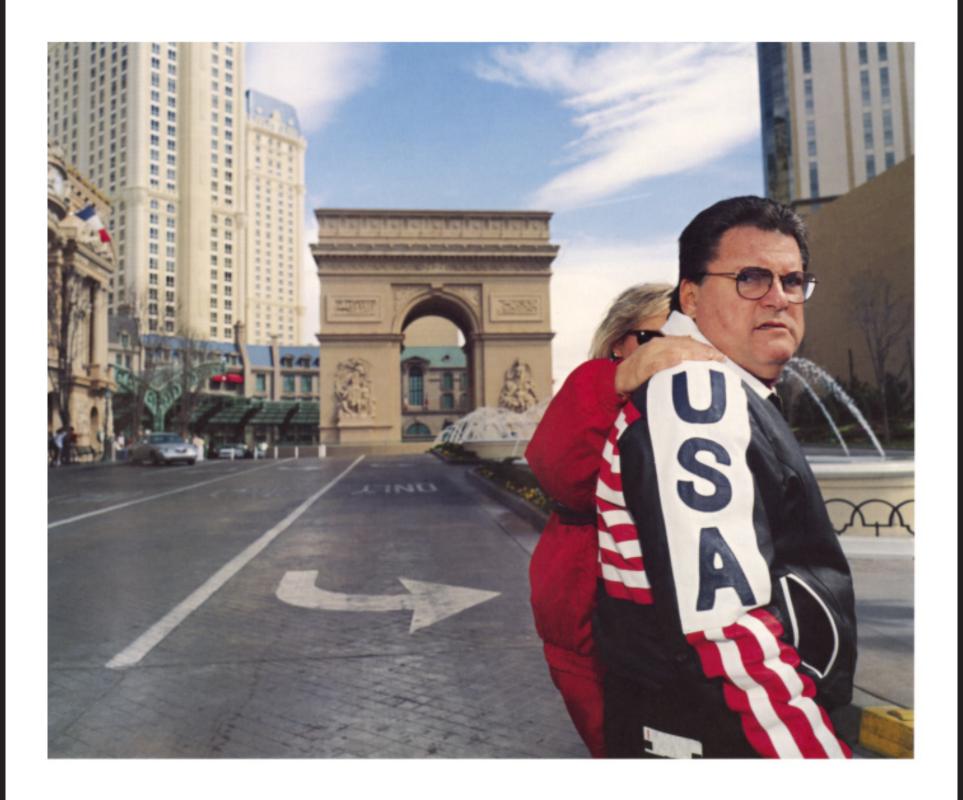




contrast in SIZE







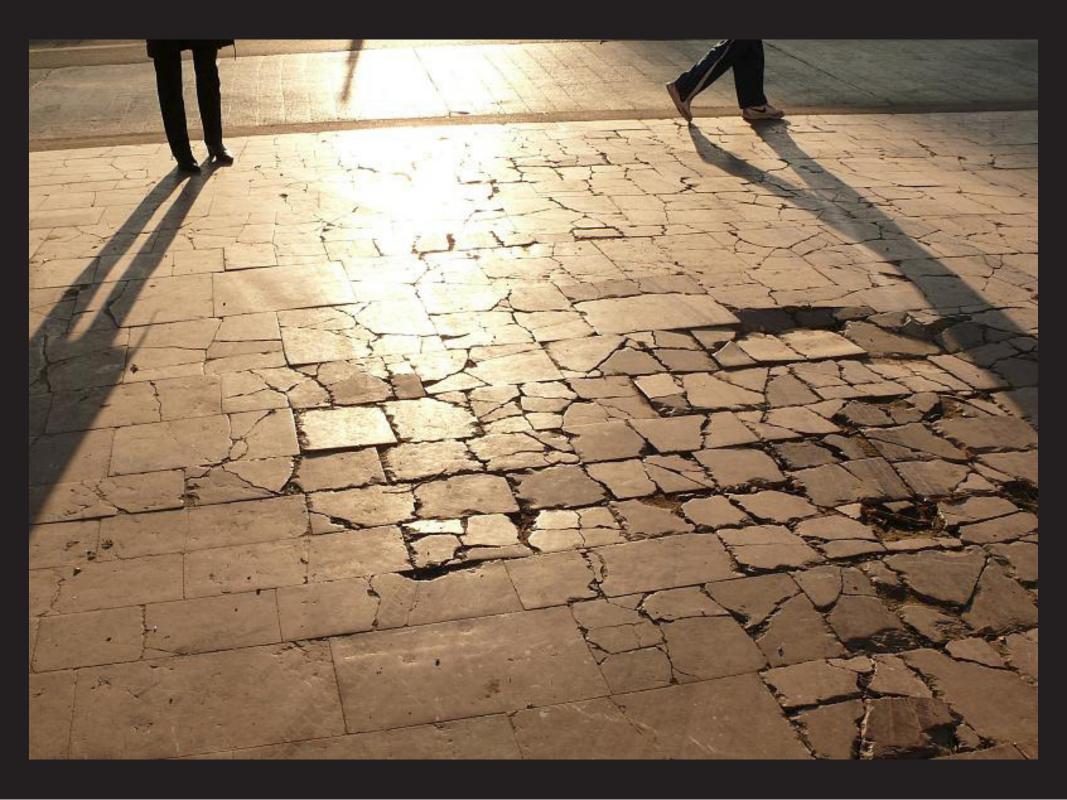


TWIGGY, HAIR BY ARA GALLANT, PARIS STUDIO, JANUARY 1968

contrast in TEXTURE

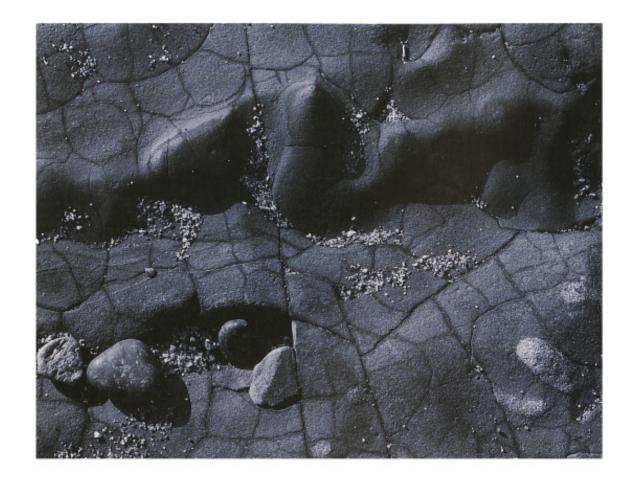


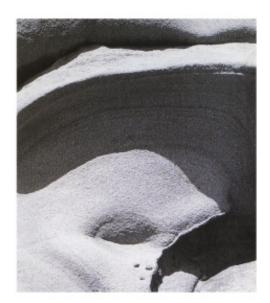












Top: Paul Rundall, *Untitled*, c. 1949 Bottom: Leonard Nelson, *Untitled*, c. 1948

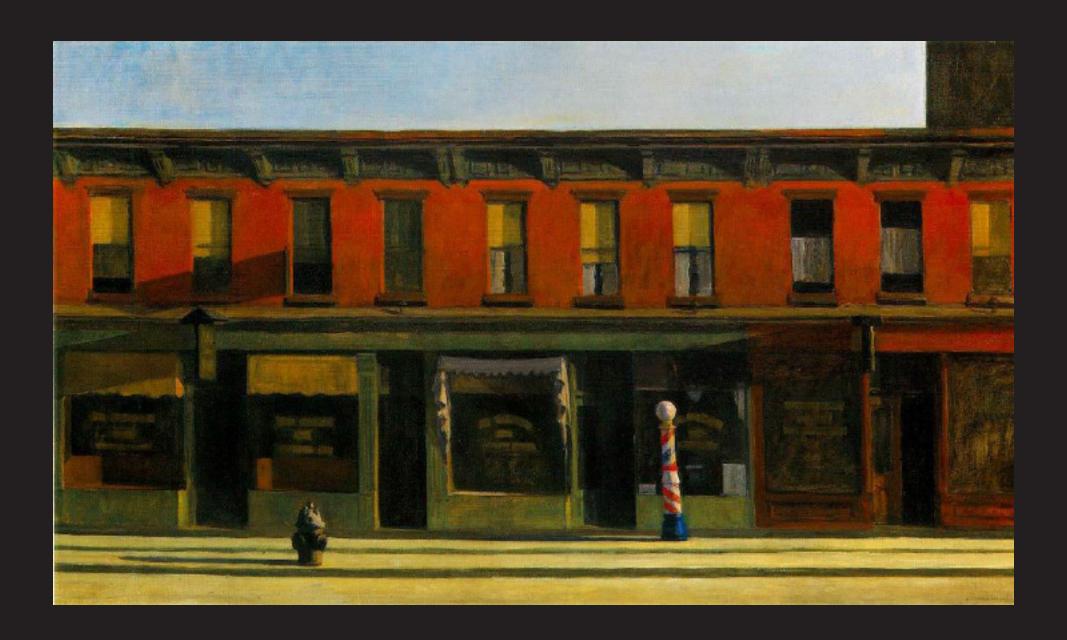
contrast in RHYTHYM

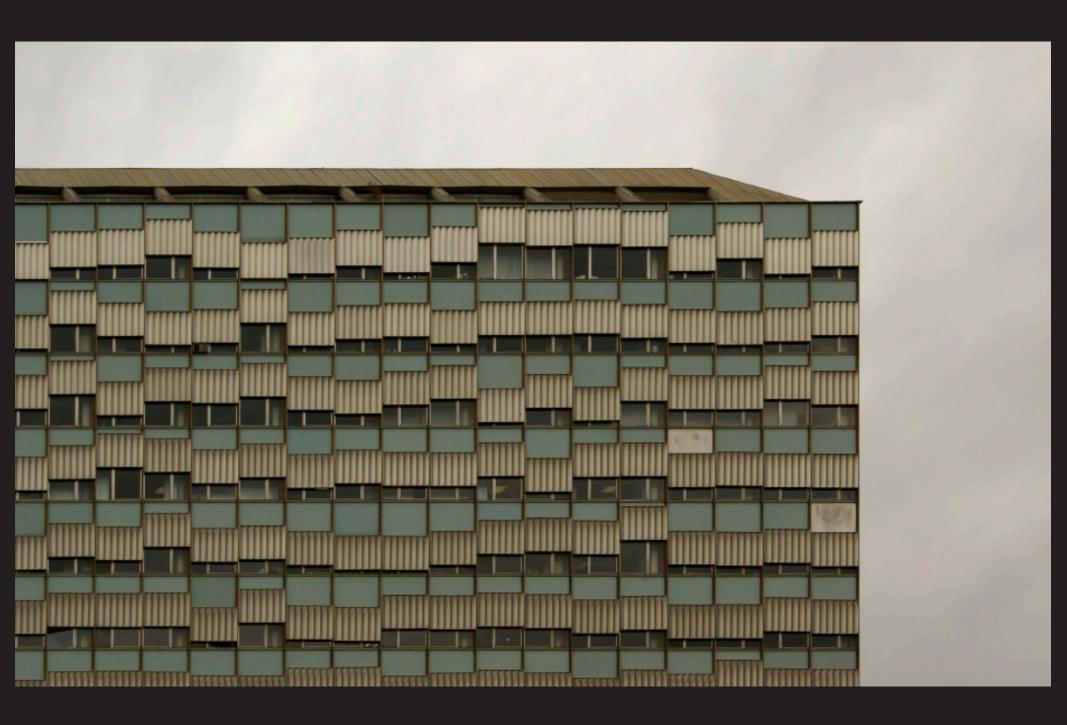




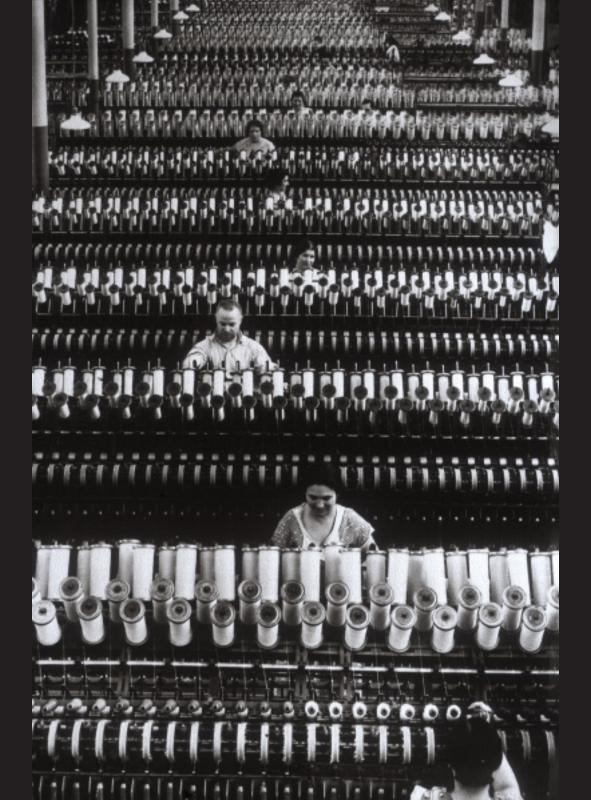




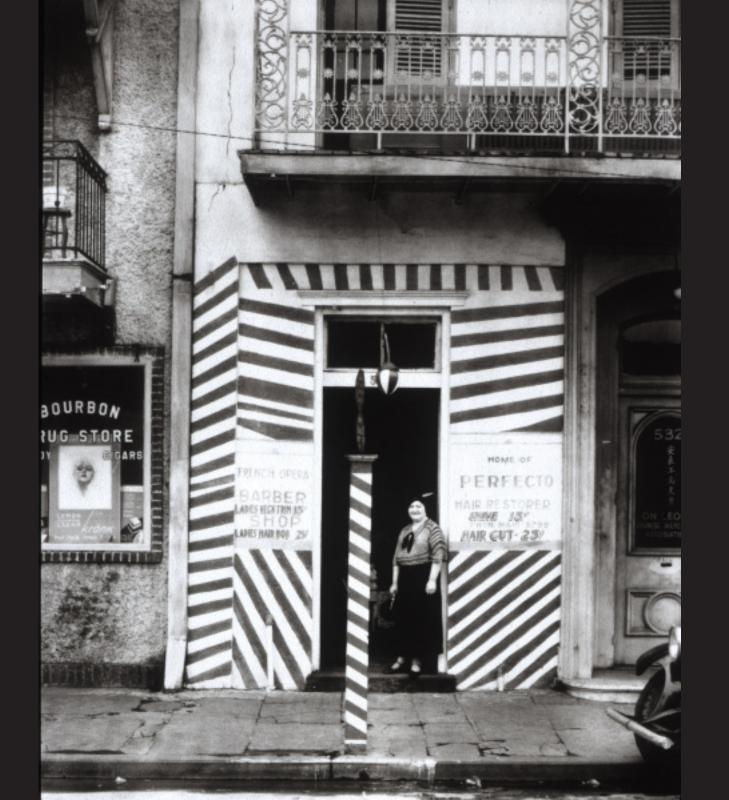












contrast in DENSITY

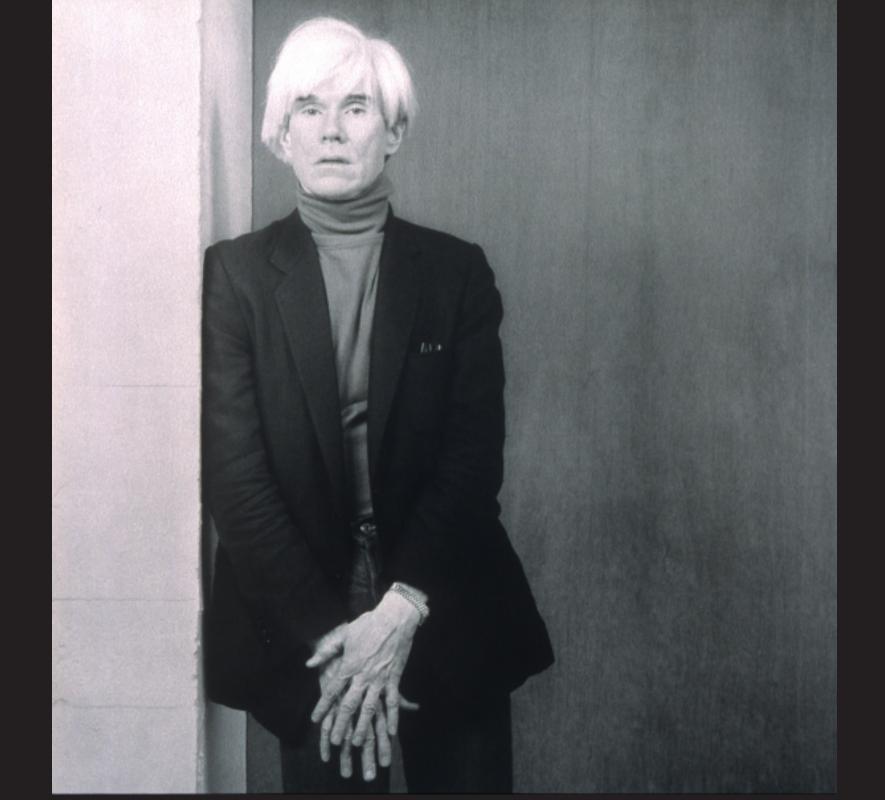






2: Balance

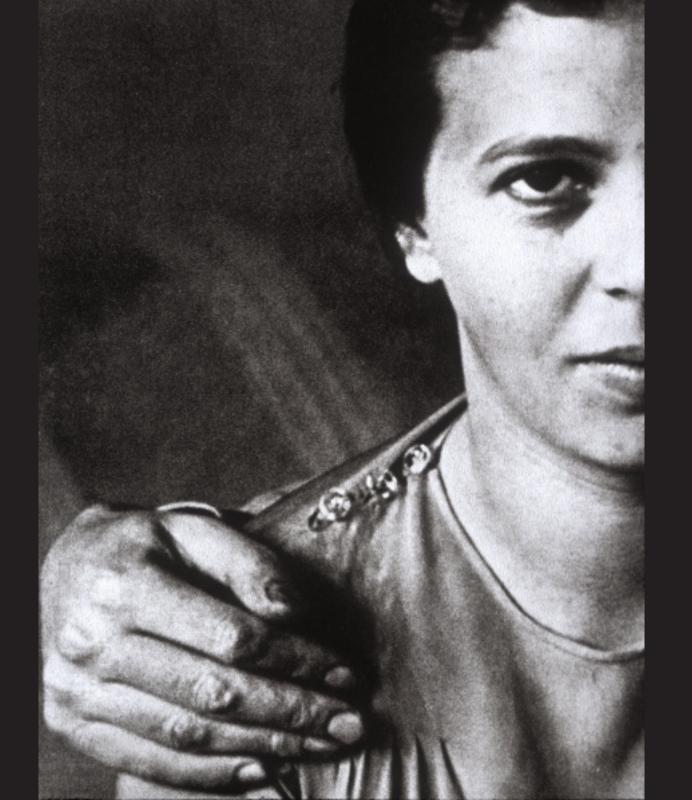






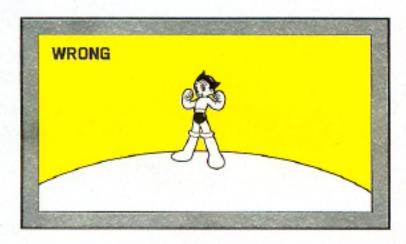


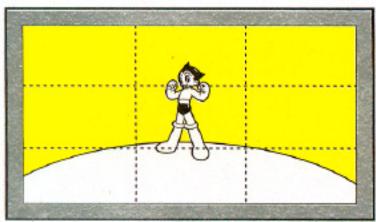
MARIAN ANDERSON, CONTRALTO, NEW YORK, JUNE 30, 1955

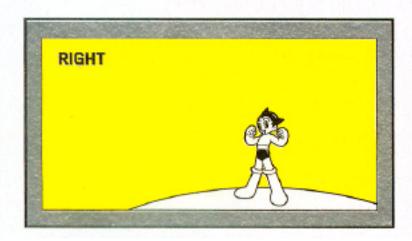




LAURA LETINSKY, I DID NOT REMEMBER I HAD FORGOTTEN: UNTITLED #63, 2002





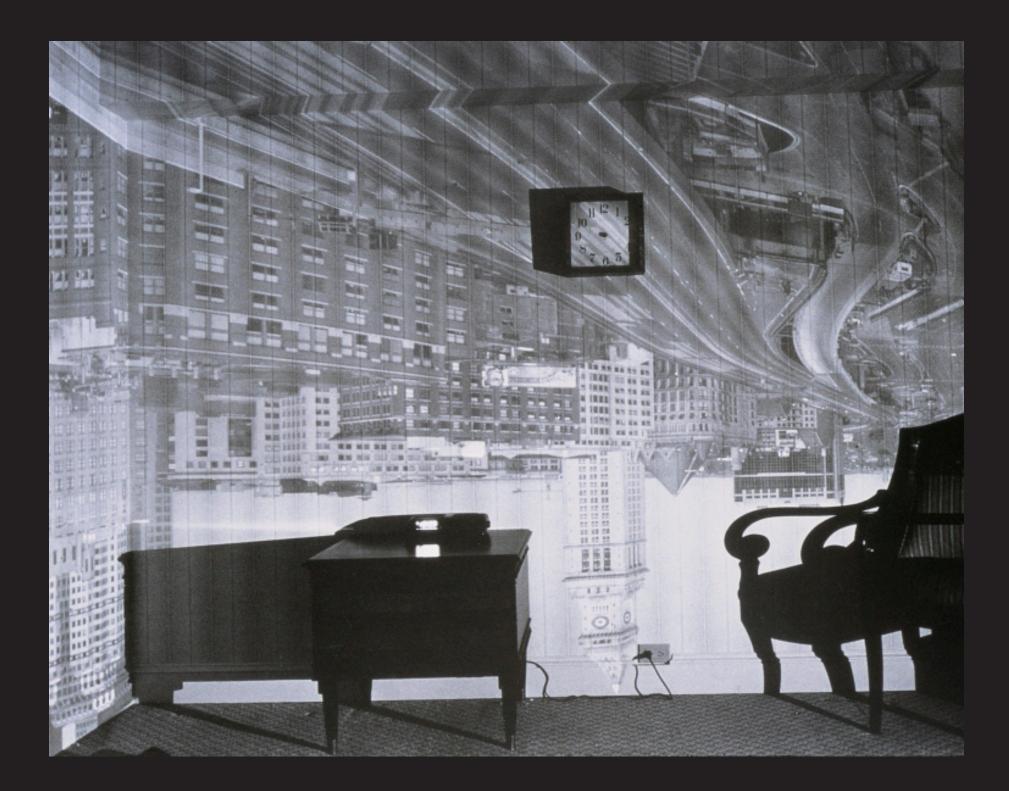


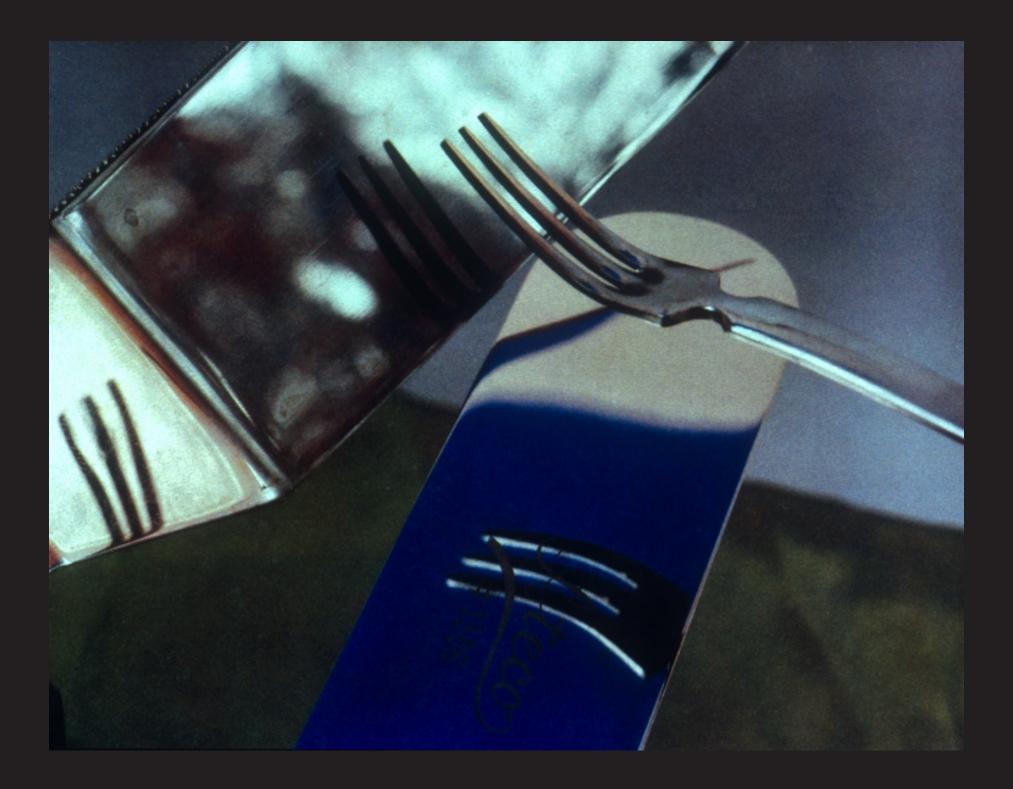
Frame a Shot

>> DON'T CENTER YOUR SUBJECT. BREAK
YOUR FRAME INTO THIRDS VERTICALLY
AND HORIZONTALLY, THEN POSITION
YOUR SUBJECT ON ONE OR MORE OF
THESE INTERSECTIONS. THIS APPARENT
IMBALANCE CREATES TENSION IN YOUR
PHOTO AND HELPS VIEWERS FOCUS ON
WHAT'S IMPORTANT. KNOWN AS THE RULE
OF THIRDS, IT'S BEEN A TRICK OF PAINTERS
AND PHOTOGRAPHERS FOR YEARS.

3: Movement













4: Space Making 3-d = 2-d



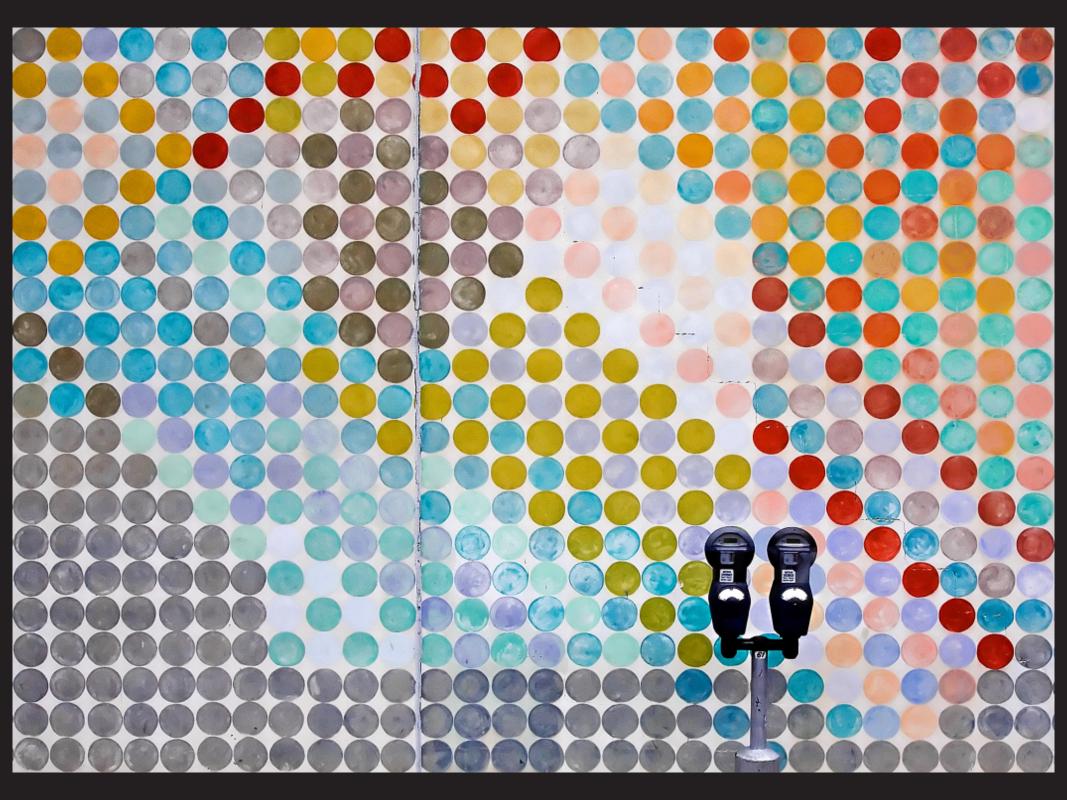


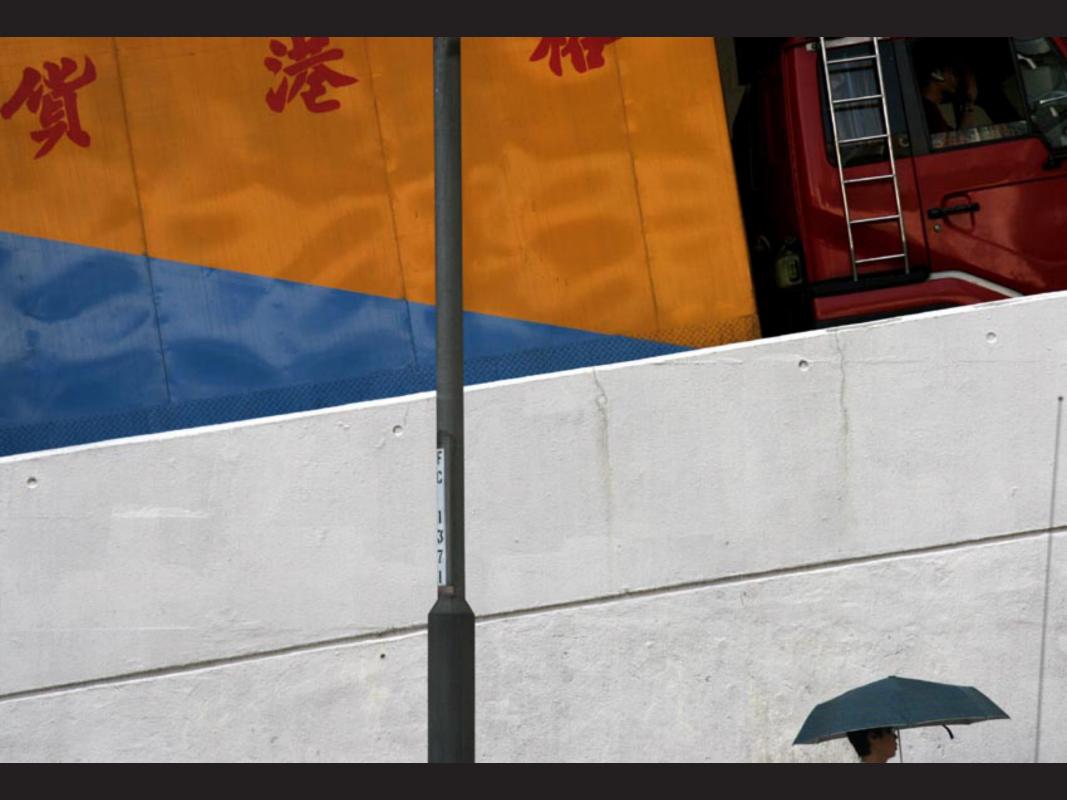






Irving Penn/Condé Naste Publications









4: Space Figure/Ground Reversal



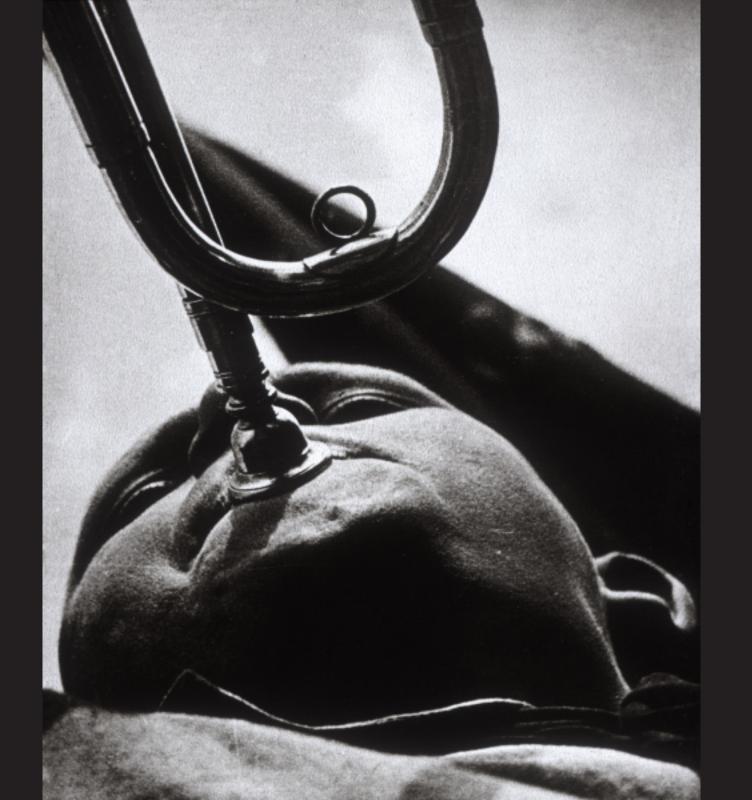






4: Space Perspective





Compositional Analysis





