#### ENGR100

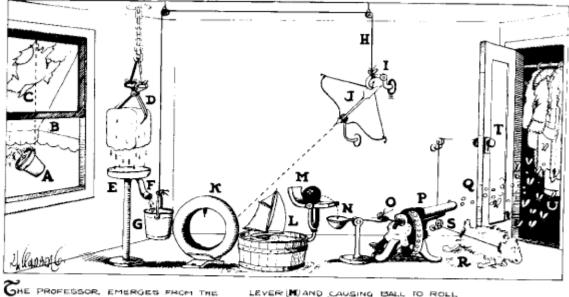
#### **Rube Goldberg Machine Contest**

#### Background

Rube Goldberg spent 55 years drawing cartoons of machines and contraptions. His cartoons depicted simple household items, connected in funny but logical ways to perform a simple task. For instance, his cartoon invention of an automatic garage door opener used a bathtub, a flower, a bumblebee and an athlete. He had an extraordinary style and worked over 30 hours on each invention cartoon. The result was always another magnificent work of fine lines and great attention to detail.

Rube Goldberg believed that most people preferred doing things the hard way instead of using a more simple and direct path to accomplish a goal. In the words of the inventor, the machines were a "symbol of man's capacity for exerting maximum effort to achieve minimal results." His drawings became so well known that Webster's Dictionary defined the term rube goldberg as "accomplishing by extremely complex, roundabout means what seemingly could be done simply."

Inspired by cartoonist Rube Goldberg, students will compete to design a machine that uses the most complex process to complete a simple task - put a stamp on an envelope, screw in a light bulb, make a cup of coffee - in 8 or more steps.



WHE PROFESSOR EMERGES FROM THE GOOFY BOOTH WITH A DEVICE FOR THE EXTERMINATION OF MOTHE. START SINGING, LADY UPSTAIRS, WHEN BUFFICIENTLY ANNOYED, THROWS FLOWER POTA THROUGH AWNING (B). HOLE (C) ALLOWS SUN TO COME THROUGH AND MELT CAKE OF ICE (D). WATER DRIPS INTO PAN(E) RUNNING THROUGH DRIPS INTO PAN(E) RUNNING THROUGH PIPE, FINTO PAN(E) RUNNING THROUGH ALLOW ARROW(I) TO SHOOT INTO THRE ALLOW ARROW(I) TO SHOOT INTO THRE (N). ESCAPING AIR BLOWS AGAINST TOY SALLBOAT(L) DRIVING IT AGAINST LEVER (M) AND CAUSING BALL TO ROLL INTO SPOON (M) AND PULL STRING (O) WHICH SETS OFF MACHINE GUN (P) DIS-CHARGING CAMPHOR BALLS (O). REPORT OF GUN FRIGHTENS LAMB (B) WHICH RUNS AND PULLS CORD(S), OPEN-ING CLOSET DOOR (T). AS MOTHS (U) ING CLOSET DOOR (T). AS MOTHS (U) BACH THEY ARE KILLED BY THE BARRAGE OF MOTH BALLS. IF ANY OF THE MOTHS ESCAPE AND THERE IS DANGER OF THEIR. RETURNING, YOU CAN FOOL THEM BY MOVING.

# A Simple Moth Killing Machine

## **Problem Definition**

To construct in the true Rube Goldberg style a complicated contraption which will in effect accomplish a very simple task. For example A simple Moth killing machine as shown in Figure above.

#### **Educational Goals**

- To show simple design is the key in good engineering design

- To show a single system composed of several interacting parts that contribute to the basic function, and where the removal of any one of the parts causes the system to cease functioning.

- To demonstrate that design processes involve a multitude of skills and knowledge from many subject areas

- To allow students to experience the perilous designer/builder intreface

## References

Book: Rube Goldberg by Maynard Frank Wolfe

Eamples of machine design:

http://www.y3k.com/rube.html

http://www.larenstein.nl/goldberg/tweede%20wedstrijd.html

http://www.rube-goldberg.com/html/gallery.htm

<u>http://www.uns.purdue.edu/UNS/rube/rube.index.html</u> (best one, the original rube Goldberg competition in Purdue)

# Procedure

1. Chose a purpose for your machine. Use websites books or your own imagination to create a purpose for your machine.

2. Design and illustrate your design of a Rube Goldberg Machine on a full size poster

Title should be short and bold.

Steps should be clearly labeled with numbers or letters

3. Write the steps on a separate sheet of paper and tape it to the back of the poster.

4. Describes machines that are required in the design. Different kinds of pulleys, levers, etc.

5. Using more than <u>one form of energy</u> will enhance the creative nature of the cartoon.

6. A presentation will be made to the class:

Explain all steps.

Identify all simple machines.

Identify all forms of energy.

7. Final Report describing the design process and details of the design.

8. The grade will be based upon clarity, creativity, completeness of the final report (20%), oral presentation (10%), poster (30%) and the result from the competition (40%).

## TIPS

1. Plan your machine on paper first. Use your imagination!

2. Start with one to two steps first - don't get carried away! Begin with the last step - what you're required to do, and work backwards.

3. From the garage, junk drawer, or your desk, gather the essentials: string, balls of different sizes, tape, empty cardboard tubes, more cut up cardboard from pizza boxes, any junk. Sit down and roll the ball around. Play with the stuff! See what it can knock over or make happen.

4. For some fun, use a mousetrap. Don't use rat traps - you can break the bones in your hand!

5. Don't use fire - too dangerous.

6. Brainstorm - don't worry if an idea seems crazy - just write it down for now. The idea is to look at things in a new way. Can the ball knock down something else, or land on something, or pull something? Use your brain!

7. As someone once said "Gravity is your friend". Use it!

8. More things to gather: wire, empty thread spools or pulleys, old toys, small wheels.

9. If there is time later, make your machine sturdy from wood, nails, etc.

10. Your machine may only "run" for 5 seconds, but plan on testing each step over and over, before you continue.

11. Remember what your science teacher taught you about simple machines: levers, inclined planes, wheels...

12. Thought for the day: It's better to have a few steps that work well, then 8 steps that don't work at all!

# **Competition Guideline**

The objective is to build a true Rube Goldberg style a complicated contraption which will in effect accomplish a very simple task.

# Team

The team will consists of three or four members. Each member is responsible for a part of the design and construction. Great emphasis will be place on teamwork. Evaluation of contribution from each team member will play a big part in the team's final grade.

# **Ground Rules**

- 1. SAFETY IS THE TOP PRIORITY! The entry shall not include any device that might endanger the entrants, spectators, or judges. Entries deemed unsafe by the judges will be disqualified
- 2. The Device shall not make use of ANY animal.
- 3. The Device must include three (3) of the following elements: a wheel and axle; a lever; a pulley; an inclined plane; a process which converts potential energy to kinetic energy; a gear system; a funnel or trough or tube with marbles.
- 4. The Device must include fully descriptive labels for each of the elements in Rule 3, which are incorporated in the design.
- 5. The Device, including any non-connected subassemblies, must fit in an area 1.5 meters by 1.5 meters on the floor, or fit on the top of a card table (which you provide). In no instance is the Device (or the Device and table) to exceed two meters in height.
- 6. The Device will not incorporate the use of any flammable or corrosive substances, liquids in excess of 2 liters, falling weights in excess of five kilograms, or electrical components powered by ANYTHING OTHER than a 9-volt battery.
- 7. Any destructive action against another machine is grounds for disqualification.
- 8. Each entry will be allowed three trials, so Devices should be designed to allow for quick resetting.

- 9. Any entry judged to be the work of individuals other than those entered in the contest (or their peers in the case of group entries) will be disqualified.
- 10. The decision of the judges in the competition will be final.
- 11. Students must set up and start their contraption within 20 minutes.
- 12. Students are penalized 5 pts. each time they help their projects.
- 13. The student's grade will be determined by the best of three trials.
- 14. A CHANGE is counted every time the action moves from one type of thing to another. For example, a marble rolling down a ramp and striking a domino would be recorded as one change. A domino striking another domino is not a change, but still may be useful.
- 15. Similar changes like the marble striking a domino may only be repeated once in a project.
- 16. There are no limitations on the type of materials to be used. There is no maximum number of steps.
- 17. The contraption MUST do something useful like break a balloon, turn on/off a light etc.
- 18. Any loose or flying objects must remain within the set boundaries of the machine. This includes, but is not limited to, drops of water, slivers of balloon, and other "small" objects. Steam and other gasses are exempt from this ru
- 19. The MOUSETRAP game is a good example of a Rube Goldberg contraption.

# Judging Criteria

Demonstration will be graded base on the best of the three trials:

- Judging will be based on a 100 point scale broken down into the following categories:
  - General Impressions (35 points)
    - Theme (0 to 10 points)
    - Rube Goldberg Spirit (0 to 10 points)
    - Explanation / Description (0 to 5 points)
    - Team Chemistry (0 to 5 points)
    - Submitted Machine Description (0 or 5 points)
  - Timing Issues (0 points) (2 to 10 mins)
    - Description Length (-5 to 0 points)
    - Actual Run Length (-10 to 0 points)
  - Run Related (65 points)
    - Completed Task (40 points)
    - Flow of machine easily followed (0 to 10 points)
    - Rube Goldberg Style Steps (0 to 15 points)
    - Human Interventions (-5 points each)
    - Objects Leaving Machine (-5 points each)
  - Number of changes in contraption (extra credit points)

10 pt. = 7 changes or more; 5pt. = 5 changes; 0 pt. = less than 3 changes.

A short set-up time will be given and three trials will be allowed if needed.

#### Assignment

RUBE GOLDBERG MACHINE A Team Building Project

Students will work in teams of 3 to 4 to design, construct, and test a series of simple machines which act in a chain reaction to accomplish a simple task of the student's choice.

REQUIRED: Minimum of eight steps (A student will start the sequence of events but that does not count as a step.) Machines to include lever, inclined plane, wedge, and pulley

WILL IMPROVE GRADE: Using electrical and/or chemical energy. Including a wheel and axle, screw, and/or a second class lever.

Purchased simple machines may not be used except for wedges and pulleys. Hand made pulleys are preferred.

MAXIMUM SIZE: Length - 1.5 meters; Width - 1.5 meters. Base may be longer if width is reduced to achieve the same surface area.

MAKE A POSTER with the machine's purpose as a title and include an illustrated set of the steps.

#### GRADES:

Final Report describing the design process and details of the design (20%)

Presentation of Rube Goldberg Machine to class including oral presentation (10%), poster (30%), and demonstration (40%).

Demonstration will be graded base on the best result from the three trials. For more details, please refer to the Judging Criteria section.

DUE DATE: Fourth week Friday (demo at class)

# Judging Criteria

Demonstration will be graded base on the best of the three trials:

- Judging will be based on a 100 point scale broken down into the following categories:
  - General Impressions (35 points)
    - Theme (0 to 10 points)
    - Rube Goldberg Spirit (0 to 10 points)
    - Explanation / Description (0 to 5 points)
    - Team Chemistry (0 to 5 points)
    - Submitted Machine Description (0 or 5 points)
  - Timing Issues (0 points) (2 to 10 mins)
    - Description Length (-5 to 0 points)
    - Actual Run Length (-10 to 0 points)
  - Run Related (65 points)
    - Completed Task (40 points)
    - Flow of machine easily followed (0 to 10 points)
    - Rube Goldberg Style Steps (0 to 15 points)
    - Human Interventions (-5 points each)
    - Objects Leaving Machine (-5 points each)
  - Number of changes in contraption (extra credit points)

10 pt. = 7 changes or more; 5pt. = 5 changes; 0 pt. = less than 3 changes.

A short set-up time will be given and three trials will be allowed if needed.

## Poster Assignment (30%)

## **Objective:**

Design and illustrate your design of a Rube Goldberg Machine on a full size poster.

1. Title should be short and bold.

2. Steps should be clearly labeled with numbers or letters

3. Write the steps on a separate sheet of paper and tape it to the back of the poster.

4. Describes machines that are required in the design. Different kinds of pulleys, levers, etc.

5. Make a drawing of a Rube Goldberg device of your own creation which includes labeling the <u>types of energy</u> and <u>different energy conversions</u> involves in the process.

- \* **energies** these should be clearly labeled and numbered in blue next to where the energy occurs in the drawing.
- \* **different energy changes** arrows should be drawn connecting each energy in the drawing to the next in red to show how one type of energy is changing into another.

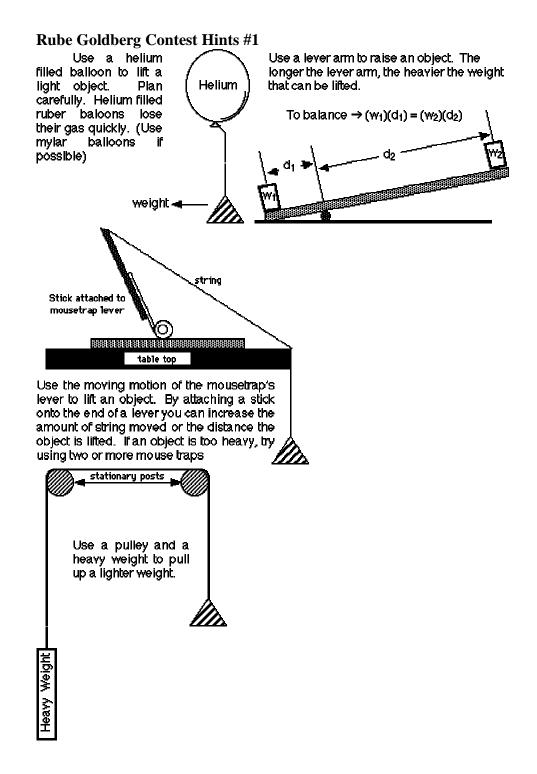
**Notes:** Not all energies will be connected with arrows since not all energies will be directly changing from one form to another. Some energies will not change into another, but cause an energy from another source to be started. Remember the example of the broken energy chain.

# **Oral presentation (10%)**

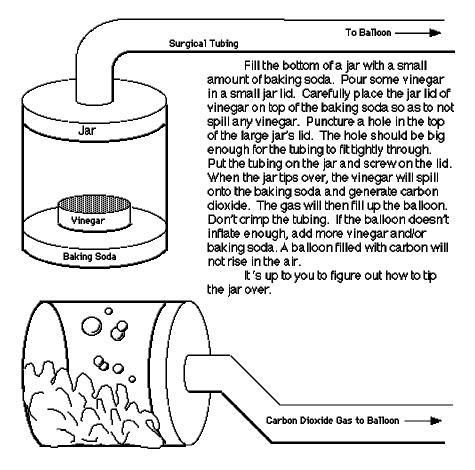
Oral presentation will be made to the class: <u>Explain all steps.</u> <u>Identify all simple machines.</u> <u>Identify all forms of energy and energy conversions.</u>

# Final Report (20%)

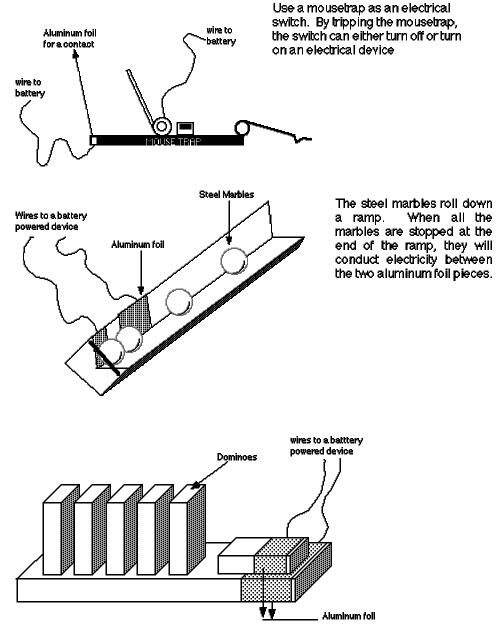
Final Report describing the design process and details of the design. Please follow the <u>final project report format</u>.



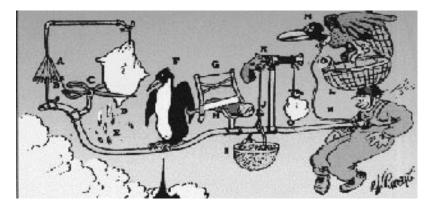
#### **RUBE GOLDBERG HINTS #2**



#### **RUBE GOLDBERG HINTS #3**



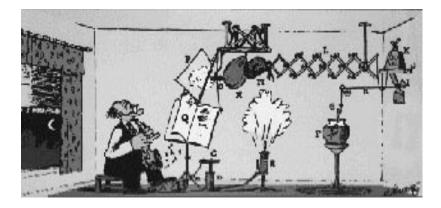
#### Examples of Rube Goldberg's idea for simple task



Rube Goldberg TM & O of Rube Goldberg, Inc.

#### Rube Goldberg's idea for a simple parachute.

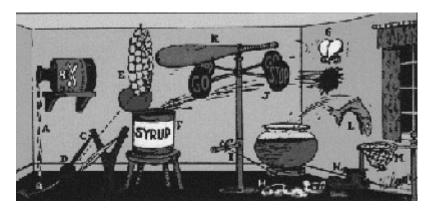
As aviator jumps from plane, force of wind opens umbrella (A) which pulls cord (B) and closes shears (C), cutting off corner of feather pillow (D). As white feathers (E) fly from pillow, penguin (F) mistakes them for snow flakes and flaps his wings for joy which draws buck-saw (G) back and forth cutting log of wood (H). As piece of wood falls into basket (I), its weight causes rope (J) to pull trigger of gun (K) which explodes and shoots lock from cage (L), realizing giant Umpha Bird (M) which flies and keeps aviator afloat with rope (N). Aviator breaks paper bag of corn (O), causing corn to fall to ground when bird swoops down to eat corn. Flier unhooks apparatus and walks home. The biggest problem is where to get the Umpha Bird. Write your Congressman.



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# At Last! The great brain of Rube Goldberg gives the world a simple automatic sheet music turner!

Press left foot (A) on pedal (B) which pulls down handle (C) on tire pump (D) pressure of air blows whistle (E). Goldfish (F) believes this is dinner signal and starts feeding on worm (G). The pull string (H) releases brace (I), dropping shelf (J), leaving weight (K) without support. Naturally, hat rack (L) is suddenly extended and boxing glove (M) hits punching bag (N) which, in turn, is punctured by spike (O). Escaping air blows against sail (P) which is attached to page of music (Q), which turns gently and makes way for the next outburst of sweet or sour melody.

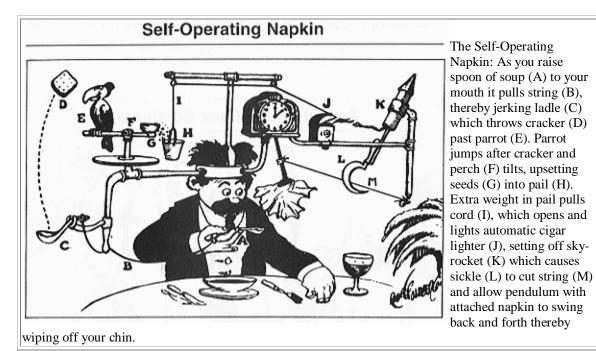


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# Rube Goldberg's idea for his latest simple fly swatter.

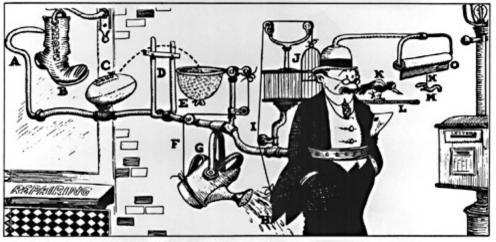
Carbolic acid (A) drips on a string (B) causing it to break and release elastic of bean shooter (C) which projects ball (D) into bunch of garlic (E) causing it to fall into syrup can (F) and splash syrup violently against side wall. Fly (G)

buzzes with glee and goes for syrup, his favorite dish. Butler-dog (H) mistakes hum of fly's wings for door buzzer and runs to meet visitor, pulling rope (I) which turns stop-go signal (J) and causes baseball bat (K) to sock fly who falls to floor unconscious. As fly drops to floor, pet trout (L) jumps for him, misses, and lands in net (M). Weight of fish forces shoe (N) down on fallen fly and puts him out of the running for all time. If fish catches the fly, the shoe can be used for cracking nuts.



Rube Goldberg TM & © of Rube Goldberg, Inc.

Below is one of our favorite cartoons created by Rube Goldberg. Try to figure out what it does!



Keep You From Forgetting To Mail Your Wife's Letter RUBE GOLDBERG (tm) RGI 049

Device to Keep You from Forgetting to Mail Your Wife's Letter

It starts as you are walking down the street, with your contraption around your waist. As you near the mailbox, the boot from the shoemaker's shop gets caught on your hook. It ends when a sign is pulled down in front of you, with the reminder, "You sap. Mail that letter." Don't leave home without one.



Was Goldberg a genius? Or was he just stretching things a little bit?

Maybe his barbs were pointed at **today's** world! Look at this 1916 cartoon, drawn years before talking movies, let alone camcorders:



# **Rube Goldberg Biography**



Rube Goldberg (1883-1970) was a Pulitzer Prize winning cartoonist, sculptor, and author.

Reuben Lucius Goldberg (Rube Goldberg) was born in San Francisco. His father, a practical man, insisted he go to college to become an engineer. After graduating from University of California at Berkeley, Rube went to work as an engineer with the City of San Francisco Water and Sewers Department.

He continued drawing, and after six months convinced his father that he had to work as an artist. He soon got a job as an office boy in the sports department of a San Francisco newspaper. He kept submitting drawings and cartoons to his editor, until he was published. An outstanding success, he moved from San Francisco to New York drawing daily cartoons for the Evening Mail. A

founding member of the National Cartoonist Society, a political cartoonist and a Pulitzer Prize winner, Rube was a beloved national figure as well as an often-quoted radio and television personality during his sixty-year professional career.

Through his 'INVENTIONS', Rube Goldberg showed difficult ways to achieve easy results. His cartoons were, (as he said), symbols of man's capacity for exerting maximum effort to accomplish minimal results. Rube believed that there were two ways to do things: the simple way and the hard way, and that a surprisingly number of people preferred doing things the hard way.

Rube Goldberg's work will endure because he gave priority to simple human needs and treasured basic human values. He was sometimes skeptical about technology, which contributed to making his own mechanical inventions primitive and full of human, plant and animal parts. While most machines work to make difficult tasks simple, his inventions made simple tasks amazingly complex. Dozens of arms, wheels, gears, handles, cups, and rods were put in motion by balls, canary cages, pails, boots, bathtubs, paddles, and even live animals for simple tasks like squeezing an orange for juice or closing a window in case it should start to rain before one gets home.

Rube's drawings depict absurdly-connected machines functioning in extremely complex and roundabout ways to produce a simple end result; because of this RUBE GOLDBERG has become associated with any convoluted system of achieving a basic task.

Rube's inventions are a unique commentary on life's complexities. They provide a humorous diversion into the absurd that lampoons the wonders of technology. Rube's hilarious send-ups of man's ingenuity strike a deep and lasting chord with today's audience through caught in a high-tech revolution are still seeking simplicity.