

Lecture



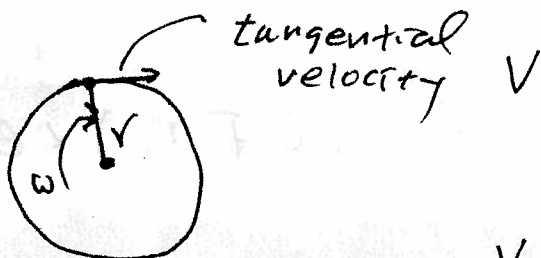
Circumference of a circle

$$= 2\pi r$$



$$\text{Arc} \approx r \cdot \Delta\theta \quad \text{if } \Delta\theta \approx 0$$

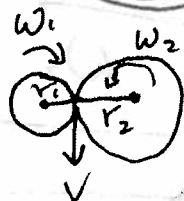
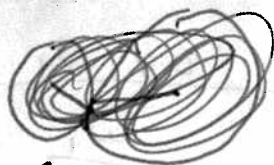
$$\text{angular velocity} = \frac{\Delta\theta}{\Delta t} = \omega$$



tangential velocity V

$$V = \text{tangential velocity} \\ (\text{translational velocity})$$

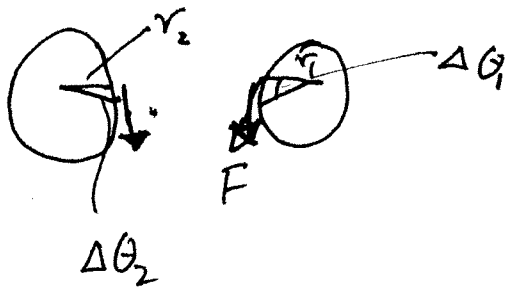
$$= r\omega$$



$$V = r_1 \omega_1 = r_2 \omega_2$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\omega_1}{\omega_2} = \frac{r_2}{r_1}}$$

Cons. of energy



$$\text{Work}_{\text{load}} = F \cdot (r_2 \Delta\theta_2)$$

$$\text{Work}_{\text{zone}} = F \cdot (r_1 \Delta\theta_1)$$

$$\text{Work}_{\text{load}} = \text{Work}_{\text{zone}}$$

$$(F r_2) \Delta\theta_2 = (F r_1) \Delta\theta_1$$

$$\tau_2 \Delta\theta_2 = \tau_1 \Delta\theta_1$$

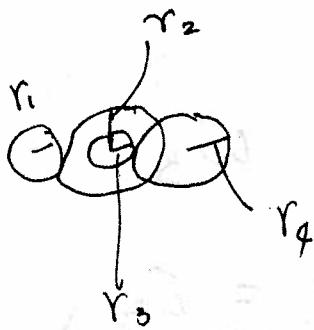
$$\tau_2 \frac{\Delta\theta_2}{\Delta t} = \tau_1 \frac{\Delta\theta_1}{\Delta t}$$

$$\tau_2 \omega_2 = \tau_1 \omega_1$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\tau_2}{\tau_1} = \frac{\omega_1}{\omega_2}}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\tau_2}{\tau_1} = \frac{r_2}{r_1}}$$

Technique for improved gear ratios



$$\frac{\omega_1}{\omega_2} = \frac{r_2}{r_1} \Rightarrow \omega_1 = \left(\frac{r_2}{r_1}\right) \omega_2$$

$$\frac{\omega_3}{\omega_4} = \frac{r_4}{r_3} \Rightarrow \omega_3 = \frac{r_4}{r_3} \omega_4$$

~~$$\omega_2 \omega_2 = \omega_2 \omega_3 = r_3 \omega_3$$~~

~~$$\omega_1 = \omega_2$$~~

$$\omega_1 = \left(\frac{r_2}{r_1}\right) \left(\frac{r_4}{r_3}\right) \omega_4$$

$$\frac{\omega_1}{\omega_4} = \left(\frac{r_2}{r_1}\right) \left(\frac{r_4}{r_3}\right)$$

key: $\omega_2 = \omega_3$
 $\Rightarrow \tau_2 = \tau_3$

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} \frac{\tau_1}{\tau_2} &= \frac{r_1}{r_2} = \frac{\omega_2}{\omega_1} \\ \frac{\tau_3}{\tau_4} &= \frac{r_4}{r_3} = \frac{\omega_3}{\omega_4} \end{aligned} \right.$$

Cons.
of
energy

$$\begin{aligned} \tau_1 \omega_1 &= \tau_2 \omega_2 = \tau_3 \omega_3 = \tau_4 \omega_4 \\ \frac{\tau_1}{\tau_2} &= \frac{\omega_2}{\omega_1} \Rightarrow \omega_2 = \frac{\tau_1 \omega_1}{\tau_2} \\ \frac{\tau_3}{\tau_4} &= \frac{\omega_4}{\omega_3} \Rightarrow \tau_4 = \frac{\tau_3 \omega_3}{\omega_4} \\ \tau_4 &= \frac{\tau_3}{\omega_4} \left(\frac{\tau_1 \omega_1}{\tau_2} \right) \\ &= \tau_1 \left(\frac{\omega_1}{\omega_4} \right) \\ \tau_4 &= \left(\frac{r_1}{r_2} \right) \left(\frac{r_3}{r_4} \right) \end{aligned}$$