

## Alphabetic Order and Transliteration Conventions for Devanāgarī

### Vowels

अ (var. अ) a	आ (var. आ) ā	इ i	ई ī	उ u	ऊ ū	ऋ ṛ
ए e	ऐ ai	ओ (var. ओ) o	औ (var. औ) au			

### Consonants

क k (क् q)	ख kh (ख् kh)	ग g (ग् g)	घ gh	ङ ṅ
च c	छ ch	ज j (ज़ z)	झ (var. झ)jh	ञ ñ
ट t	ठ th	ड d (ड़ ṛ)	ढ dh (ढ़ ṛh)	ण ṇ
त t	थ th	द d	ध dh	न n
प p	फ ph (फ़ f)	ब b	भ bh	म m
य y	र r	ल l	व v	
श ś	ष ṣ	स s	ह h	

### Notes:

(1) Nasalized vowels are transliterated with a tilde (~) written over the sign for the vowel: e.g., आं ā̃ ; उं ũ ; कीं kī̃. The tilde is used for both anusvāra and candrabindu. Thus, for example, both एं and ऐं are transliterated as ě. In standard Hindi dictionaries, a given vowel in its nasalized form precedes the same vowel in non-nasalized form. Thus, all words starting with उ and कु are listed before all words starting with उं and कुं respectively.

(2) The sound visarga (:), used only in certain words of Sanskrit origin, is transliterated as ḥ. E.g., अतः is transliterated as atah.