



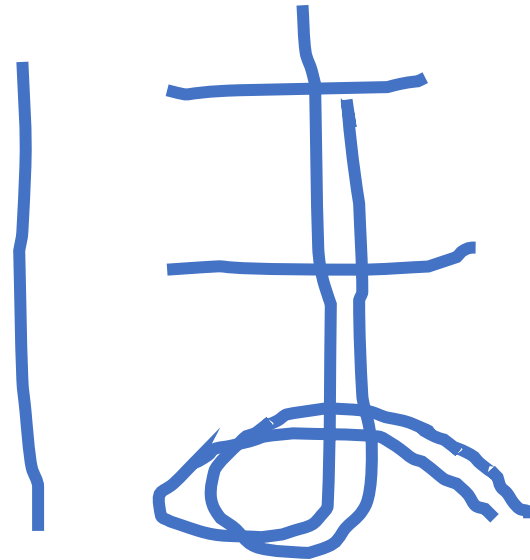
Japan 134 6/23/2022

Hiragana Rules
Question Sentences
Noun-の Noun

Hiragana Shape

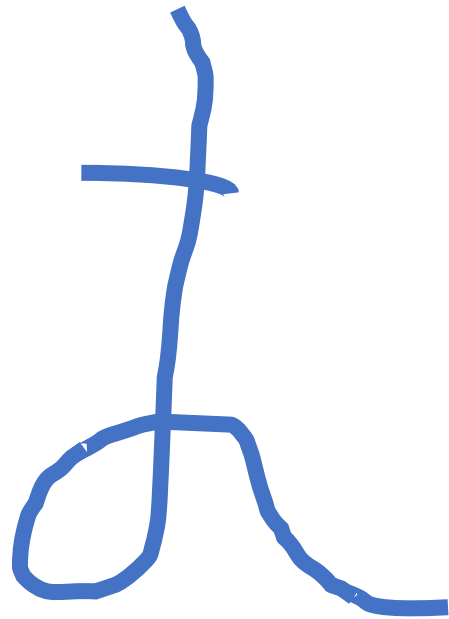
• は

• ほ

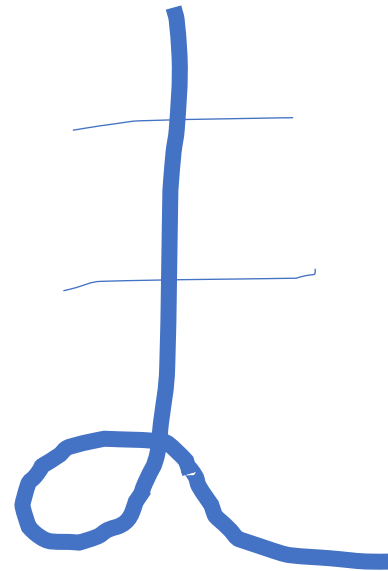


Hiragana Shape

• お



• ま



Similar Hiragana

• わ

• れ

• ね

• め

• ぬ

Similar Hiragana

- き
- ち
- ち
- っ

- け
- は
- ほ
- ま



Hiragana Rule 1: " and °

- Shigoto
 - Shi go to
 - し ___ と
- Daigaku
- Eego
- Denwa
- Chuugoku
- Bungaku
- Sanpun

Hiragana Rule 1: " and ° and °

- k
 - か、き、く、け、こ
- s
 - さ、し、す、せ、そ
- t
 - た、ち、つ、て、と
- h
 - は、ひ、ふ、へ、ほ
- g
 - が、ぎ、ぐ、げ、ご
- z
 - ざ、じ、ず、ぜ、ぞ
- d
 - だ、ぢ、づ、で、ど
- b
 - ば、び、ぶ、べ、ぼ
- p
 - ぱ、ぴ、ぷ、ぺ、ぽ

Hiragana Rule 1: ` and °

- Shigoto
 - Daigaku
 - Eego
 - Denwa
 - Chuugoku
 - Bungaku
 - Sanpun
- しごと
 - だいがく
 - えいご
 - でんわ
 - ちゅうごく
 - ぶんがく
 - さんぷん



II. Small characters:

や、ゆ、よ

- Kaishain

- Ka | Sha | N
- かい _____ いん
- Chuugoku
- Ryuugakusei
- Kenkyuu



[_y] → small や、ゆ、よ

- Take the hiragana containing vowel [i]

e.g. [kya] → きや

[ryu] → りゆ

[byo] → びよ

- Add: small や for [a]
small ゆ for [u]
small よ for [o]
- sha ← sya, shu ← syu, sho ← syo
- cha ← tya, chu ← tyu, cho ← tyo
- ja ← zya, ju ← zyu, jo ← zyo

Small
characters: や、ゆ、よ

- kya, kyu, kyo
- sya, syu, syo
- tya, tyu, tyo
- nya, nyu, nyo
- hya, hyu, hyo
- mya, myu, myo
- rya, ryu, ryo
- gya, gyu, gyo
- zya, zyu, zyo
- bya, byu, byo
- pya, pyu, pyo

- きゃ、きゅ、きょ
- しゃ、しゅ、しよ
- ちゃ、ちゅ、ちよ
- にゃ、にゅ、にょ
- ひゃ、ひゅ、ひよ
- みゃ、みゅ、みよ
- りゃ、りゅ、りよ
- ぎゃ、ぎゅ、ぎょ
- じゃ、じゅ、じよ
- びゃ、びゅ、びよ
- ぴゃ、ぴゅ、ぴよ

Small characters: や、ゆ、よ

- Kaishain
- Chuugoku
- Ryuugakusee
- Kenkyuu
- かいしゃいん
- ちゅうごく
- りゅうがくせい
- けんきゅう



III. Small つ

っ

っ

- Ippun
 - I p pu n
 - い ぷん
- Itte kudasai
 - I t te
 - い て ください
- じゅっさい
- ろっぷん
- いってらっしやい

- ppV
- ttV
- kkV
- ssV

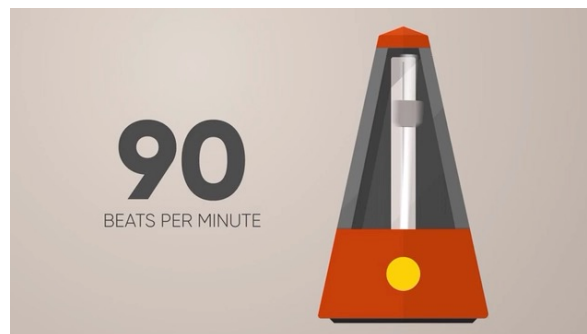
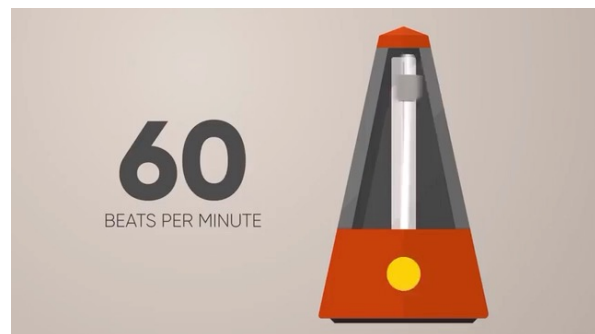
“Syllabic”

- In Japanese, each syllable is pronounced using the same amount of time = “beat”

- あ = か = きや = つ

- ろっぴゃっかい

- やまださんが



Another “Syllabic Consonant”: ん

• しんぶん

• しんぱん

• しんさ

• しんたい

• しんごう

• しんこう

• Shim**u**n

• Shim**u**pan

• Shin**u**sa

• Shin**u**tai

• Shin**u**goo

• Shin**u**koo

ぶんがく

べんごし

にほんご

せんこう

こんにちは

せんせい

なんじ

だいがく

こんばんは

いんせい

IV. Long vowel (2 syllables)

- aa
 - Okaasan
- ii
 - lie
- uu
 - Ajia kenkyuu
- ee
 - Eego
 - Sensee
- oo
 - Senkoo
 - Otoosan
- Exceptions!
 - Oneesan: おねえさん
 - おおたせんせい

- aあ
 - おかあさん
 - iい
 - いいえ
 - uう
 - けんきゅう
 - eい
 - えいご
 - せんせい
 - oう
 - せんこう
 - おとうさん
- おねいさん
おうたせんせい

VI. Punctuations

- Two punctuation

- 、
 - Between phrases, breath break
- 。
 - End of a sentence
いま、二時です。

いま、
二時です。

- Yamada-san is company employee.

- やまださんは、かいしゃいんです。

- It is 10:10 in Tokyo.

- とうきょうは、じゅうじじゅうふんです。

Particle wa: は

- Watashi wa Nihonjin desu.
 - わたしは、にほんじんです。
- Takeshi san no senkoo wa keezai desu.
 - たけしさんのせんこうは、けいざいです。
- こんにちは
- こんばんは

Choose the correct answer

Get ready to compete!

Which is the correct hiragana spelling for "Kimura Takeshi"?

Which is the correct hiragana spelling for "Kimura Takeshi"?

ちせわなけも

きむらたけし

さむらたはし

きやらたほも

Total Results: 0

Which is the correct hiragana spelling for "Kimura Takeshi"?

ちせわなけも

きむらたけし

さむらたはし

きやらたほも

Leaderboard

What is the pronunciation of ろれまめ

What is the pronunciation of ろれまめ

ru-re-ma-nu

Ro-re-ma-me

Ro-re-mo-me

Ru-ne-mo-nu

Ro-wa-ho-me

Total Results: 0

What is the pronunciation of ろれまめ

ru-re-ma-nu

Ro-re-ma-me

Ro-re-mo-me

Ru-ne-mo-nu

Ro-wa-ho-me

Leaderboard

People living in Japan are called...

People living in Japan are called...

Nihonjin

Namae

Gakusei

Sensei

Tomodachi

Total Results: 0

People living in Japan are called...

Nihonjin

Namae

Gakusei

Sensei

Tomodachi

Leaderboard

きいてください。"Please ask in Japanese."



- Is Ishibashi-san Japanese?
- Is Ma-san Chinese?
- Is GaGa-san American?
- Well then, how about USA-san?



うさです。
にほんじん
(Nihonjin)で
す。

How to ask a question in Japanese using a question word?

- If there is a missing information...
 - Use a question word nan
 - Senkoo “major” wa _____ desu.
↑
information is missing
 - Senkoo wa nan desu か。
 - Answer to this question: simply supply the answer to this missing information
 - (Senkoo wa) Eigo/Bijinesu/Bungaku desu.

How to ask questions in Japanese

- Asking occupation (shigoto):
 - Declarative: Shigoto-wa kaishain desu.
 - *Shigoto* “work, job, occupation”
 - Kaishain “office worker”
 - Question (はい／いいえ) :
 - Shigoto-wa kaishain desu-ka?
 - Question (what):
 - Shigoto-wa nan desu ka?



How to ask questions in Japanese

- Asking name (namae):
 - Declarative: Namae-wa Takeshi desu.
 - Question (はい／いいえ) :
 - Namae-wa Takeshi (san) desu-ka?
 - Question (what):
 - Namae-wa nan desu ka?



たけし

How to ask questions in Japanese

- Asking phone number (denwa bangoo):
 - Declarative: Denwa bangoo-wa 543-6936 desu.
 - Question (はい／いいえ) :
 - Denwa bangoo-wa 543-6936 desu-ka?
 - Question (what):
 - Denwa bangoo-wa nanban desu ka?

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ハロー チババンク
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【電話受付時間】

9:00～21:00(月～金 ただし銀行の休業日を除く)

How to ask questions in Japanese

- Asking time:
 - Declarative: Ima gozen 11-ji desu.
 - Question (はい／いいえ) :
 - Ima gozen 11-ji desu-ka?
 - Question (what time):
 - Ima (gozen) nan-ji desu ka?



How to ask questions in Japanese

- Asking language:
 - Declarative: Nihongo desu.
 - Question (はい／いいえ) :
 - Nihon-go desu-ka?
 - Question (what language): nani-go
 - Nani-go desu ka?

Qǐng zài shuō yí biàn.
请再说一遍。

もう1度言ってください。

Japanese question word for “what”

- なん

- Followed by a counting element

- なんじ
- なんぷん (minutes)
- なんさい
- なんねんせい

- Followed by です

- なんですか

- なに

- Followed by a suffix

- なにじん
 - おおたせんせいはなにじんですか？
- なにご
 - なにごですか？

Noun の Noun

- When there are two nouns in a row...
 - Kazuo's **telephone number**
 - A telephone number belonging to Kazuo (possession)
 - **Students** of UW
 - Students belonging to UW (affiliation)
 - Japanese **teacher**
 - A teacher whose subject is Japanese

NounのNoun

- Japanese: between 2 Nouns → の
 - Kazuo no denwabangoo (かずおのでんわばんごう)
 - Washinton daigaku no gakusee (わしんとんだいがくのがくせい)
 - Nihongo no sensee (にほんごのせんせい)
 - Seattle no daigaku (シアトルの大学)
- Between 3 nouns: NounのNounのNoun
 - Tanaka san no otoosan no shigoto (たなかさんのおとうさんのしごと)

にほんごでなんですか？”What do you say in Japanese?”

- A University Student
 - Japanese major
 - Friend's telephone number
 - An international student who is a Japanese
 - My high school
 - Teacher's name
- だいがくのがくせい (daigaku no gakusee)
 - にほんごのせんこう (Nihongo no senkoo)
 - ともだちのでんわばんごう (tomodachi no denwa bangoo)
 - にほんじんのりゅうがくせい (Nihon-jin no ryuugakusee)
 - わたしのこうこう (watashi no kookoo)
 - せんせいのなまえ (sensee no namae)

にほんごでいってください。"Please say in Japanese"

- What is Takeshi-san's major?
 - What is (your) friend's name?
 - What does Yamada-sensei teaches? = What is Yamada-sensei a teacher of?
 - What time is it now?
 - It is 5pm now.
 - It is 10am now.
- たけしさんのせんこうは、なんですか。(Takeshi-san no senkoo wa nan desu ka?)
 - ともだちのなまえは、なんですか。(Tomodachi no namae wa nan desu ka?)
 - やまだせんせいは、なんのせんせいですか。(Yamada sensee wa nan no sensee desu ka?)
 - いまなんじですか。(Ima nan-ji desu ka?)
 - ごごごじです。(Gogo go-ji desu.)
 - ごぜんじゅうじです。(Gozen juu-ji desu.)

Hiragana Quiz 2 (20pts.)

- Choose the word you hear

- | | |
|--------|--------|
| a. むろと | b. なんと |
| c. にれち | d. にわち |
- | | |
|--------|--------|
| a. われね | b. ぬわれ |
| c. わねれ | d. れわね |
- | | |
|--------|--------|
| a. やまて | b. ゆほへ |
| c. ほみよ | d. はねお |
- | | |
|---------|---------|
| a. ほのまる | b. ひのまる |
| c. まろひほ | |
- | | |
|---------|---------|
| a. りみせか | b. わかさか |
| c. ひさたき | |

- Using Hiragana Correctly, write the following words.

1. E-ku-se
2. Sa-ka-na
3. To-ho-ki-hi