The questions on the exam will be drawn from and/or reference the concepts listed below. Given roughly in outline format, indented items are concepts that relate to or exemplify the next-level indented term above it. To study for the exam, you should not simply view these as terms whose definitions you must memorize, but as concepts that you should internalize and be able to identify examples of.

**chapter 1**

- components of grammar
  - phonetics/phonology
  - morphology
  - syntax
  - semantics
- descriptive vs. prescriptive grammar
- grammaticality

**morphology (supplemental reading)**

- word: simple vs. complex
- morpheme: free vs. bound
- roots
- affixes
  - types: prefix, suffix, infix, circumfix
  - derivational vs. inflectional affixes (characteristics of)
    * effect on lexical category
    * semantic content
    * degree of productivity
  - order of affixation
    * morphology trees
      - ambiguity
    * morphological word formation processes
      - affixation
      - internal changes
      - suppletion
      - compounding
        * head
        * comparison with phrases
      - blend
      - clipping
      - conversion
      - acronym

**chapter 2**

- syntactic categories
- lexical vs. grammatical categories
  - tests for categorization:
    * semantic tests
    * morphological tests
      - open vs. closed class
      * syntactic tests
- phrases
  - characteristics of
  - types of phrases
  - heads of
- phrase structure
  - rules
* use of parentheses
  - trees

- syntactic ambiguity
- constituent
- recursion

**chapter 3**

Evidence for phrases

- movement
  - Passive movement
  - Particle shift
  - Indirect object movement
  - WH-movement

- pronominalization
  - proforms
  - pronouns
  - types of phrases they sub for
    - linguistic antecedent

- coordination
  - conjunctions
  - parallelism constraint
  - ambiguity in

**chapter 4**

- semantic classes of nouns
  - common vs. proper
  - count vs. mass
  - concrete vs. abstract

- inflectional morphology of nouns
  - number
  - case
    * on pronouns
    * possessive

- derivational morphology of nouns
- introducers of noun phrases

- determiners (DET)
  * definite vs. indefinite
  * singular vs. plural
  * possessive
  * WH-

- numerals (NUM)
  * cardinal
  * ordinal

- quantifiers (Q)
- Possessive NPs

- phrase structure rule for NPs

**chapter 5**

- semantics of verbs
  - active vs. stative

- lexical vs. grammatical verbs
  - main verb
  - auxiliary vs. modal

- inflectional morphology

- tense
  - present, past, future

- various verb forms
- aspect
- semantic vs. syntactic aspect
- perfect
  - past participle
- progressive
  - present participle
- habitual
chapter 6
- grammatical category AUX
- evidence for AUX
  - Negation
  - Do-insertion
    * pleonastic
  - Not-contraction
  - Subject-AUX inversion
  - Tag question formation

chapter 7
- semantics of adjectives
  - order (personal, size, age, color, nationality, material)
- modifiers vs. predicates
- inflectional morphology
  - comparative vs. superlative
- syntax of AP
  - degree (DEG)
  - positions
    * prenominal
    * after linking verbs
    * postnominal
  - ‘heavy’ APs

chapter 8
- semantics of adverbs
  - attitude, time, place, frequency/aspect, manner
- inflectional morphology
  - comparative vs. superlative
- flat adverbs
- syntax of ADVP
  - degree (DEG)
  - positions of ADVP
    * manner vs. attitude

chapter 9
- semantics of prepositions
  - spatial, temporal, manner, possession
  - similarities w/ adverbs
- characteristics of lexical vs. grammatical categories
- morphology of prepositions
- introducers of prepositions (MOD)
- object of a preposition
- transitive vs. intransitive
- particles (properties of)
- complements of prepositions
  - NP, PP, VP, S
  - complex PPs
  - subordinating prepositions

chapter 10
- clause vs. sentence
- subject
  - structural definition
  - diagnostics
- predicate
  - structural definition
- independent (main) vs. subordinate clauses
  - structural definitions
  - diagnostics
- coordinated clauses
- complementizer
- types of subordinate clauses
  - tensed/finite
  - bare infinitive
  - to-infinitive
  - participial
chapter 11

- complement
- subcategorization
- transitive, intransitive, ditransitive verbs
- complements of verbs
  - direct object vs. subjective complement
    * diagnostics
  - objective complement
  - PrepP complement
  - indirect object
  - participial phrase complement
  - clausal complements (finite vs. infinitival)
  - wh-complements
    * wh-complementizers (whether vs. if)