Raising/control, argument composition, negation

Ling 567 February 13, 2012

Overview

- Raising/control
- Argument composition
- Negation
- Lab 7 overview

Raising v. control (review)

- Embedded clause is missing its subject
- Subject or object (or PP-obj) of matrix clause (controller) is interpreted as subject of embedded clause.
- If the controller is not a semantic argument of the matrix clause: RAISING
- If the controller is a semantic argument of the matrix clause: CONTROL
- Raising correlates with syntactic restrictions of the embedded verb being "passed up" to the controller.
- Only subjects can be controllees (but cf. argument composition)

Raising v. control in the Matrix

- Both mediated through HOOK.XARG of embedded clause
- Controller linked or not to matrix verb's key relation, as appropriate
- ERG: Expletive matching handled via subtypes of *index*; idioms handled separately
- Icelandic-style case matching constraints could be added

A raising type in the Matrix

```
ditrans-first-arg-raising-lex-item := basic-three-arg &

[ ARG-ST < [ LOCAL.CONT.HOOK.INDEX #ind1 ],

[ LOCAL.CONT.HOOK.INDEX ref-ind & #ind2 ],

[ LOCAL.CONT.HOOK [ XARG #ind1,

LTOP #larg ] ] >,

SYNSEM [ LOCAL.CONT.HCONS <! qeq & [ HARG #harg,

LARG #larg ] !>,

LKEYS.KEYREL [ ARG1 #ind2,

ARG2 #harg ] ]].
```

A control type in the Matrix

```
trans-first-arg-control-lex-item := basic-two-arg &

[ ARG-ST < [ LOCAL.CONT.HOOK.INDEX ref-ind & #ind ],

[ LOCAL.CONT.HOOK [ XARG #ind,

LTOP #larg ] ] >,

SYNSEM [ LOCAL.CONT.HCONS <! qeq & [ HARG #harg,

LARG #larg ] !>,

LKEYS.KEYREL [ ARG1 #ind,

ARG2 #harg ] ]].
```

Argument composition

- Sometimes the matrix verb seems to "take over" all of the arguments of the embedded complement
- Case in point: Basque auxiliaries, which agree with up to three arguments of the verb
- Another case in point: S O Aux V order in Dutch embedded clauses
- Word order consequences: Dependents are ordered with respect to the matrix verb

Argument composition in the Matrix

```
arg-comp-aux := aux-lex & basic-two-arg &
[SYNSEM.LOCAL [CAT.VAL [SPR < >,
                            SPEC < >
                            COMPS < #comps . #vcomps >,
                            SUBJ < #subj > ],
                   CONT.HOOK.XARG #xarg ],
  ARG-ST < #subj &
       [LOCAL CAT HEAD noun,
                VAL [ SUBJ < >, SPR < >, COMPS < > ] ],
            CONT.HOOK.INDEX #xarg]],
       #comps &
       [LIGHT+,
        LOCAL [ CAT [ VAL [ SUBJ < [ ] >,
                           COMPS #vcomps],
                     HEAD verb & [AUX -]],
             CONT.HOOK.XARG \#xarg ] > 1.
```

Sentential negation

- Semantically, a scopal adverb
- ARG1 of the neg_rel qeqs the LBL of the verb (or non-verbal predicate)
- Syntactically: V/VP/S adverb, verbal inflection, negative auxiliary, selected complement (of aux/lexical verb), others?
- The customization system should be pretty thorough on negation now, but we're interested in what it's not covering

Negation: What you'll need to do

- Check the syntax and semantics of what's currently in your grammar
- Understand what your sources say about how negation works
- If negation is broken, post to GoPost for help fixing it

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