# Pseudo-relevance Feedback & Passage Retrieval

Ling573 NLP Systems & Applications April 16, 2013

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  - If a synonym, rather than original term, is used, approach can fail

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    - Expansion approaches
      - Add in related terms to enhance matching

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  - Reduce dimensionality to small # key aspects
    - Mapping contextually similar terms together
    - Latent semantic analysis

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    - User interaction
      - Direct or relevance feedback
    - Automatic pseudo relevance feedback

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    - Ask user to tag relevant/non-relevant
  - "push" toward relevant vectors, away from non-relevant
    - Vector intuition:
      - Add vectors from relevant documents
      - Subtract vector from non-relevant documents

#### Relevance Feedback

Rocchio expansion formula

$$\vec{q}_{i+1} = \vec{q}_i + \frac{\beta}{R} \sum_{j=1}^{R} \vec{r}_j - \frac{\gamma}{S} \sum_{k=1}^{S} \vec{s}_k$$

- $\beta + \gamma = 1 (0.75, 0.25);$ 
  - Amount of 'push' in either direction
- R: # rel docs, S: # non-rel docs
- r: relevant document vectors
- s: non-relevant document vectors
- Can significantly improve (though tricky to evaluate)

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  - Use collection-based evidence: global or local

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  - Representation: Context
    - Words in fixed length window, 1-3 sentences
  - Concept identifies context word documents
- Use query to retrieve 30 highest ranked concepts
  - Add to query

### Local Analysis

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  - Select informative terms from highly ranked documents
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- Specifically,
  - Add 50 most frequent terms,
  - 10 most frequent 'phrases' bigrams w/o stopwords
  - Reweight terms

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- Mixes two previous approaches
  - Use query to retrieve top n passages (300 words)
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- Relatively efficient
- Applies local search constraints

Improvements over baseline:

Local Context Analysis: +23.5% (relative)

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- All approaches have fairly high variance
  - Help some queries, hurt others
- Also sensitive to # terms added, # documents

hypnosis	meditation	practitioners
dentists	antibodies	disorders
psychiatry	immunodeficiency-virus	anesthesia
susceptibility	therapists	dearth
atoms	van-dyke	self
confession	stare	proteins
katie	johns-hopkins-university	growing-acceptance
reflexes	voltage	ad-hoc
correlation	conde-nast	dynamics
ike	illnesses	hoffman

Local Analysis

hypnot	hypnotiz	19960500
psychosomat	psychiatr	immun
mesmer	franz	suscept
austrian	dyck	psychiatrist
shesaid	tranc	professor
hallucin	18th	centur
hilgard	11th	unaccept
19820902	syndrom	exper
physician	told	patient

LCA

ľ			•
	hypnosis	brain-wave	msburns
	technique	pulse	reed
	brain	msolness	trance
	hallucination	process	circuit
	van-dyck	behavior	suggestion
	case	spiegel	finding
	hypnotizables	subject	van-dyke
П			

What are the different techniques used to create self-induced hypnosis?

#### Passage Retrieval

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- Documents: wrong unit for QA
  - Highly ranked documents
    - High weight terms in common with query
    - Not enough!
      - Matching terms scattered across document
      - Vs
      - Matching terms concentrated in short span of document
- Solution:
  - From ranked doc list, select and rerank shorter spans
  - Passage retrieval

- Goal: Select passages most likely to contain answer
- Factors in reranking:

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      - Restricted Named Entity Recognition
  - Question match:
    - Question term overlap
    - Span overlap: N-gram, longest common sub-span
    - Query term density: short spans w/more qterms

# Quantitative Evaluation of Passage Retrieval for QA

- Tellex et al.
- Compare alternative passage ranking approaches
  - 8 different strategies + voting ranker
- Assess interaction with document retrieval

## Comparative IR Systems

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- Oracle: NIST-provided list of relevant documents

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- MITRE+stemming:
  - Factor: stemmed term overlap

- Okapi bm25
  - Unit: fixed width sliding window

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• Factor: 
$$Score(q,d) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} idf(q_i) \frac{tf_{q_i,d}(k_1+1)}{tf_{q_i,d} + k_1(1-b+(b*\frac{|D|}{avgdl})}$$
  
• k1=2.0; b=0.75

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- MultiText:
  - Unit: Window starting and ending with query term
  - Factor:
    - Sum of IDFs of matching query terms
    - Length based measure \* Number of matching terms

- IBM:
  - Fixed passage length
  - Sum of:
    - Matching words measure: Sum of idfs of overlap terms
    - Thesaurus match measure:
      - Sum of idfs of question wds with synonyms in document
    - Mis-match words measure:
      - Sum of idfs of questions wds NOT in document
    - Dispersion measure: # words b/t matching query terms
    - Cluster word measure: longest common substring

- SiteQ:
  - Unit: n (=3) sentences
  - Factor: Match words by literal, stem, or WordNet syn
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$$dw(q,d) = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{k-1} idf(q_j) + idf(q_{j+1})}{\alpha \times dist(j,j+1)^2} \times overlap$$

$$k-1$$

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- |S|:
  - Unit: sentence
  - Factors: weighted sum of
    - Proper name match, query term match, stemmed match

# Experiments

- Retrieval:
  - PRISE:
    - Query: Verbatim quesiton
  - Lucene:
    - Query: Conjunctive boolean query (stopped)

#### Experiments

- Retrieval:
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- Passage retrieval: 1000 word passages
  - Uses top 200 retrieved docs
  - Find best passage in each doc
  - Return up to 20 passages
    - Ignores original doc rank, retrieval score

#### Pattern Matching

- Litkowski pattern files:
  - Derived from NIST relevance judgments on systems
  - Format:
    - Qid answer\_pattern doc\_list
      - Passage where answer\_pattern matches is correct
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- MRR scoring
  - Strict: Matching pattern in official document
  - Lenient: Matching pattern

#### Examples

- Example
  - Patterns
    - 1894 (190|249|416|440)(\s|\-)million(\s|\-)milles?
       APW19980705.0043 NYT19990923.0315
       NYT19990923.0365 NYT20000131.0402
       NYT19981212.0029
    - 1894 700-million-kilometer APW19980705.0043
    - 1894 416 million mile NYT19981211.0308
  - Ranked list of answer passages
    - 1894 0 APW19980601.0000 the casta way weas
    - 1894 0 APW19980601.0000 440 million miles
    - 1894 0 APW19980705.0043 440 million miles

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	Strict				
	$\mathbf{L}\mathbf{u}$	cene	$\mathbf{PF}$	RISE	TREC
Algorithm	MRR	% Inc.	MRR	% Inc.	% Inc.
IBM	0.326	49.20%	0.331	39.60%	44.3%
ISI	0.329	48.80%	0.287	41.80%	41.7%
SiteQ	0.323	48.00%	0.358	40.40%	56.1%
MultiText	0.354	46.40%	0.325	41.60%	43.1%
Alicante	0.296	50.00%	0.321	42.60%	60.4%
bm25	0.312	48.80%	0.252	46.00%	n/a
stemmed MITRE	0.250	52.60%	0.242	58.60%	n/a
MITRE	0.271	49.40%	0.189	52.00%	n/a
Averages	0.309	49.15%	0.297	45.33%	n/a
Voting with IBM, ISI, SiteQ	0.350	39.80%	0.352	39.00%	n/a

#### **Evaluation on Oracle Docs**

Algorithm	# Incorrect	% Incorrect	MRR
IBM	31	7.18%	0.851
SiteQ	32	7.41%	0.859
ISI	37	8.56%	0.852
Alicante	39	9.03%	0.816
MultiText	44	10.19%	0.845
bm25	45	10.42%	0.810
MITRE	45	10.42%	0.800
stemmed MITRE	63	14.58%	0.762

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- Best systems:
  - IBM, ISI, SiteQ
  - Relatively insensitive to retrieval engine

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- Techniques: Density-based scoring improves
  - Variants: proper name exact, cluster, density score

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- 'What is an ulcer?'
  - After stopping -> 'ulcer'
  - Match doesn't help
  - Need question type!!
- Missing relations
  - 'What is the highest dam?'
    - Passages match 'highest' and 'dam' but not together
  - Include syntax?