

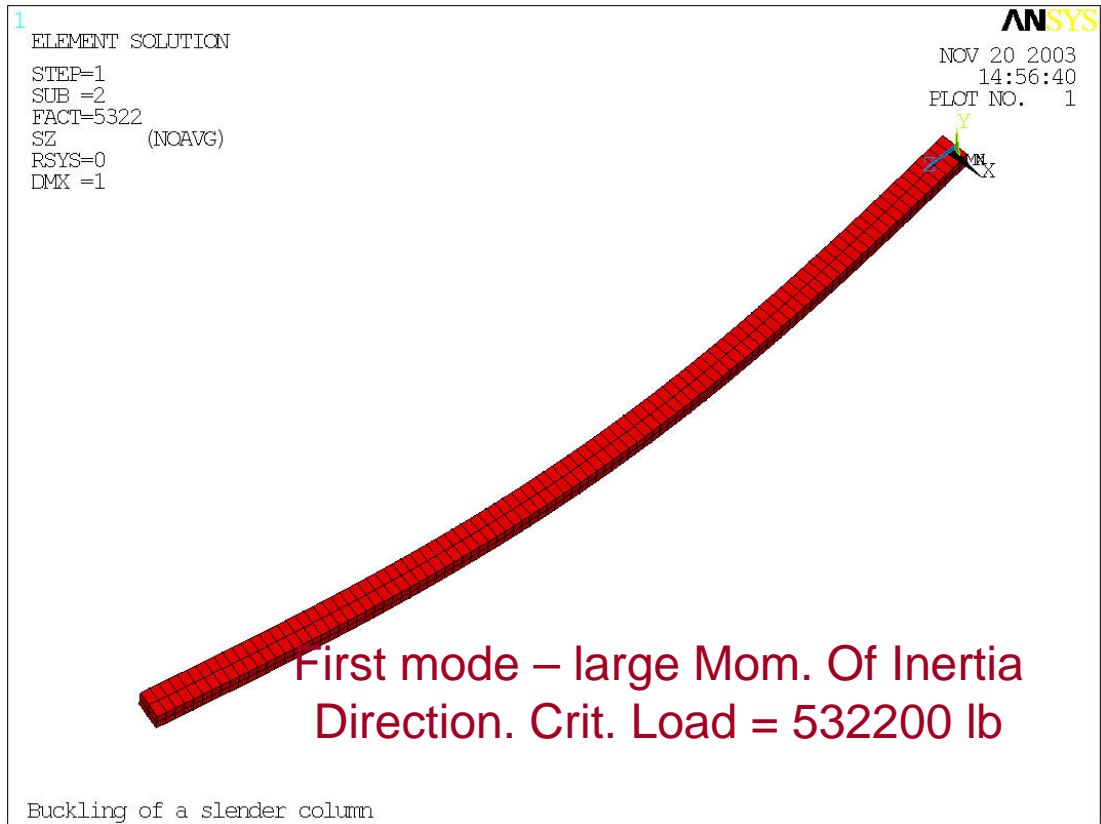
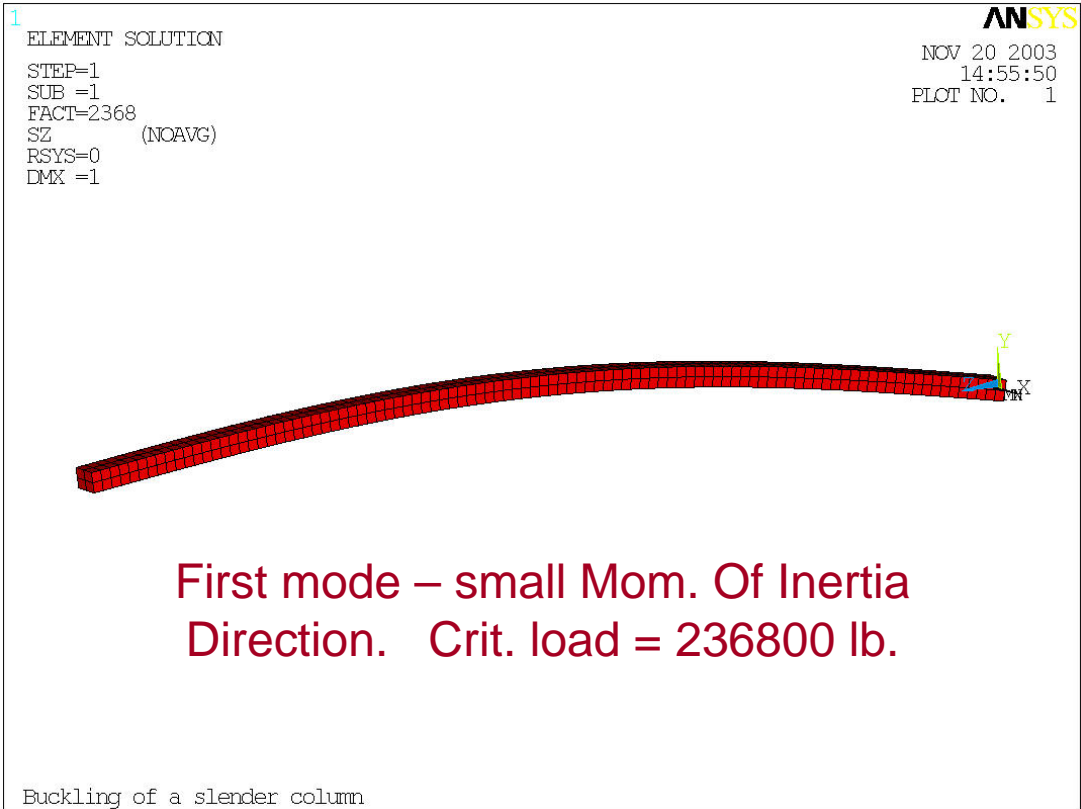
Examples of buckling solutions obtained from FEA. These are all pure elastic (eigenvalue) solutions and will usually give higher values for buckling loads than are actually seen on real parts.

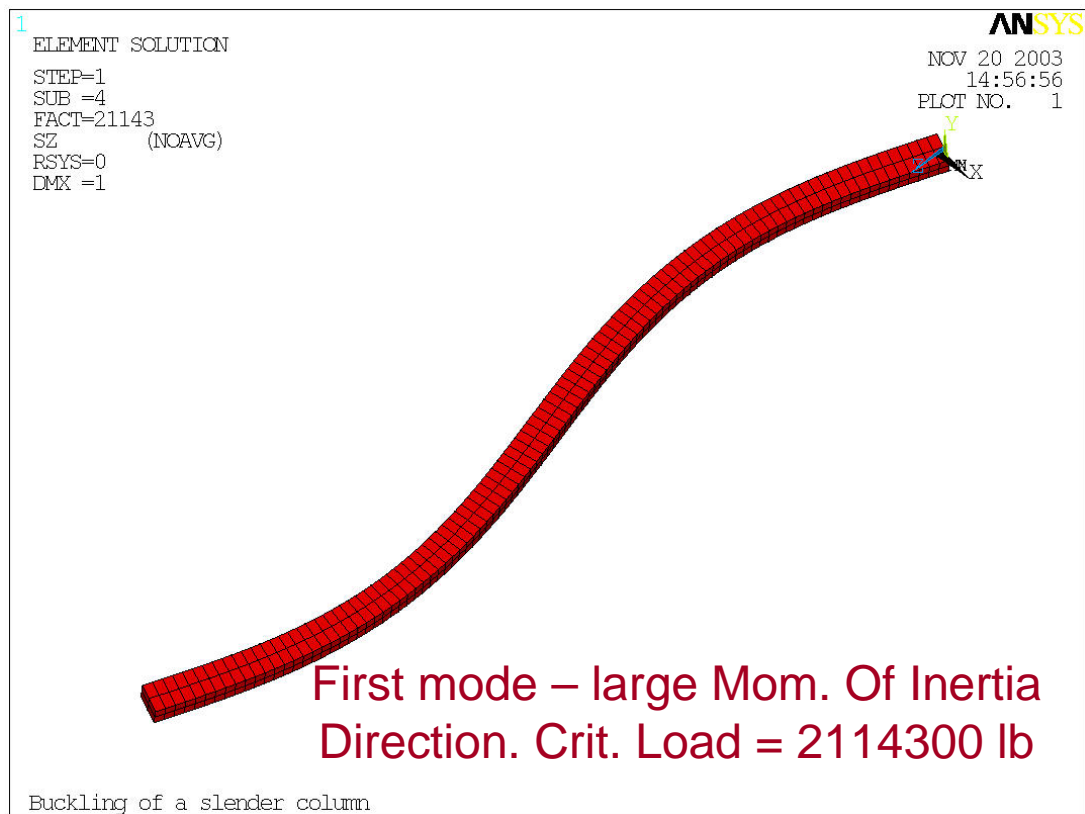
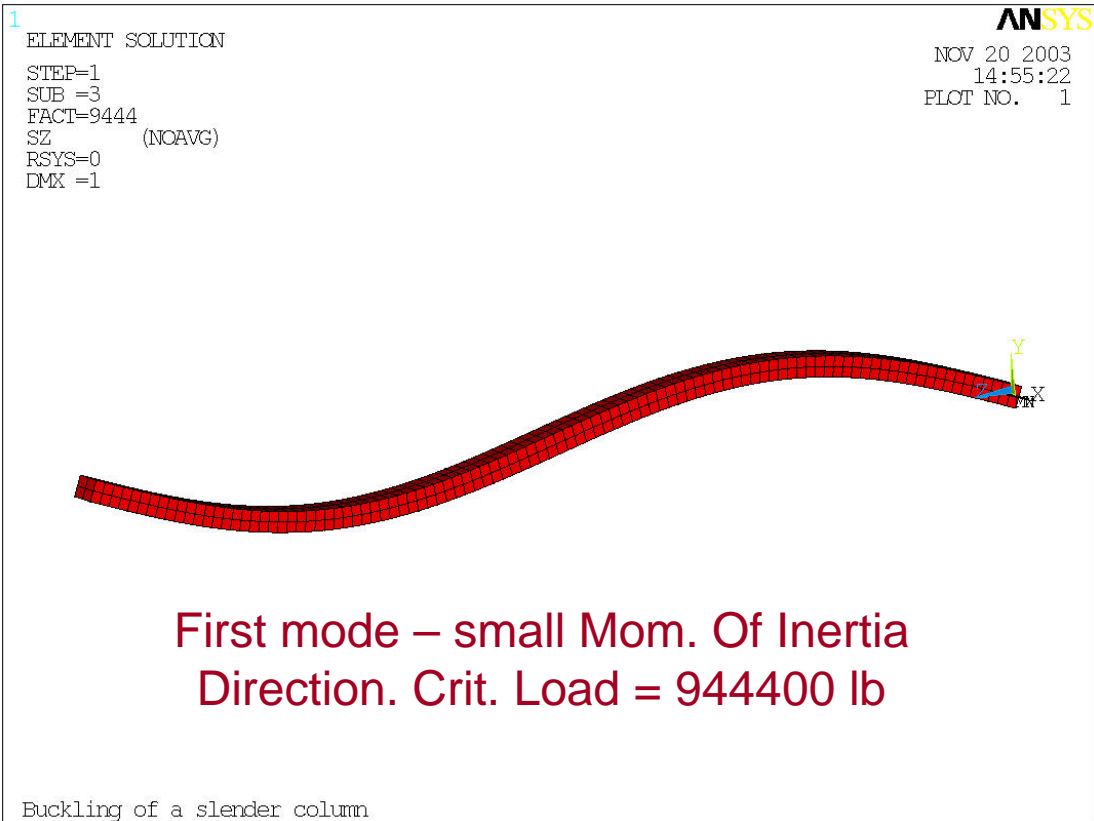
1. Long column – steel 4" x 6" section, 200" long

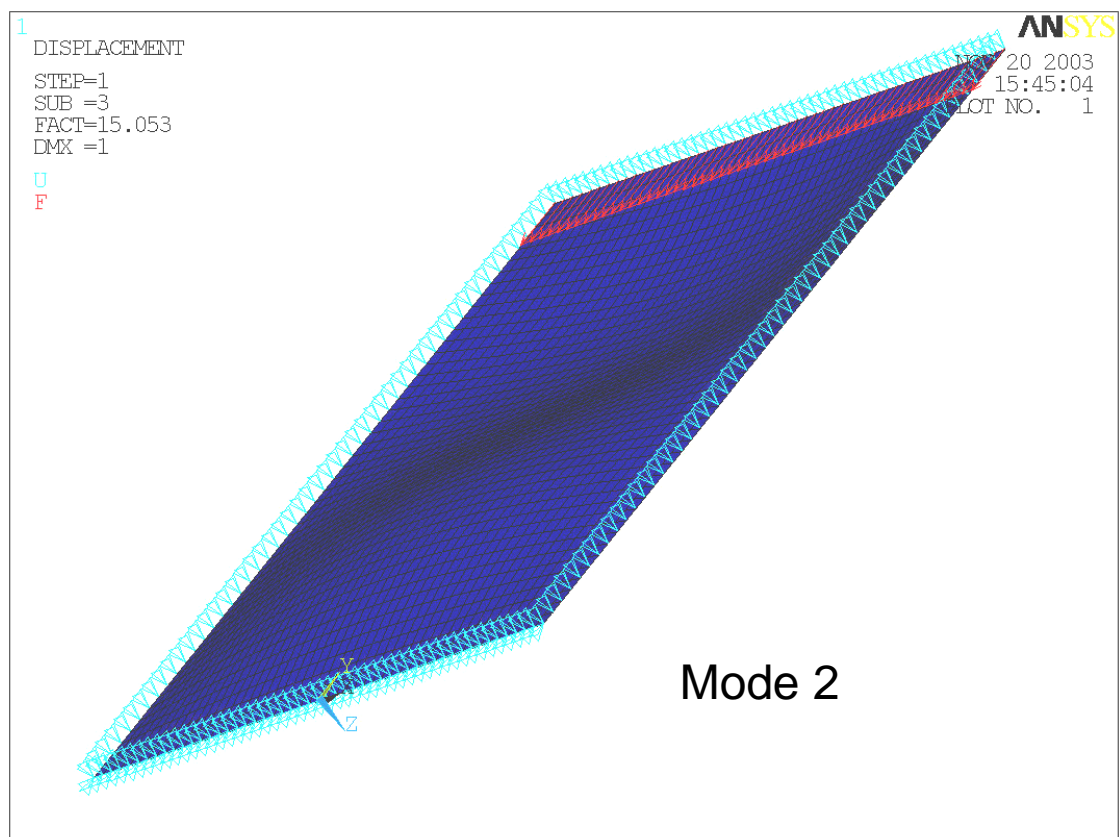
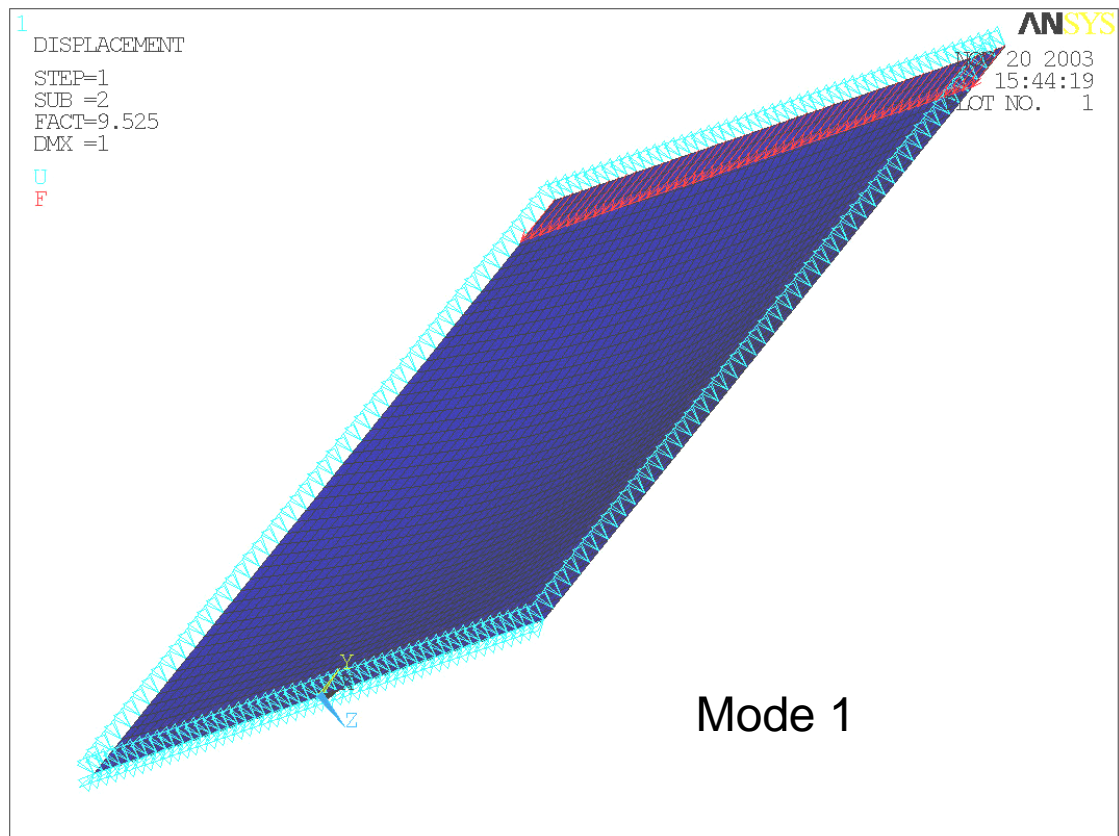
$$\text{Critical load } P_c = \pi^2 EI / L^2 = \begin{array}{ll} 236870 \text{ lb. (weak direction)} \\ 532960 \text{ lb. (strong direction)} \end{array}$$

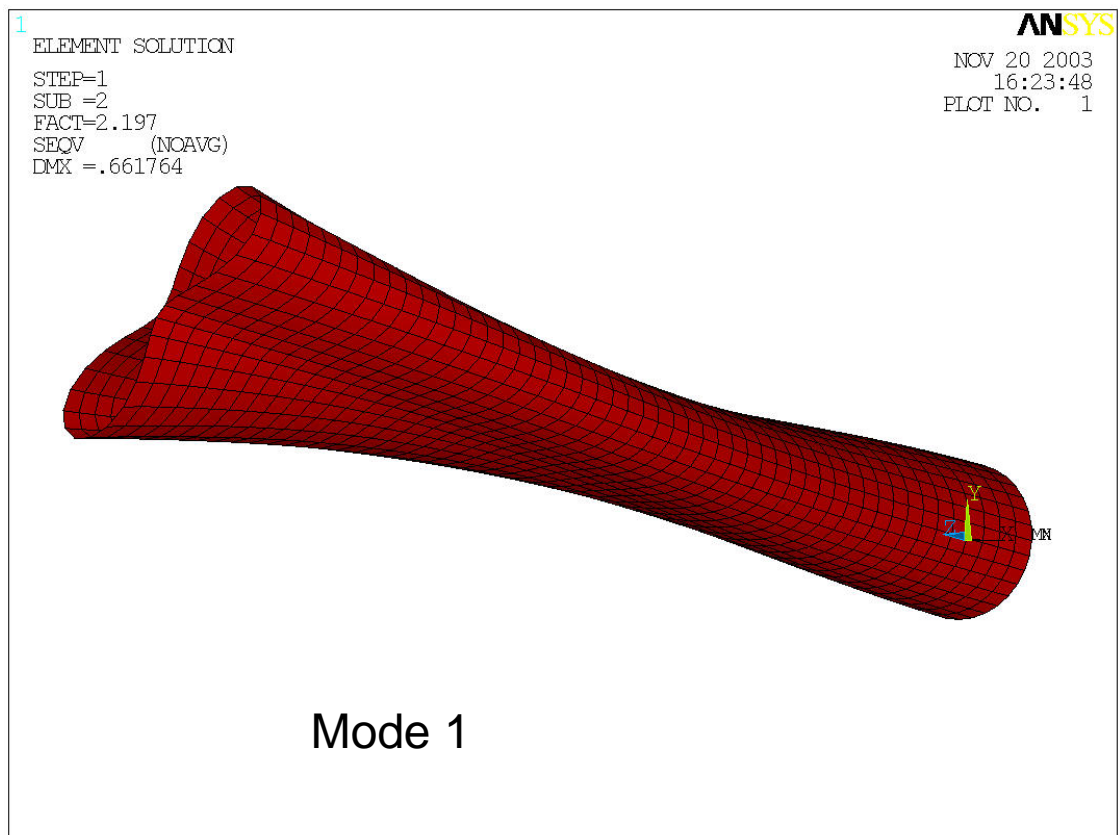
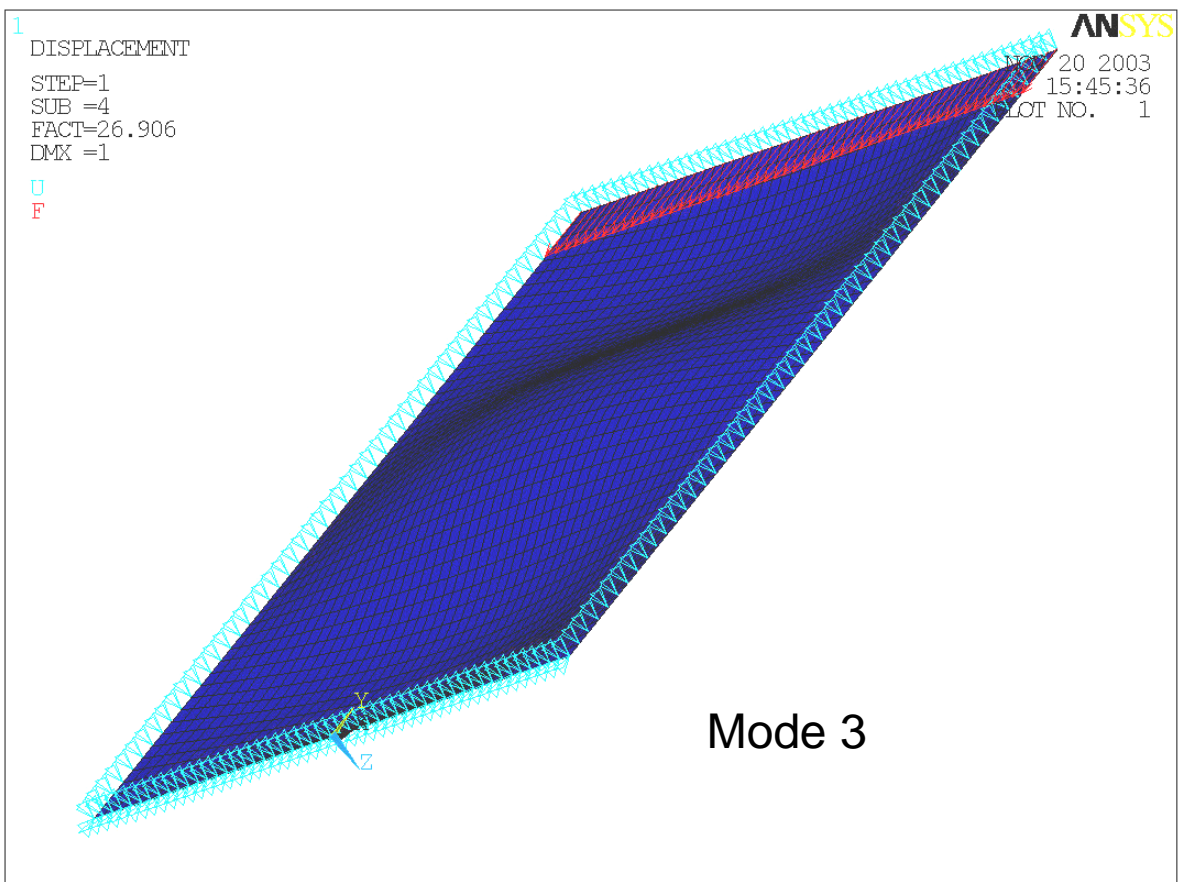
$$\text{Second Mode: } P_c = 4\pi^2 EI / L^2 = \begin{array}{ll} 947480 \text{ lb. (weak direction)} \\ 2131840 \text{ lb. (strong direction)} \end{array}$$

2. Flat Al plate, 10" x 10" x .05", simple support around all 4 edges. Compressive edge load in one direction.
3. Thin walled aluminum tube 2" OD, 0.05" wall thickness. Fixed at one end. Torque applied at other end.









1

DISPLACEMENT

STEP=1

SUB =4

FACT=2.748

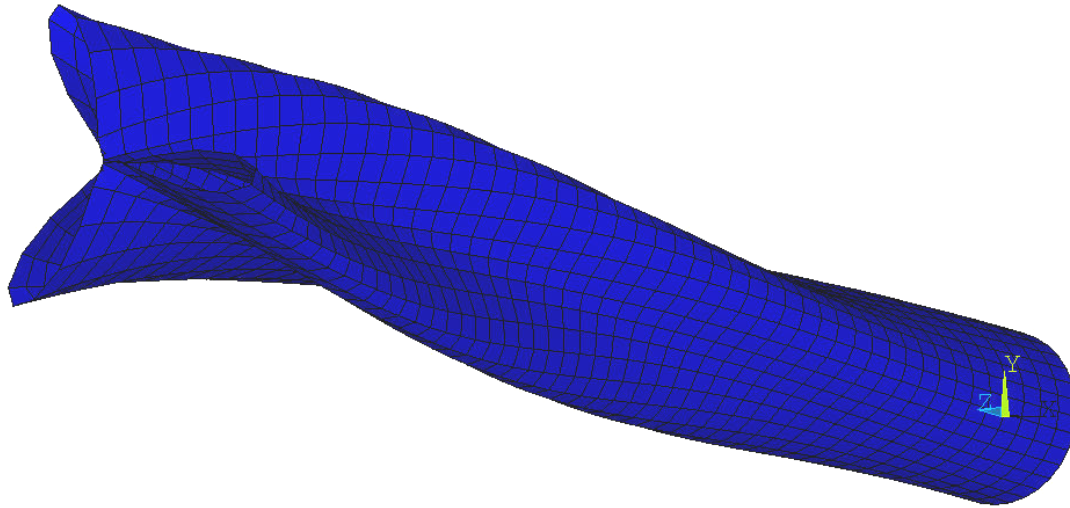
DMX =.378245

ANSYS

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16:24:41

PLOT NO. 1



Mode 2