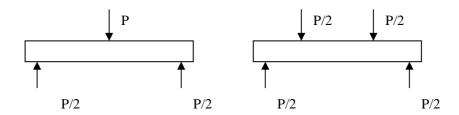
Solutions of ME 355 Home Work No. 2

1. 4A-6

The three terms refer to the same property.

It is the stress in the outer fiber of a specimen loaded in three- or four-point bending.



2. 4A-11

Temperature in Kelvin divided by melting point in Kelvin (or: T/T_m)

3. 4A-15

Adhesion is the force required to separate two bodies that had been in contact.

4. 4B-3

Possible reasons:

- (a) Micro cracks in the ceramic
- (b) Surface roughness created during specimen preparation
- (c) Cracks induced during specimen preparation
- (d) Improper alignment in test machine
- (e) Bending stresses imposed by test grips

5. 4B-12

No. Compressive stresses do little damage and accumulation of damage would be insufficient at this stress level.

6. 4B-14

No. The initial slope of the force-extension curve recorded from the crosshead of the machine includes elastic deformation of the machine.

7. 4C-4 From table 8-2 and 8-3

	$T_{m}(C)$	$T_{m}(K)$	$0.5T_{\rm m}\left(C\right)$	$0.5T_{m}\left(K\right)$
Zn	419	692	73	346
Cu	1083	1356	405	678
Ni	1455	1728	591	864

Zn will creep at 200 C; Cu and Ni will not.

8. 4C-9 From Eq. (4-11a)

 σ_{fr} is proportional to $(r_c/a)^{1/2}$. 0.1/2-0.05/1; hence, they are equal in their effect.