# Using Health Information Technology to Ensure Inpatient Quality and Safety

Barry Aaronson MD FACP SFHM

Hospitalist and Associate Medical Director for Clinical Informatics

Virginia Mason Medical Center

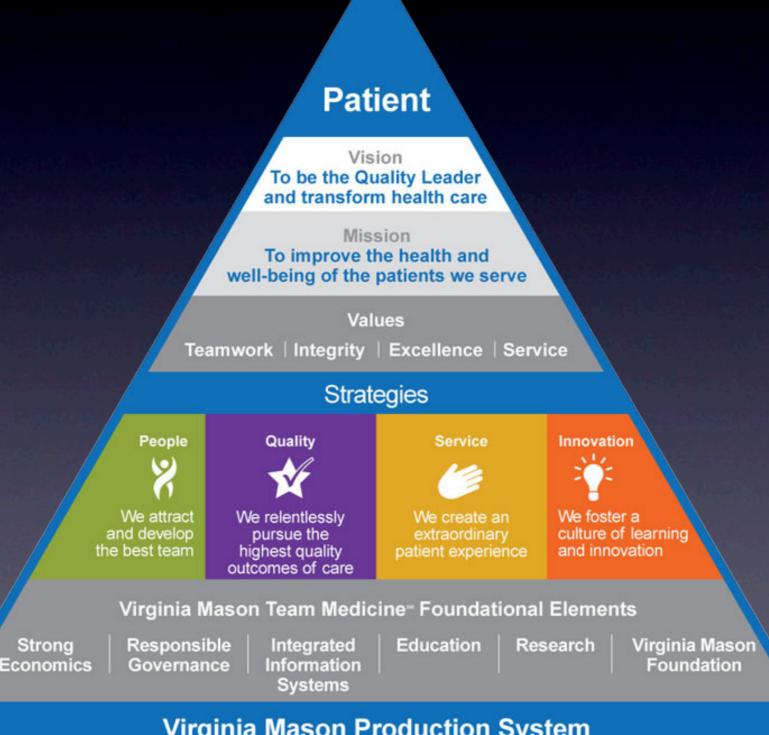
Clinical Associate Professor

Departments of Medicine and Biomedical Health Informatics

University of Washington



### Using Health Information Technology to Ensure Quality and Safety



Virginia Mason Production System

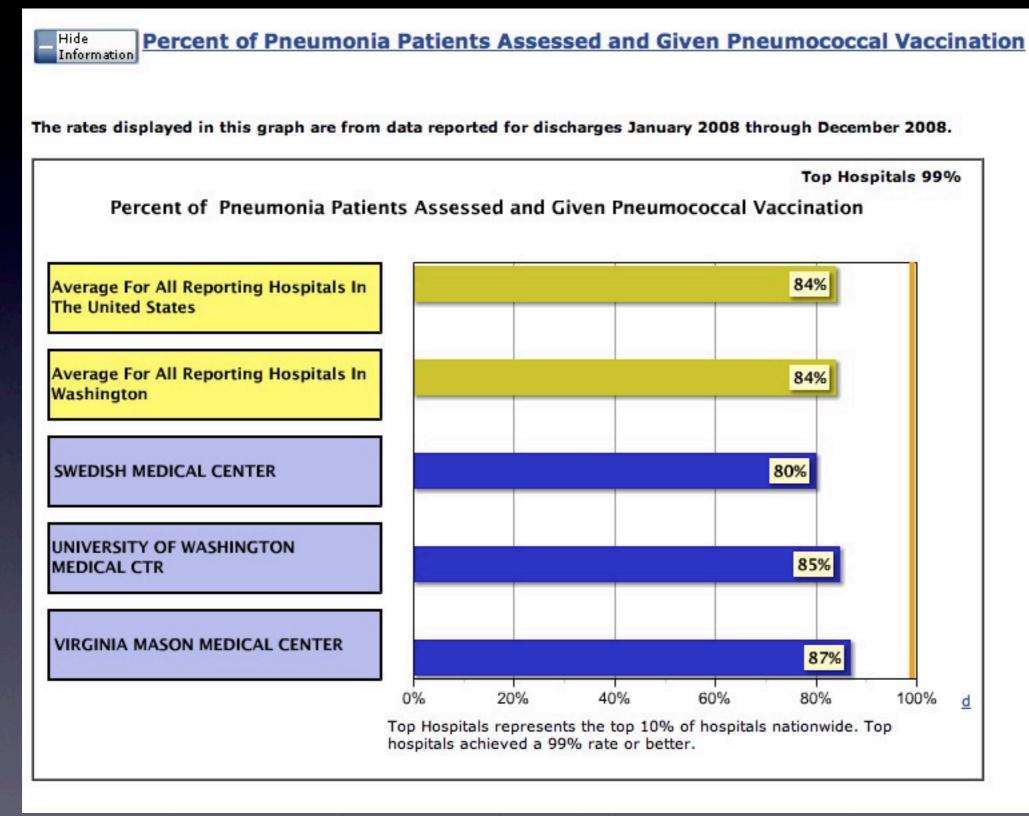
### Patient

To be the Quality Leader and transform health care

Mission

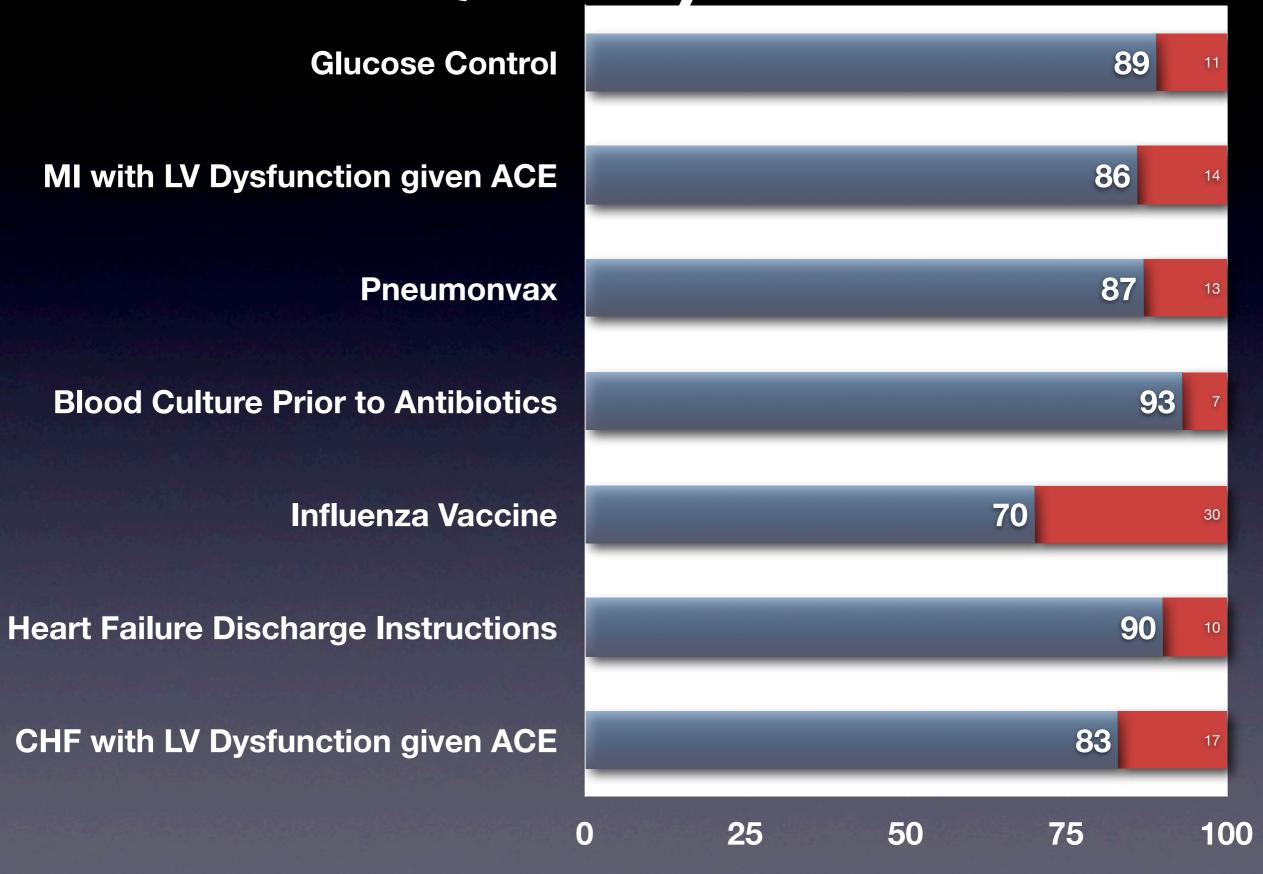
To improve the health and well-being of the patients we serve

### Hospitalcompare.hhs.gov



Also see whynotthebest.org

### VM Quality Now



### Quality Goal

Glucose Control	100
MI with LV Dysfunction given ACE	100
Pneumonvax	100
Blood Culture Prior to Antibiotics	100
Influenza Vaccine	100
Heart Failure Discharge Instructions	100
CHF with LV Dysfunction given ACE	100
	0 25 50 75 1

#### So what's good enough?

Imagine 96% quality at VM...

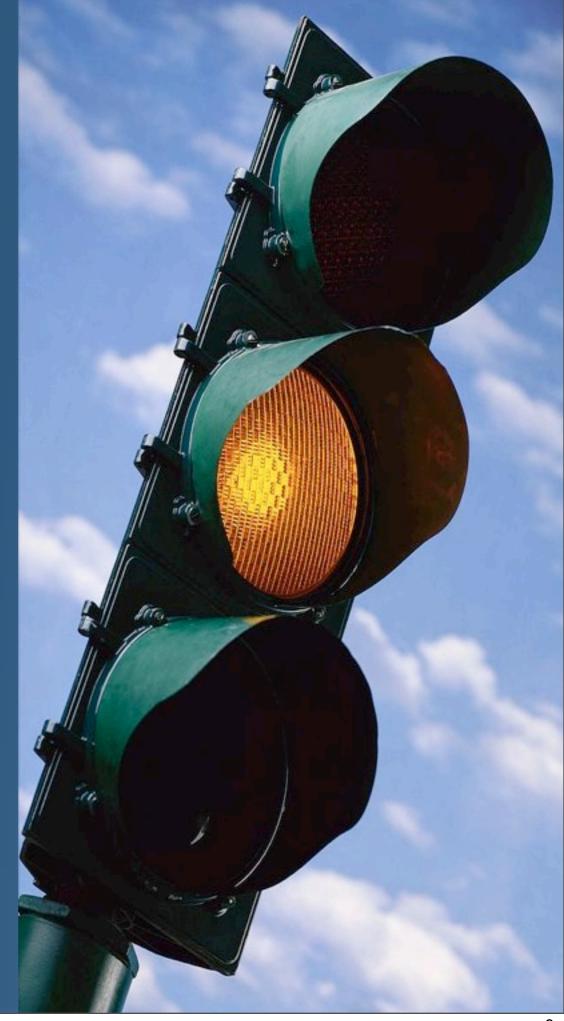
600 defective surgeries/year
501 defective transfusions/year
40,000 defective medication administrations/year
10,800 wrong meals served/year
68,000 defective bills sent/year
5,000 defective paychecks/year



#### So what's good enough?

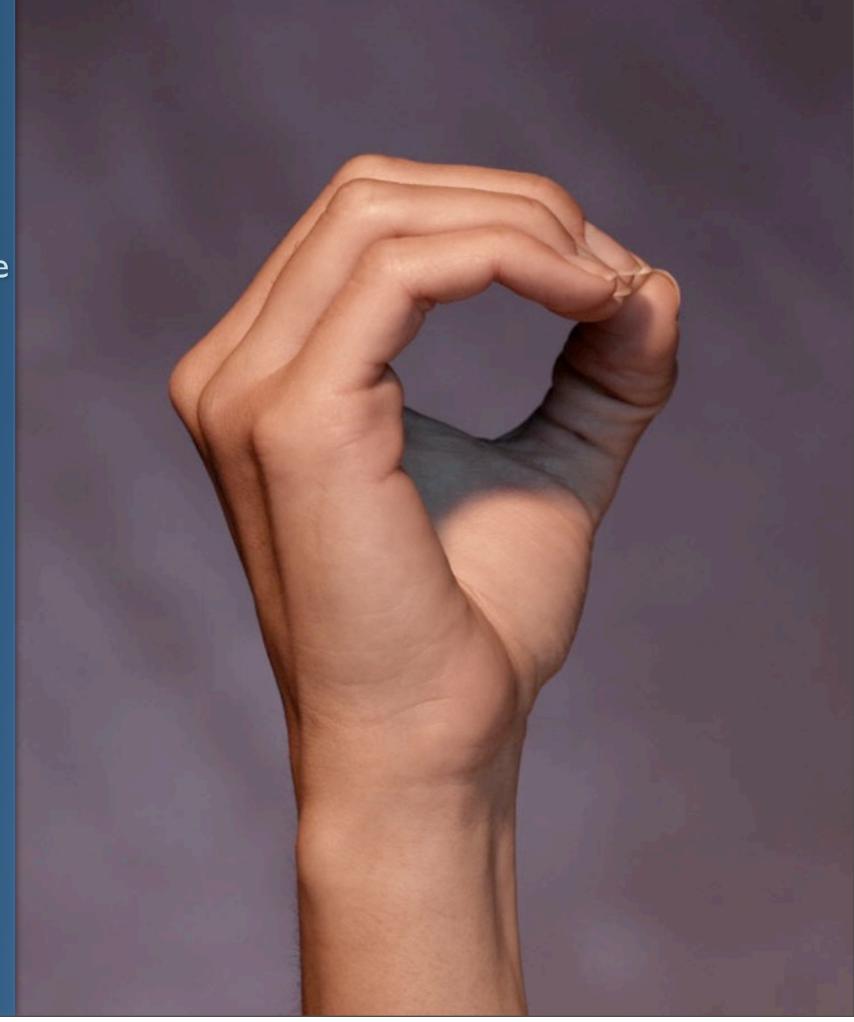
Imagine 99.9% quality at VM...

15 defective surgeries/year
17 defective transfusions/year
1,000 defective medication administrations/year
182 wrong meals served/year
17,000 defective bills sent/year
125 defective paychecks/year



### Defects are mistakes that go uncorrected

The purpose of VMPS is to ensure <a href="mailto:zero">zero</a> defects



### Improving Outcomes in Elderly Patients With Community-Acquired Pneumonia by Adhering to National Guidelines

#### Community-Acquired Pneumonia Organization International Cohort Study Results

Forest W. Arnold, DO; A. Scott LaJoie, PhD; Guy N. Brock, PhD; Paula Peyrani, MD; Jordi Rello, MD; Rosario Menéndez, MD; Gustavo Lopardo, MD; Antoni Torres, MD; Paolo Rossi, MD; Julio A. Ramirez, MD; for the Community-Acquired Pneumonia Organization (CAPO) Investigators

**Background:** To define whether elderly patients hospitalized with community-acquired pneumonia (CAP) had better outcomes if they were treated with empirical antimicrobial therapy adherent to the 2007 Infectious Diseases Society of America (IDSA)/American Thoracic Society (ATS) guidelines for CAP.

Methods: This was a secondary analysis of the CAPO International Cohort Study database, which contained data from a total of 1725 patients aged 65 years or older who were hospitalized with CAP. Data from June 1, 2001, until January 1, 2007, were analyzed from 43 centers in 12 countries including North America (n=2), South America (n=4), Europe (n=4), Africa (n=1), and Southeast Asia (n=1). Initial empirical therapy for CAP was evaluated for guideline compliance according to the 2007 IDSA/ATS guidelines for CAP. Time to clinical stability, length of stay (LOS), total in-hospital mortality, and CAP-related mortality for each group were calculated. Comparisons between groups were made using cumulative incidence curves and competing risks regression.

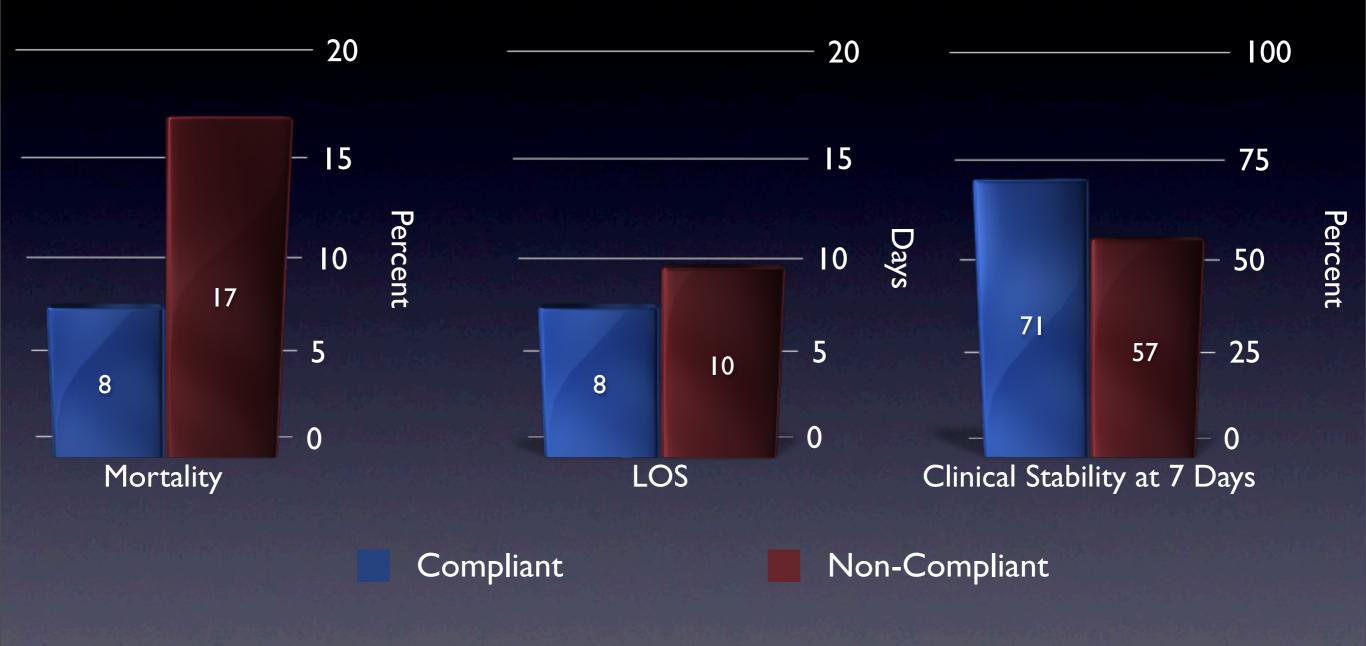
Results: Among the 1649 patients with CAP, aged 65

years or older, 975 patients were given antimicrobial regimens adherent to the IDSA/ATS for CAP guidelines, while 660 patients were treated with nonadherent regimens (465 patients were "undertreated"; 195 were "overtreated"). Adherence to guidelines was associated with a statistically significant decreased time to achieve clinical stability compared with nonadherence: the proportion of patients who reached clinical stability by 7 days was 71% (95% confidence interval [CI], 68%-74%) and 57% (95% CI, 53%-61%) (P<.01), respectively. Guideline adherence was also associated with shorter LOS (median adherence LOS, 8 days; interquartile range [IQR], 5-15 days; median nonadherence LOS, 10 days; IQR, 6-24 days) (P<.01) and decreased overall in-hospital mortality (8%; 95% CI, 7%-10% vs 17%; 95% CI, 14%-20%) (P<.01).

**Conclusion:** Implementation of national guidelines at the local hospital level will improve not only mortality and LOS of elderly patients hospitalized with CAP but also time to clinical stability.

Arch Intern Med. 2009;169(16):1515-1524

### Guideline Adherence



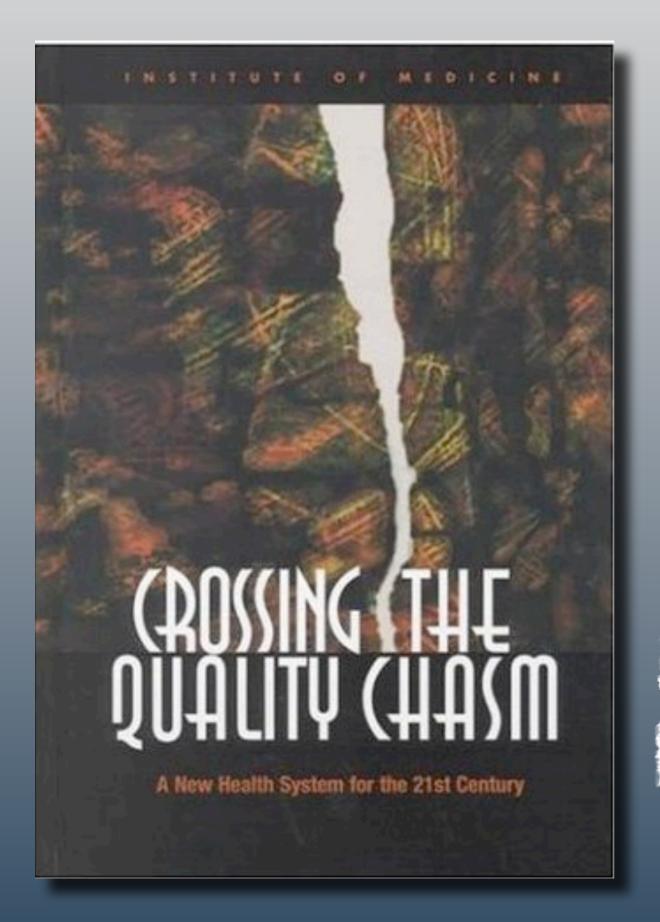
"If all hospitals performed at the level of a 5-star rated hospital ... 22,590 Medicare deaths could potentially have been avoided from 2006 through 2008."



Rate Hospitals with 1-5 Stars Based on Quality

HealthGrades Seventh Annual Patient Safety in American Hospitals Study

March 2010



"... information technology must play a central role in the redesign of the health care system if a substantial improvement in quality is to be achieved over the coming decade."

"... the elimination of most handwritten clinical data by the end of the decade."

2001

### Clinical Information Technologies and Inpatient Outcomes

#### A Multiple Hospital Study

Ruben Amarasingham, MD, MBA; Laura Plantinga, ScM; Marie Diener-West, PhD; Darrell J. Gaskin, PhD; Neil R. Powe, MD, MPH, MBA

**Background:** Despite speculation that clinical information technologies will improve clinical and financial outcomes, few studies have examined this relationship in a large number of hospitals.

Methods: We conducted a cross-sectional study of urban hospitals in Texas using the Clinical Information Technology Assessment Tool, which measures a hospital's level of automation based on physician interactions with the information system. After adjustment for potential confounders, we examined whether greater automation of hospital information was associated with reduced rates of inpatient mortality, complications, costs, and length of stay for 167 233 patients older than 50 years admitted to responding hospitals between December 1, 2005, and May 30, 2006.

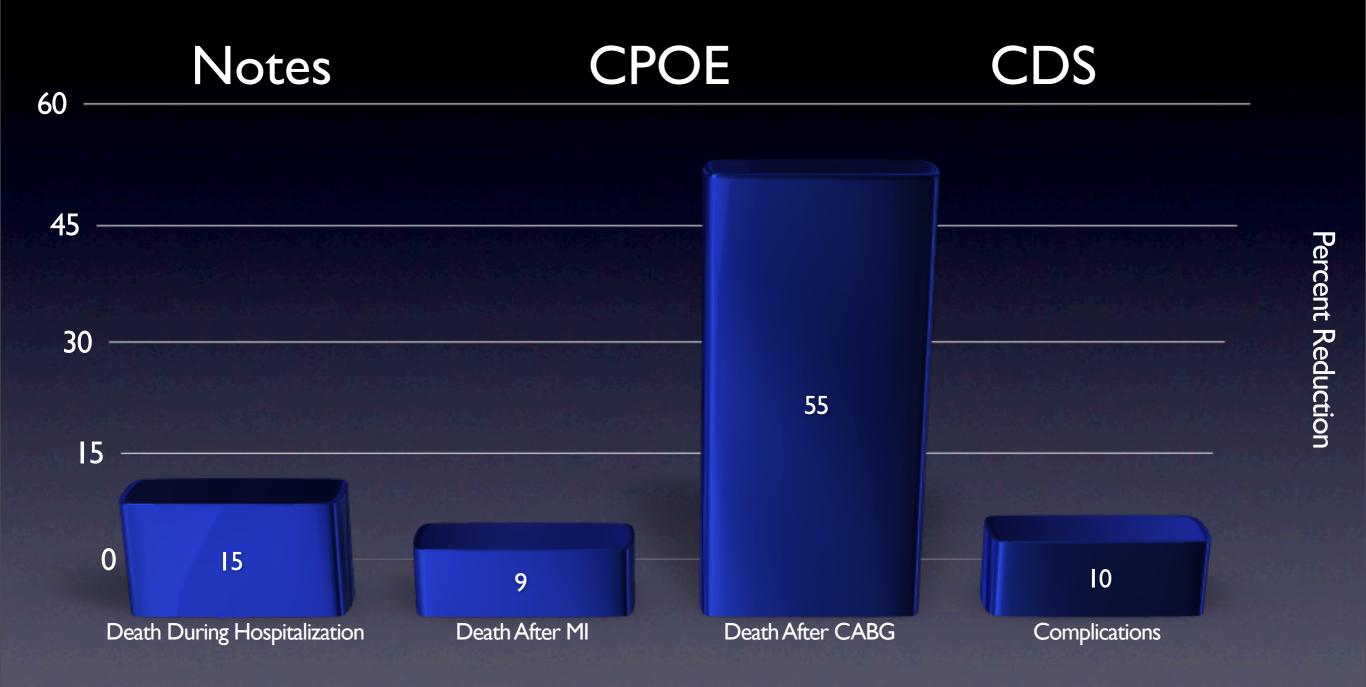
**Results:** We received a sufficient number of responses from 41 of 72 hospitals (58%). For all medical conditions stud-

ied, a 10-point increase in the automation of notes and records was associated with a 15% decrease in the adjusted odds of fatal hospitalizations (0.85; 95% confidence interval, 0.74-0.97). Higher scores in order entry were associated with 9% and 55% decreases in the adjusted odds of death for myocardial infarction and coronary artery bypass graft procedures, respectively. For all causes of hospitalization, higher scores in decision support were associated with a 16% decrease in the adjusted odds of complications (0.84; 95% confidence interval, 0.79-0.90). Higher scores on test results, order entry, and decision support were associated with lower costs for all hospital admissions (-\$110, -\$132, and -\$538, respectively; P < .05).

**Conclusion:** Hospitals with automated notes and records, order entry, and clinical decision support had fewer complications, lower mortality rates, and lower costs.

Arch Intern Med. 2009;169(2):108-114

### IT and Inpatient Outcomes



Survey of 41 Hospitals in Texas



"... the elimination of most handwritten clinical data by the end of the decade."

2001

## Eight Months Until the End of the Decade

The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE April 16, 2009

SPECIAL ARTICLE

### Use of Electronic Health Records in U.S. Hospitals

Ashish K. Jha, M.D., M.P.H., Catherine M. DesRoches, Dr.Ph., Eric G. Campbell, Ph.D., Karen Donelan, Sc.D., Sowmya R. Rao, Ph.D., Timothy G. Ferris, M.D., M.P.H., Alexandra Shields, Ph.D., Sara Rosenbaum, J.D., and David Blumenthal, M.D., M.P.P.

Table 3. Electronic Requirements for Classification of Hospitals as Having a Comprehensive or Basic Electronic-Records System.\*

Requirement	Comprehensive EHR System	Basic EHR System with Clinician Notes	Basic EHR System without Clinician Notes
Clinical documentation			
Demographic characteristics of patients	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>
Physicians' notes	<b>√</b>	√	
Nursing assessments	√	√	
Problem lists	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>
Medication lists	<b>V</b>	√	<b>V</b>
Discharge summaries	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Advanced directives	<b>V</b>		
Test and imaging results			
Laboratory reports	<b>√</b>	√	<b>V</b>
Radiologic reports	√	√	<b>V</b>
Radiologic images	<b>√</b>		
Diagnostic-test results	√	√	<b>V</b>
Diagnostic-test images	<b>√</b>		
Consultant reports	<b>√</b>		
Computerized provider-order entry			
Laboratory tests	√		
Radiologic tests	<b>√</b>		
Medications	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>
Consultation requests	√		
Nursing orders	<b>√</b>		
Decision support			
Clinical guidelines	√		
Clinical reminders	√		
Drug-allergy alerts	√		
Drug-drug interaction alerts	√		
Drug-laboratory interaction alerts (e.g., digox-	٧.,.		

Adoption level — % of hospitals (95% CI)

1.5 (1.1-2.0)

7.6 (6.8-8.1)

10.9 (9.7-12.0)

A comprehensive electronic-health-records (EHR) system was defined as a system with electronic functionalities in all clinical units. A basic electronic-records system was defined as a system with electronic functionalities in at least one clinical unit.

By Robert M. Wachter

#### Patient Safety At Ten: Unmistakable Progress, Troubling Gaps

doi: 10.1377/hlthaff.2009.0785
HEALTH AFFAIRS 29,
NO. 1 (2010):
©2009 Project HOPE—
The People-to-People Health
Foundation, Inc.

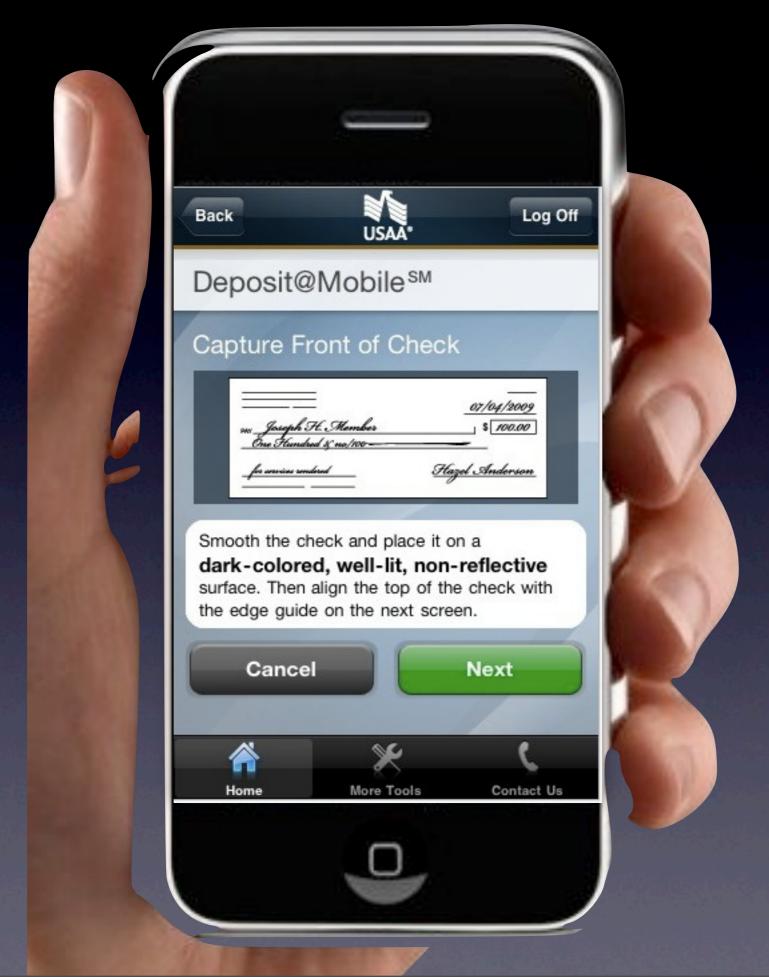
ABSTRACT December 1, 2009, marks the tenth anniversary of the Institute of Medicine report on medical errors, *To Err Is Human*, which arguably launched the modern patient-safety movement. Over the past decade, a variety of pressures (such as more robust accreditation standards and increasing error-reporting requirements) have created a stronger business case for hospitals to focus on patient safety. Relatively few health care systems have fully implemented information technology, and we are finally grappling with balancing "no blame" and accountability. The research pipeline is maturing, but funding remains inadequate. Our limited ability to measure progress in safety is a substantial impediment. Overall, I give our safety efforts a grade of B-, a modest improvement since 2004.

#### Robert M. Wachter

(bobw@medicine.ucsf.edu) is professor and associate chair of the Department of Medicine at the University of California, San Francisco.

#### An Assessment Of Our Progress In Ten Key Patient-Safety Domains, 1999-2004 And 2004-2009

Safety category	2004 grade	2009 grade	Comments
Regulation/accreditation	A-	B+	An important early driver, but much of the low-hanging fruit has now been picked
Reporting systems	С	B+	Key intervention was the adoption of the NQF list to support error reporting; some improvement in analytical abilities at provider organization and state/national levels
Health information technology	B-	C+	Surprisingly low uptake over past 5 years; increasing evidence of health IT-related safety hazards and implementation challenges; new infusion of federal dollars should promote health IT adoption
Malpractice system and accountability	D+	C+	Increased pressure for accountability has led to more emphasis on "Just Culture"; more accountability at leadership level as well; practical approaches for balancing "no blame" and accountability still lagging
Workforce and training issues	В	B-	Limited but increased engagement by providers; evidence regarding impact of residency duty-hour limits mixed; nurse shortage eased but primary care shortage worse; few organizations adopting robust teamwork, culture change, or simulation programs
Research	_a	B-	Stronger methods are emerging; moderate, but insufficient, increase in funding; still limited data on what works; field still debating fundamental questions regarding evidence standards for safety studies
Patient engagement and involvement	_a	C+	Patient advocacy movements small; impact of "how can patients protect themselves?" efforts uncertain; significant progress on disclosure policies and practices
Provider organization leadership engagement	_a	В	Stronger focus on safety by boards, "C-suite," as business case becomes more robust; uptake of strong leadership interventions (root-cause analyses, Executive Walk Rounds) improved but spotty
National and international organizational interventions	_a	A-	Much stronger engagement by AHRQ, NQF, Joint Commission, ACGME, WHO, IHI, and others; better dissemination of tools, training, and requirements; some wide-scale change efforts (IHI campaigns, Michigan and WHO checklist studies) have illustrated capacity for broad engagement and measurable progress
Payment system interventions	_4	C+	Impact of P4P in quality uncertain; P4P not yet applied to safety because of measurement challenges; Medicare's "no pay for errors" is a provocative initiative; no evidence yet about impact and concerns regarding unintended consequences
Overall grade for progress in patient safety	C+	B-	Most striking improvements in reporting and leadership; gaps in IT and accountability are most concerning, but both areas should see significant progress, driven by new funding (IT) and emerging consensus (accountability)





Home My Profile Sign Out Mobile Help

#### OpenTable®

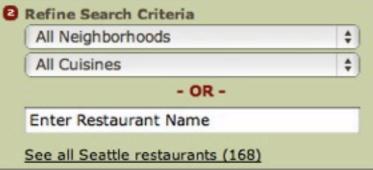
#### Seattle Restaurants, Washington Restaurants

Select Location 

Select a Location

See other U.S. cities

See also: Portland, Vancouver BC





#### Welcome, Barry



#### No Upcoming Reservations

- > My Favorites
- > View Your Dining Feedback

#### Offers and Events in Seattle / Washington

- New Year's Eve 2009 Menus & Celebrations
- Earn Free Meals Faster See 1,000 Point Restaurants
- Traveling for NYE?
  Celebrations around the World
- Get OpenTable Mobile Free Android, BlackBerry, iPhone, and Palm Apps
- Diners' Choice
  2009 Winners
  Top 50 Good for Groups
  Restaurants
- Diners' Choice 2009 Winners Top 50 Best Italian Cuisine
- Sunday Brunch Restaurants & Menus





Restaurants

Planning a banquet

or party? Try our

As voted by more than 77,200 diners.

List Updated: 11/02/2009

Friday, April 16, 2010

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Home

**SEEDIE News** 

SEEDIE Certification

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#### Welcome to

The Society for Exorbitantly Expensive and Difficult to Implement EHRs



#### Welcome to SEEDIE

SEEDIE, the Society for Exorbitantly Expensive and Difficult to Implement EHR's, is a healthcare IT standards organization that is completely funded and operated by a select group of proprietary electronic health record vendors.

Unlike independent, objective, professional organizations created to help medical professionals select and implement interoperable EHR solutions, SEEDIE promotes healthcare IT systems that play well in the sandbox if, and only if, it is in the best interests of a particular vendor.

While the other groups argue endlessly about which standards are most appropriate in pursuit of "plug and play" solutions, SEEDIE recognizes that data exchange should only occur after a lengthy and expensive custom integration process. Further, that integration should require ongoing technical support from multiple vendors.





What does this little girl have to do with selecting an EHR?

ABSOLUTELY NOTHING! But it does register 10 on the warm and fuzzy meter!



**EXTORMITY.COM** 



### Status of Implementation

The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

April 16, 2009

SPECIAL ARTICLE

### Use of Electronic Health Records in U.S. Hospitals

Ashish K. Jha, M.D., M.P.H., Catherine M. DesRoches, Dr.Ph., Eric G. Campbell, Ph.D., Karen Donelan, Sc.D., Sowmya R. Rao, Ph.D., Timothy G. Ferris, M.D., M.P.H., Alexandra Shields, Ph.D., Sara Rosenbaum, J.D., and David Blumenthal, M.D., M.P.P.

### Barriers to Implementation

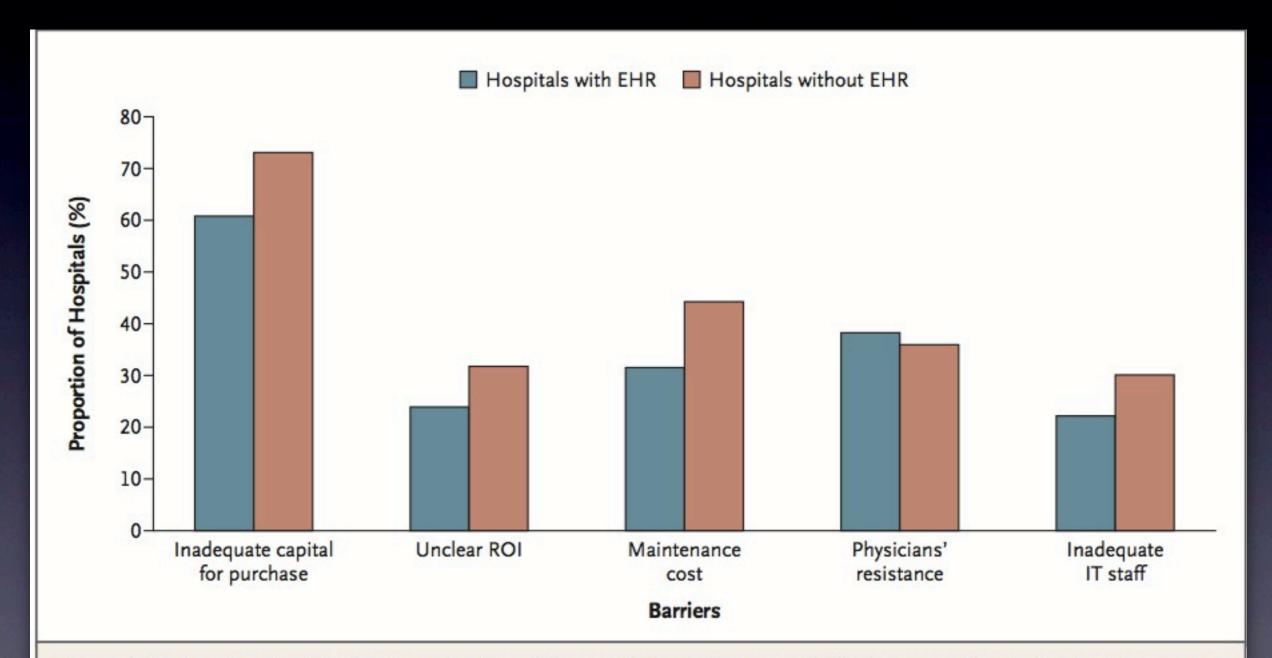


Figure 1. Major Perceived Barriers to Adoption of Electronic Health Records (EHRs) among Hospitals with Electronic-Records Systems as Compared with Hospitals without Systems.

### Facilitators of Adoption

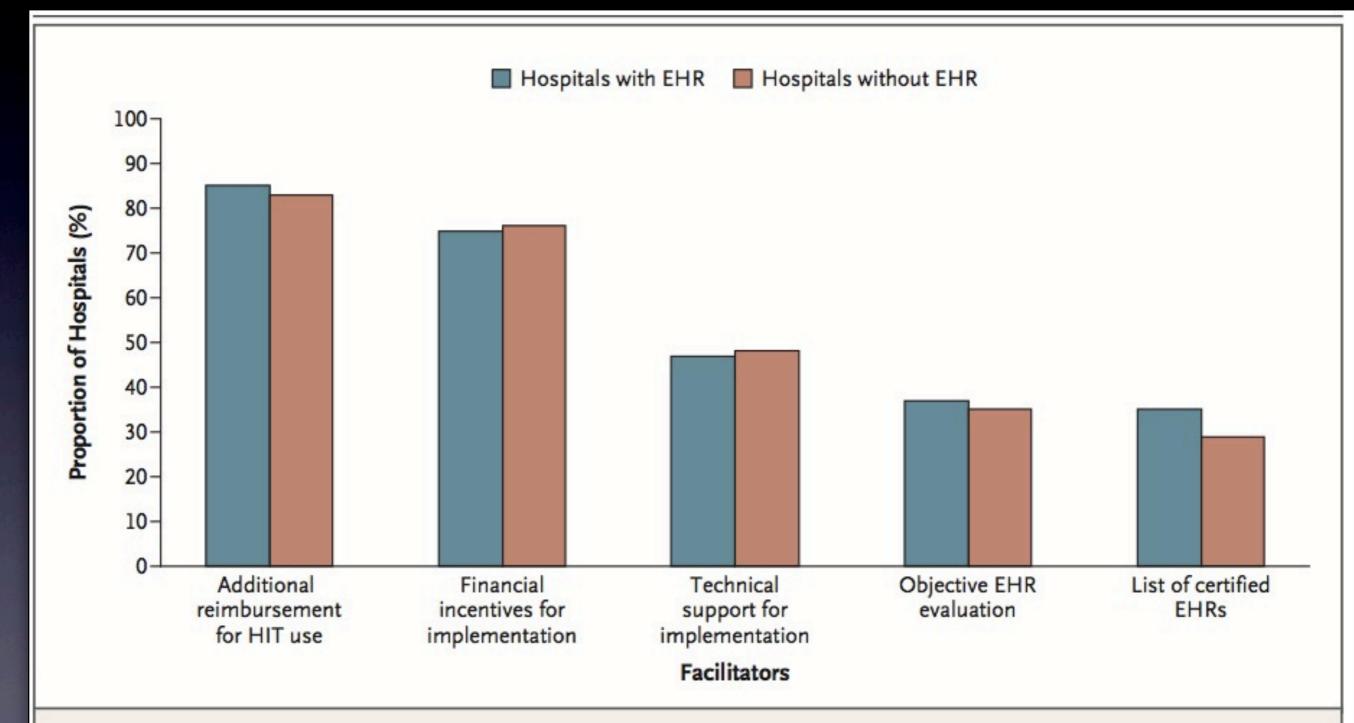


Figure 2. Perceived Facilitators of Adoption of Electronic-Records Systems among Hospitals with Systems as Compared with Hospitals without Systems.

### Federal Funding



### HITECHAct

- ARRA- American Recovery and Reinvestment Act
- Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health
- \$19 Billion for EHRs
  - \$2 Million/Hospital/Year
- Meaningful Use Criteria

## Critical HIT Components Needed to Ensure Quality

- Computer System
- Discrete Data
- Right Software/Programing
- Realtime Provider Feedback
- Group (Team) Situational Awareness

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### VM Record Storage in Georgetown



### UW Record Storage Sand Point Naval Hanger



### Server Cabinet



\$40M of Computer Equipment

### 30 Terabytes of Disk



7,500,000 Songs or 60 Years of Listening!

### Tape Backup



#### Electronic Health Record



American Hospital Assn. study, "Continued Progress: Hospital Use of Information Technology," Feb. 27, 2007

- \$17,616 per bed in2006
  - \$12,060 for operating costs
  - \$5,556 for capital costs
- 400 Bed Hosp-> \$10
   Million

# Critical HIT Components Needed to Ensure Quality

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## Handwritten Note

#### VIRGINIA MASON MEDICAL CENTER

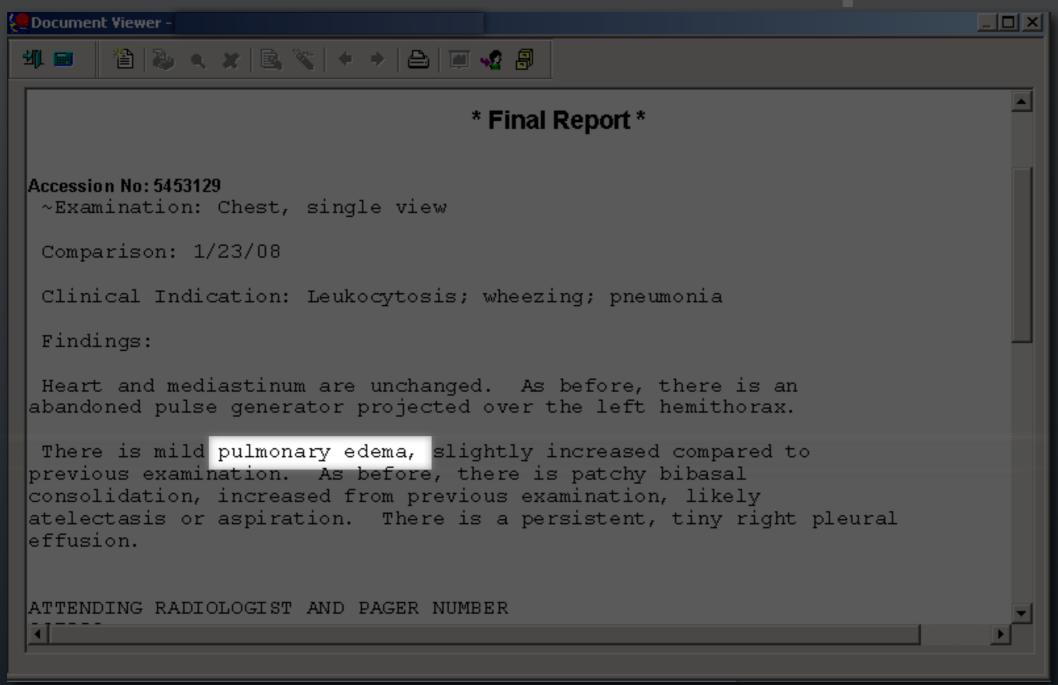
SEATTLE, WA

BAILEY-BOUSHAY HOUSE SEATTLE, WA

#### PROGRESS RECORD

DATE AND HOUR	NOTE PROGRESS OF CASE - COMPLICATIONS - CONSULTATIONS - CHANGE IN DIAGNOSIS - CONDITIONS ON DISCHARGE - INSTRUCTIONS TO PATIENT - AND FINAL SUMMARY.
12/12/18	CU-RAR
(cut)	4/17/207
Tark Mark	be divin
(0,5) 38 763	1485 ) at bleed - Shote. Awaite consule rout
317 (23) 1,3	Oh to-feed? GI gofed-3 ok
Ca. 910	I'm - Adv. diet
	+ sterothe 60 lu G 6 - 1
	- Nosilne

## Free Text Rads Report

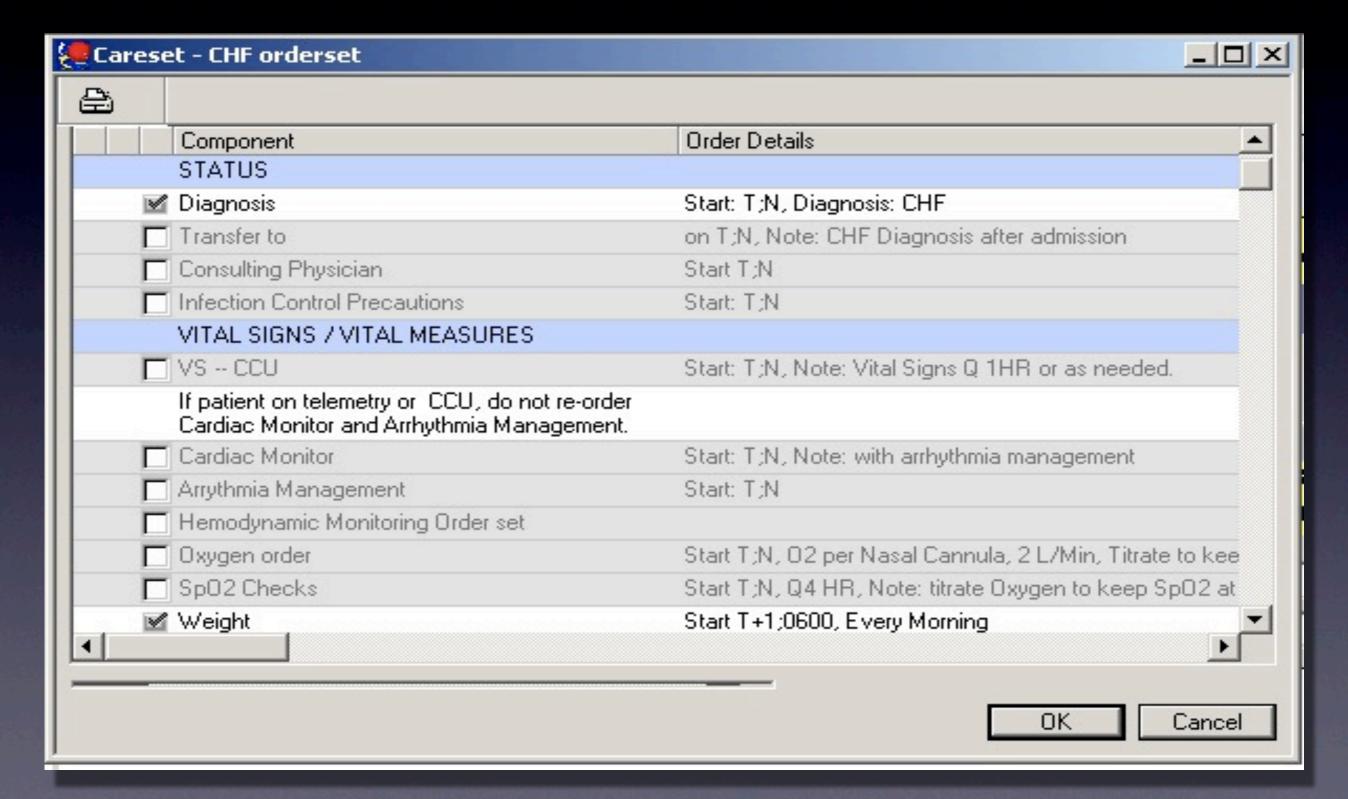


#### Clinical Notes, Pathology Reports

## Discrete Data- Meds

MAR Summary 48H										
09 August 2009 0700 - 13 August 2009 0659										
Time View	08/09/2009 0700 - 0659		08/11/2009 0700 - 0659	08/12/2009 0700 - 0659						
Scheduled	SC .									
<b>aspirin</b> 325 mg, ec tablet, PO, Daily, NOW, Start: 08/10/09 15:18:00		Not Given: dcd per MD order @1626								
aspirin 325 mg, tab, PO, Daily With Breakfast, NOW, Start:		325 mg @1807	325 mg @0800	@0800						
08/10/09 20:26:00		325 mg @2030								
		Pain Intensity: 8								
		Pain Location: Head Frontal								
docusate 200 mg, cap, PO, Daily, Routine, Start: 08/10/09 14:41:00		200 mg @2100	200 mg @0900	@0900						
docusate 100 mg, cap, PO, Q12 HR, Routine, Start: 08/10/09 21:00:00										
lisinopril 10 mg, tab, PO, Daily, NOW, Start: 08/11/09 9:55:00			10 mg @0955	@0900						
ing, tab, i o, baily, ito ii, otalii ooi i i i oo ooo oo										
metoprolol (metoprolol oral tablet) 25 mg, tab, PO, Q12 HR, Routine, Start: 08/10/09 21:00:00		25 mg @1807	25 mg @0900	@0900						
		25 mg @2100	Systolic Blood Pressure: 152 mmHg	@2100						
		Systolic Blood Pressure: 143 mmHg	Heart Rate: 66 bpm							
		Heart Rate: 60 bpm	25 mg @2107							
sodium chloride (saline lock flush-peripheral line) 2 mL, inj, IV, Q12 HR, Routine, Start 08/10/09 9:46:00, for		2 mL @0946								
4 hr, Stop 08/10/09 9:46:00, Note: Flush every 12 hours										
sodium chloride (saline lock flush-peripheral line) 2 mL, inj, IV, Q12 HR, Routine, Start 08/10/09 9:49:00,		2 mL @0949	Not Given: Not Appropriate at this Time @0900	@0900						

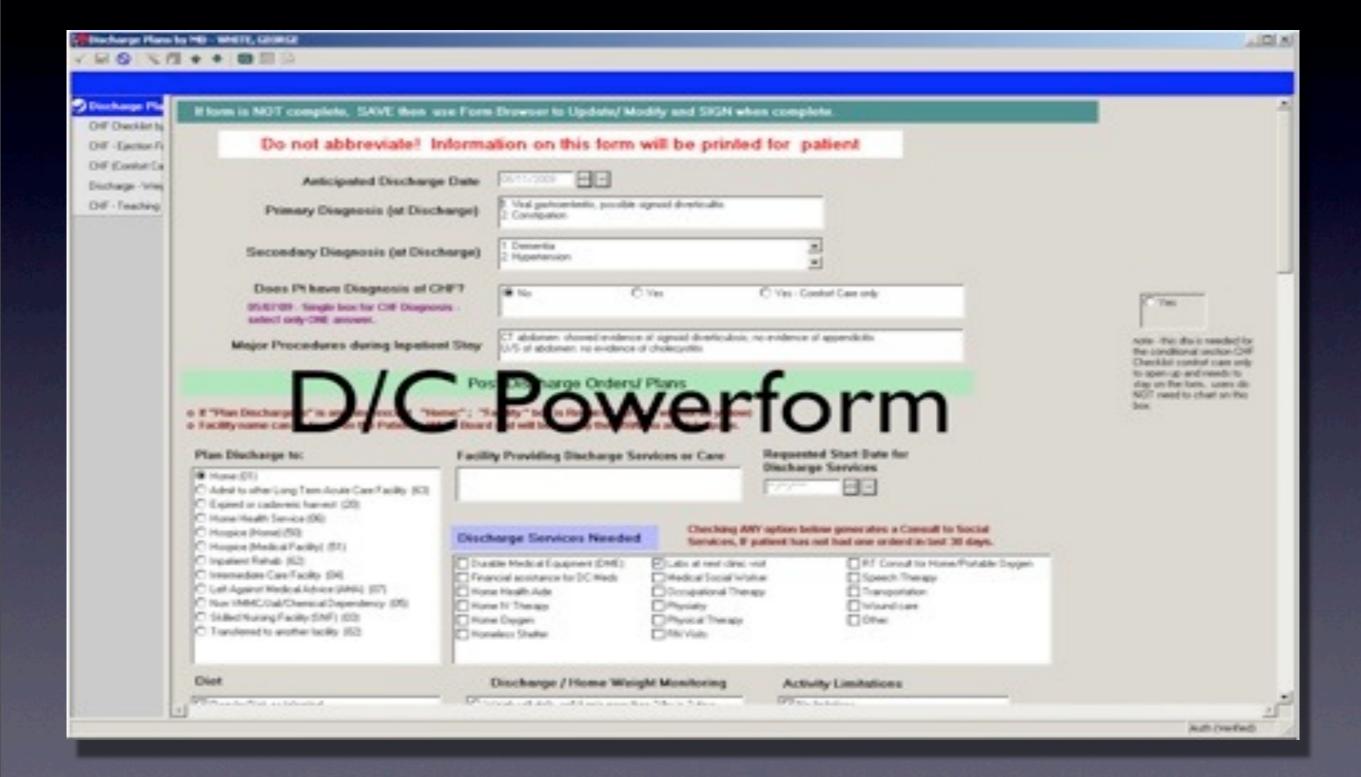
### Discrete Data- Orders



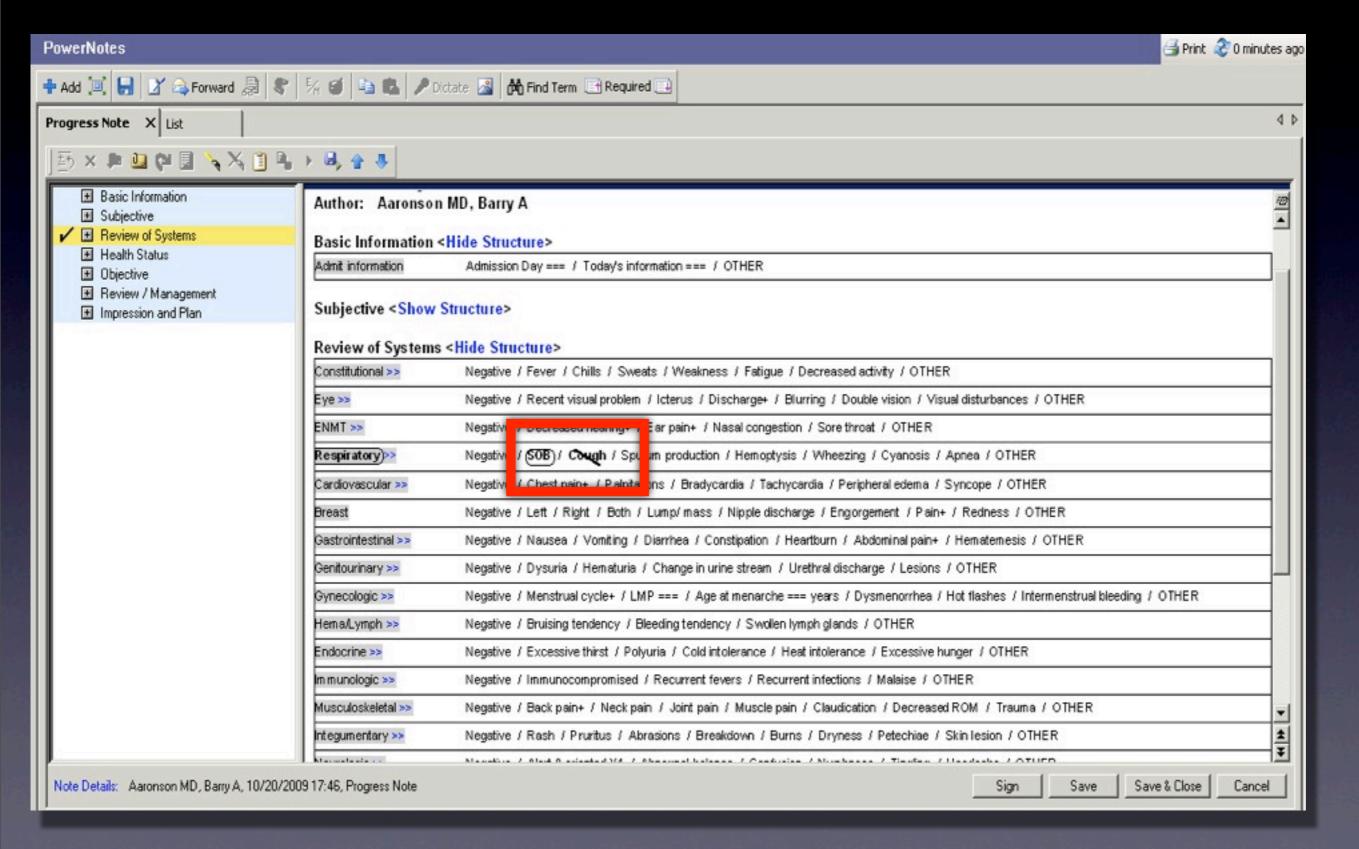
## Discrete Data- Labs

	10/20/2009 10/19/2009	1071972009	10/19/2009	10/19/2009	10/19/2009	10/19/2009	10/19/2009	10/19/2009	10/19/20(4
Lab and Rad Results	6:10 9:30	8:50	5:05	5:00	21:22	10:00	6:55	5:01	4:55
Hemogram									
White Blood Cell Count	6.9 K/cmm			7.7 K/cmm					9.1 K/cmm
Red Blood Cell Count	L 3.52 M/cmm			L 3.32 M/cmm					L 3.08 M/cr
Hemoglobin	L 8.6 g/dL			L 8.0 g/dL					L 7.5 g/dL
Hematocrit	L 27 %			L 25 %		L 23%			L 23 %
Mean Corpuscular Volume	L 76 fL			L 75 fL					L 76 fL
Mean Corpuscular HGB	L 24 pg			L 24 pg					L 24 pg
Mean Corpuscular HGB Concentrn	L 32 g/dL			L 32 g/dL					L 32 g/dL
RBC Distribution Width	H 19.5%			H 18.5%					H 19.0 %
☐ Platelet Count	371 K/cmm			251 K/cmm					162 K/cmm
Reticulocyte Count									
Differential: Percent (Automated)		)) -			1	0			
Lymphocytes, Percent	26.4 %			19.7%					
Monocytes, Percent	8.7 %			8.2%					
Granulocytes, Percent	60.8%			70.5%					
Eosinophils, Percent	3.4 %			1.3%					
Basophils, Percent	0.7 %			0.3%					
Differential: Absolute Count (Automated)		11 72	- T	(); // // // // // // // // // // // // //	7 -	W			
Lymphocytes, Absolute Count	1.8 K/cmm			1.5 K/cmm					
Moncytes, Absolute Count	0.6 K/cmm			0.6 K/cmm					
Granulocytes, Absolute Count	4.2 K/cmm			5.4 K/cmm					
Eosinophils, Absolute Count	0.2 K/cmm			0.1 K/cmm					
Basophils, Absolute Count	0.1 K/cmm			0.0 K/cmm					
Differential: Percent (Manual)		)) 		0.		V.			
Lymphocytes Percent									L 11 %
■ Monocytes Percent		Î						ji i	L1%
Polymorphonuclear Leukocytes Percent									74%
■ Bands Percent									H 12%
1 · · · · ·									^^·

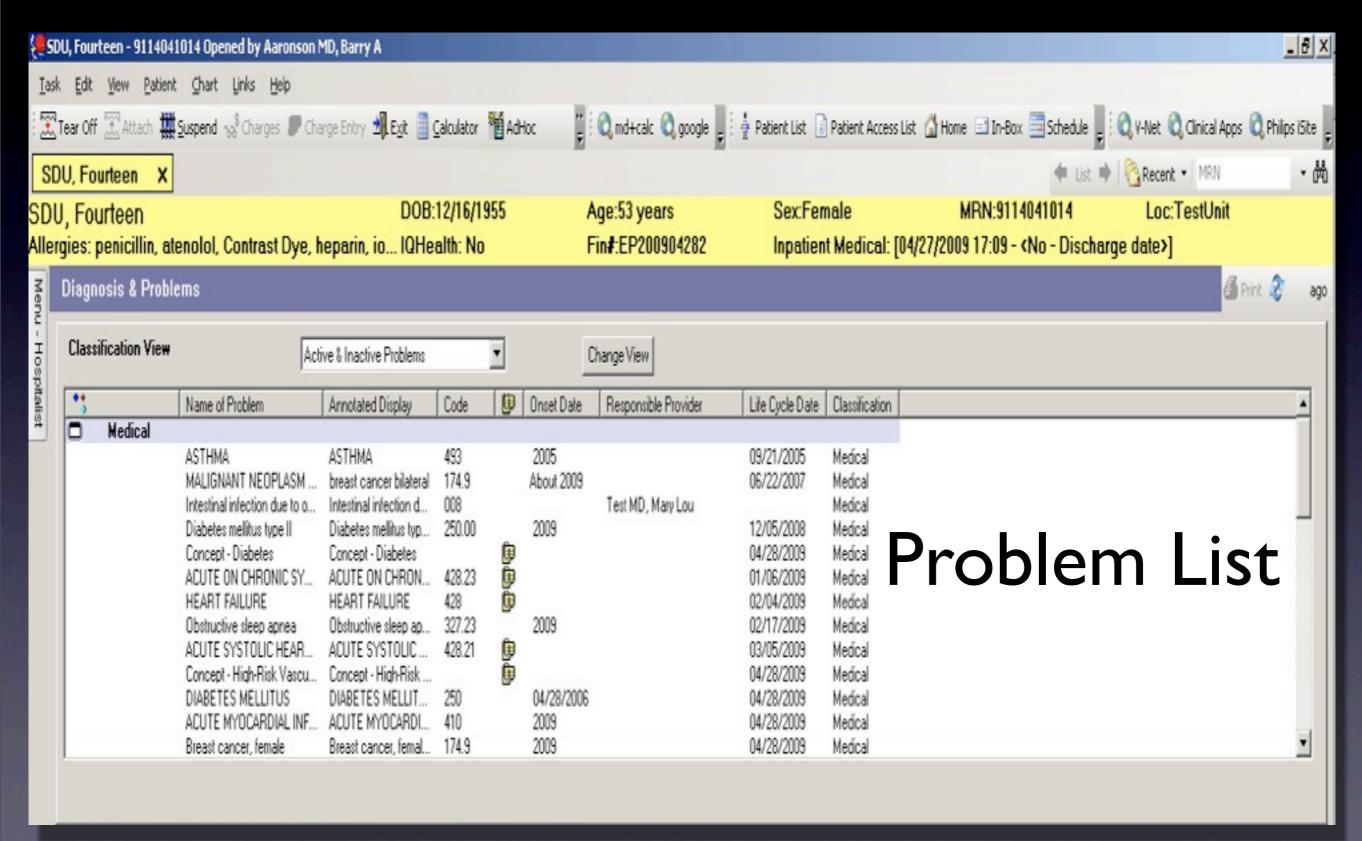
#### Discrete Data- Forms



### Discrete Data- Note



#### Discrete Data

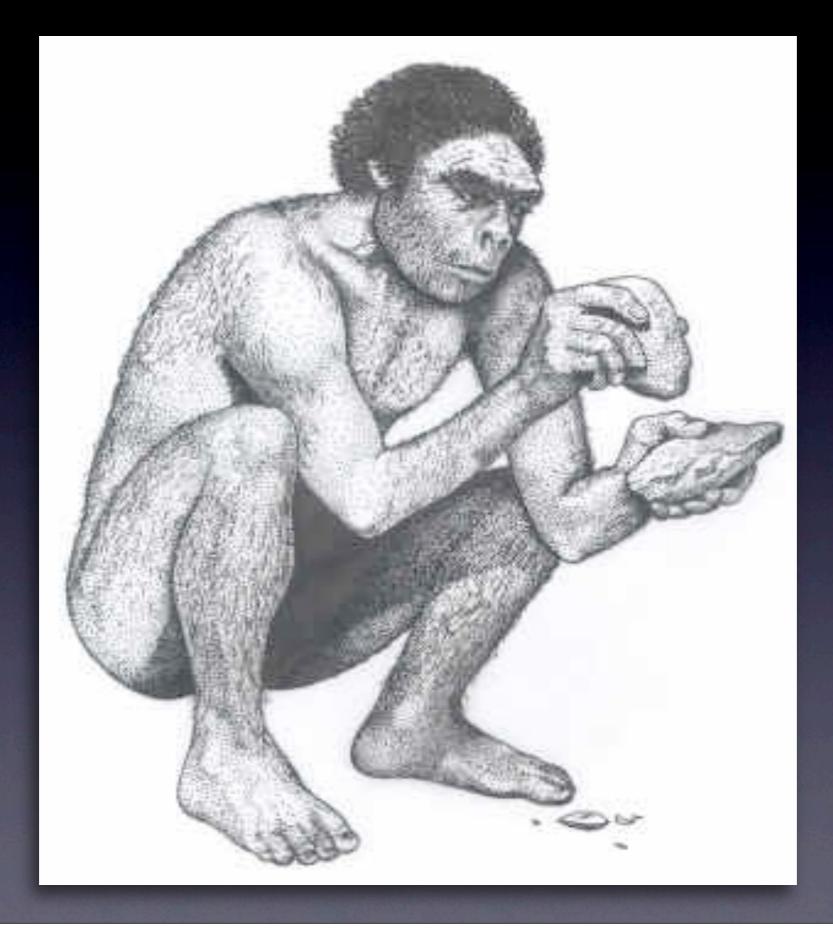


# Critical HIT Components Needed to Ensure Quality

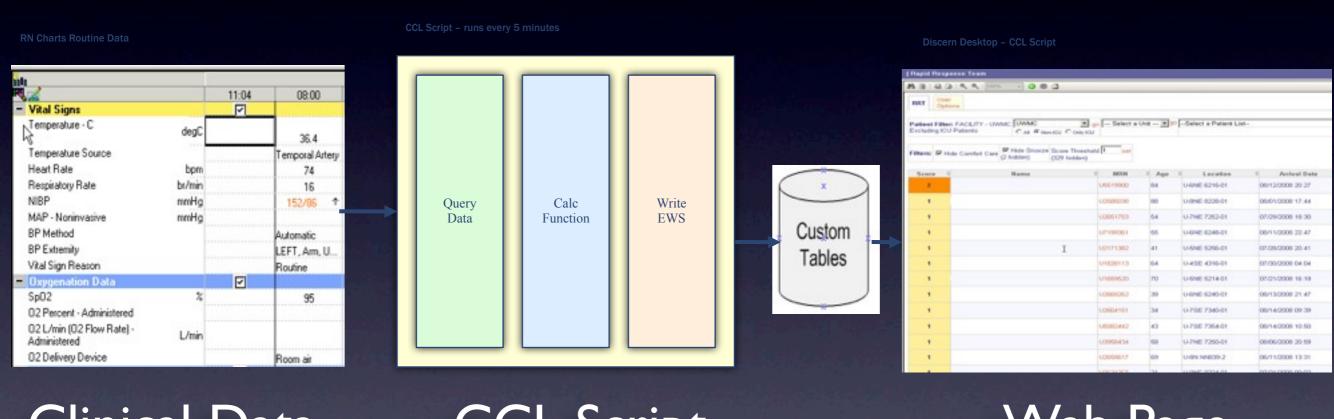
- √ Computer System
- ✓ Discrete Data
- ✓ Right Software/Programing Tools
- Realtime Provider Feedback
- Group Situational Awareness



#### Cerner Command Language- CCL



# MPages



Clinical Data

**CCL** Script

Web Page



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# Critical HIT Components Needed to Ensure Quality

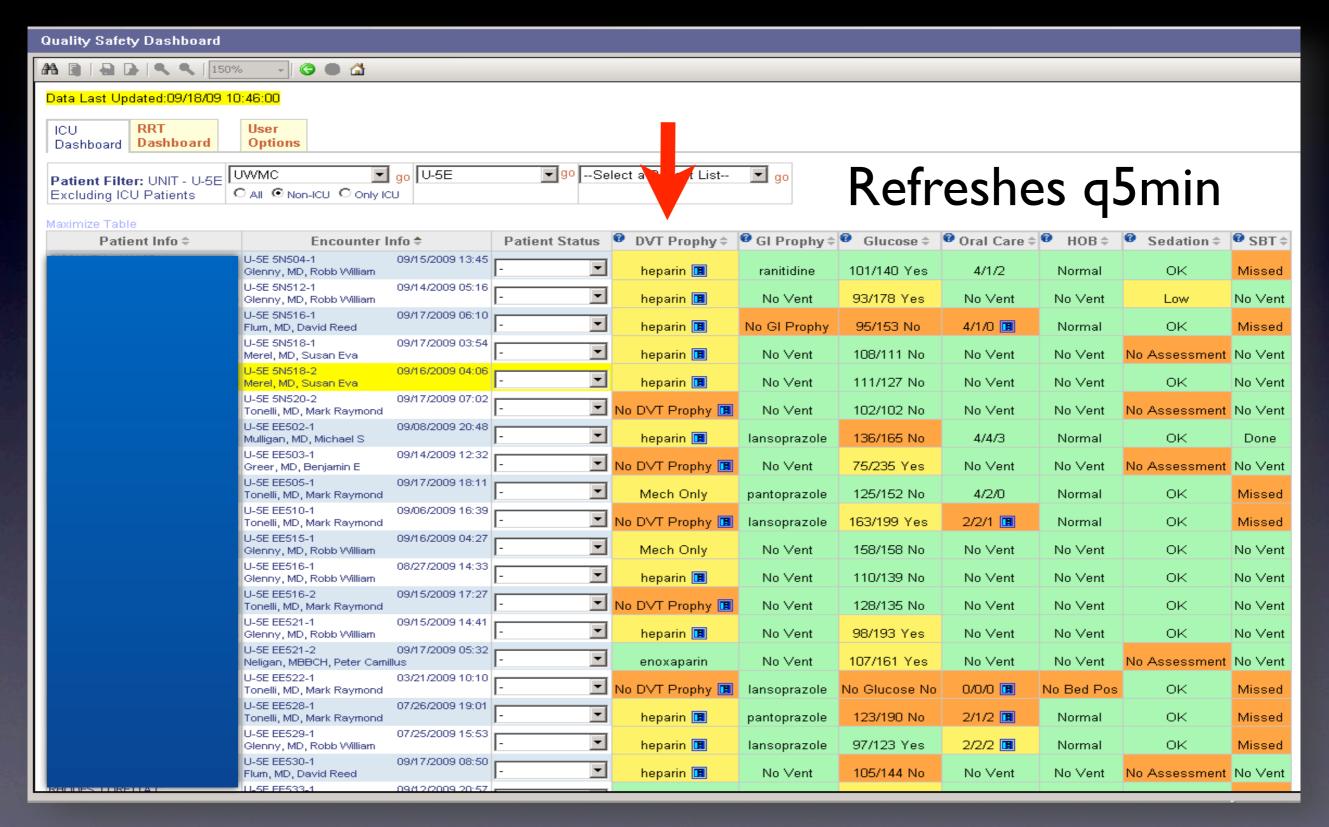
- √ Computer System
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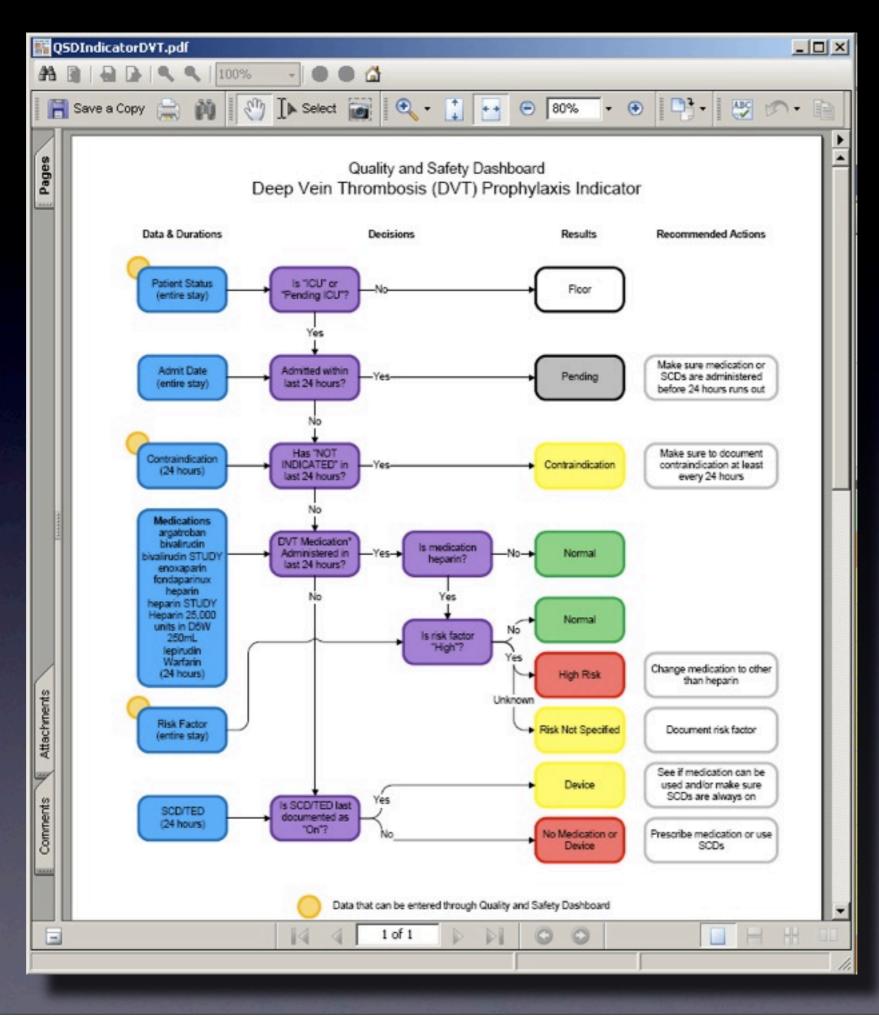
# Retrospective Improvement Efforts

- Conferences
- Journal Clubs
- Section Meetings
- HousestaffOrientations
- M&M



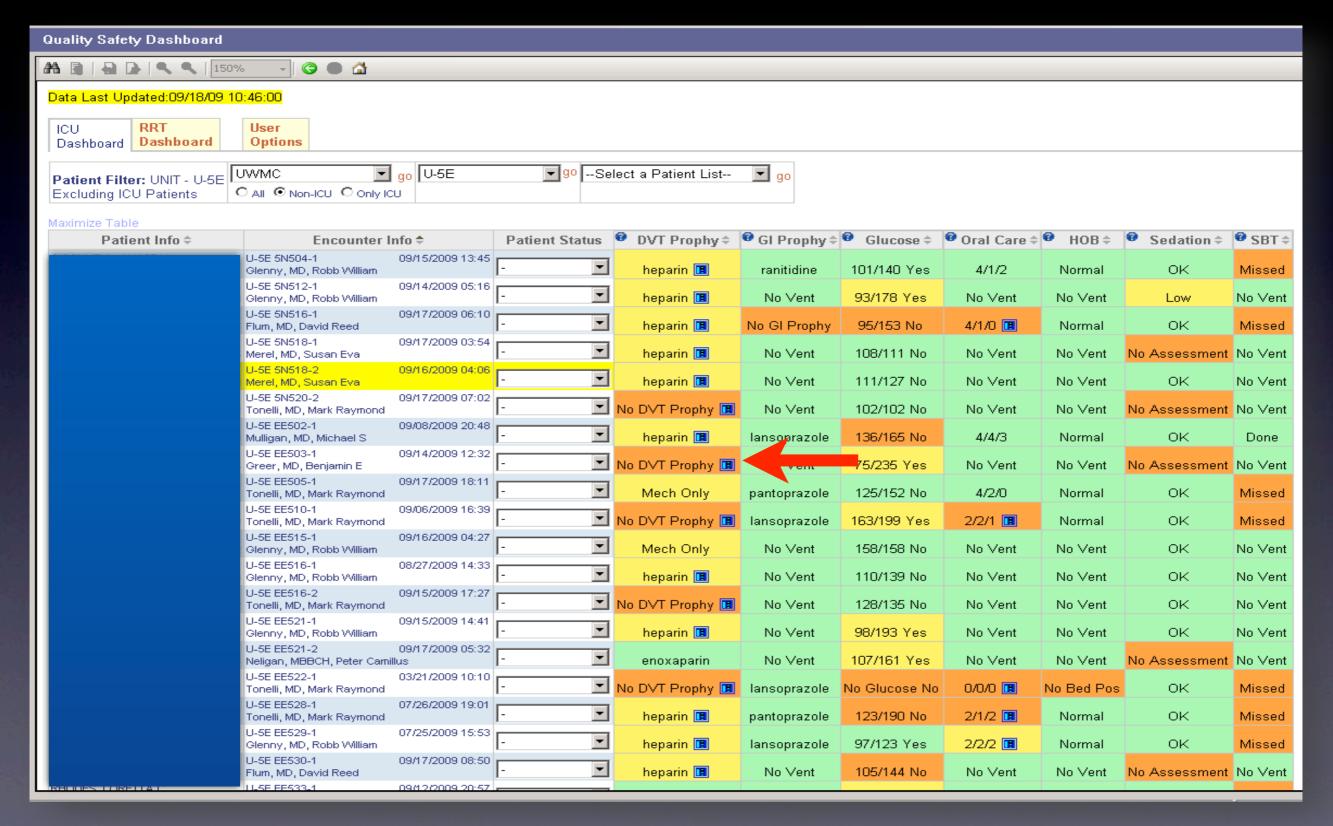
# Quality Safety Dashboard



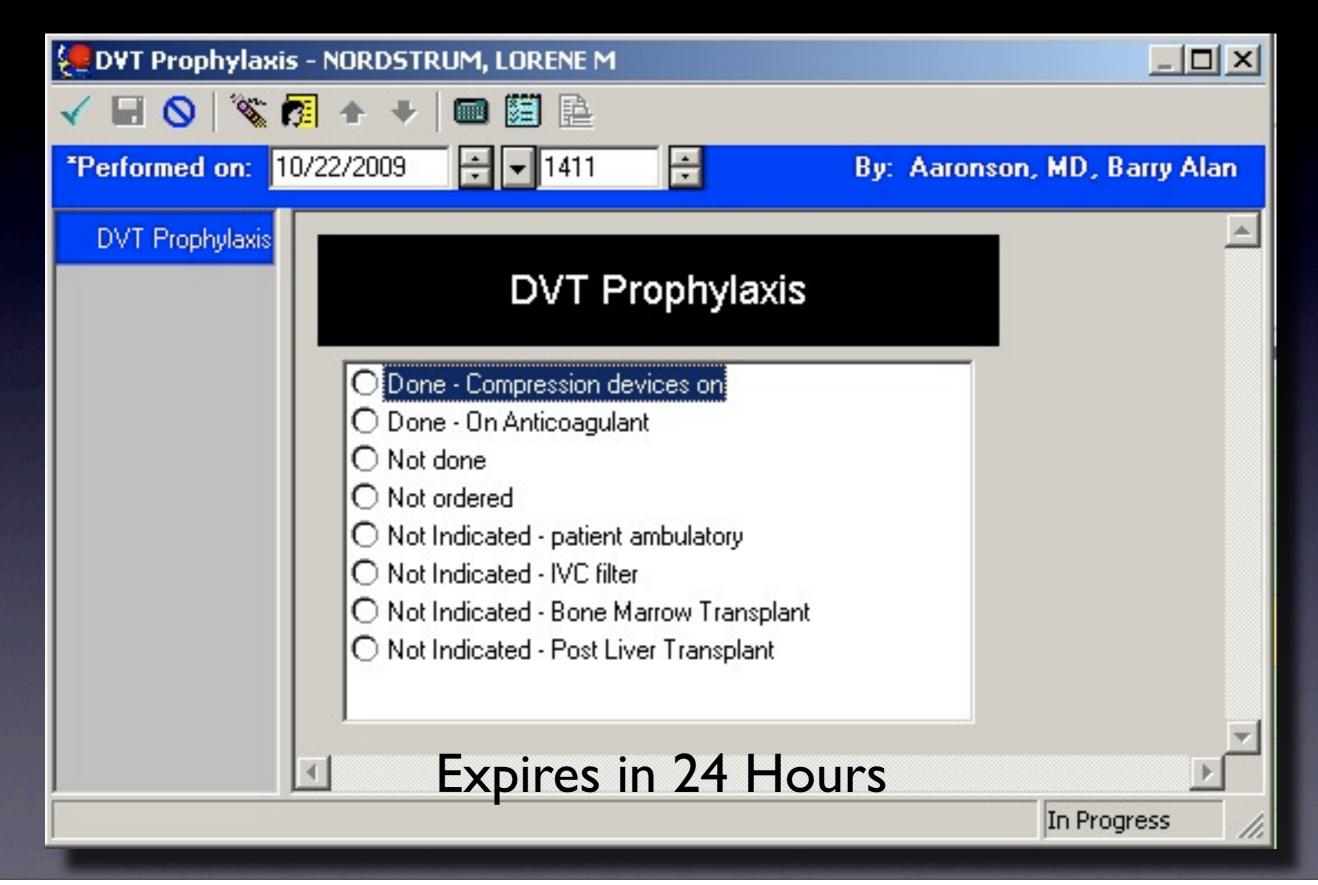


# Clinical Algorithm

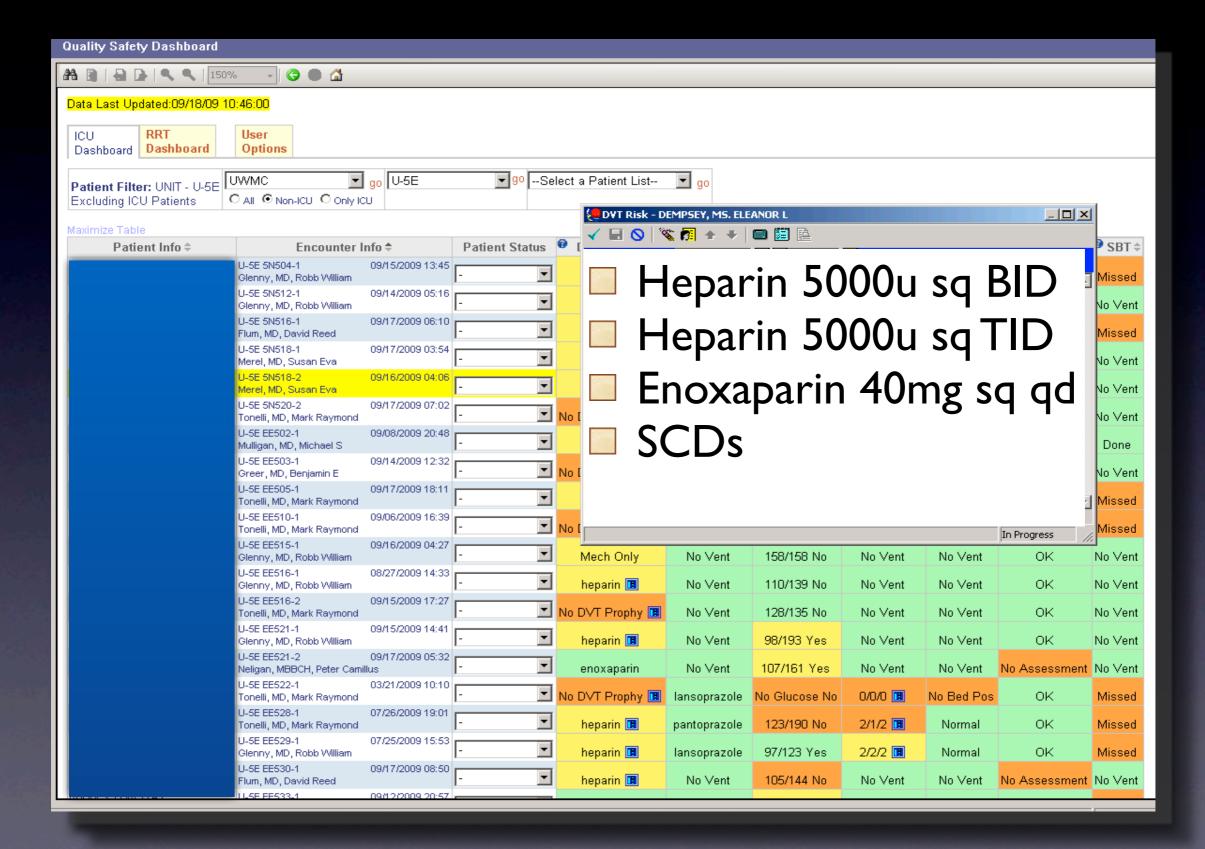
# Quality Safety Dashboard



#### Document



### Write Orders

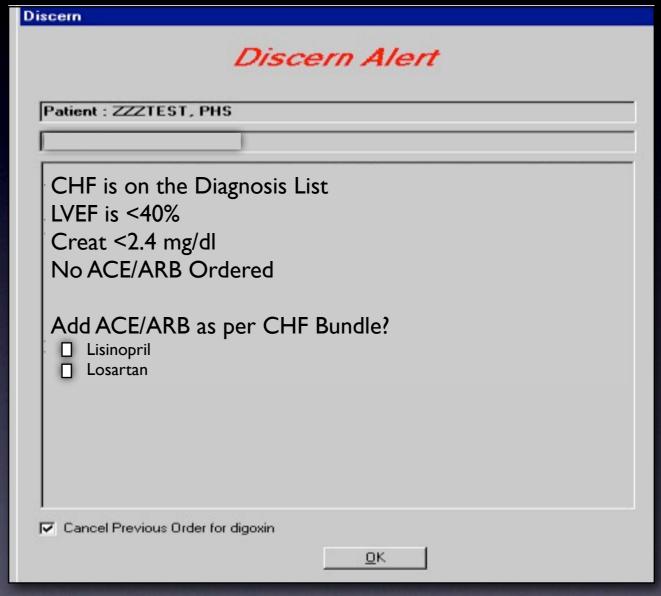


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- Group (Team) Situational Awareness

# Alert Fatigue





# JANA®

Online article and related content current as of November 19, 2008.

#### Patient Care, Square-Rigger Sailing, and Safety

Steven J. Henkind; J. Christopher Sinnett

JAMA. 2008;300(14):1691-1693 (doi:10.1001/jama.300.14.1691)

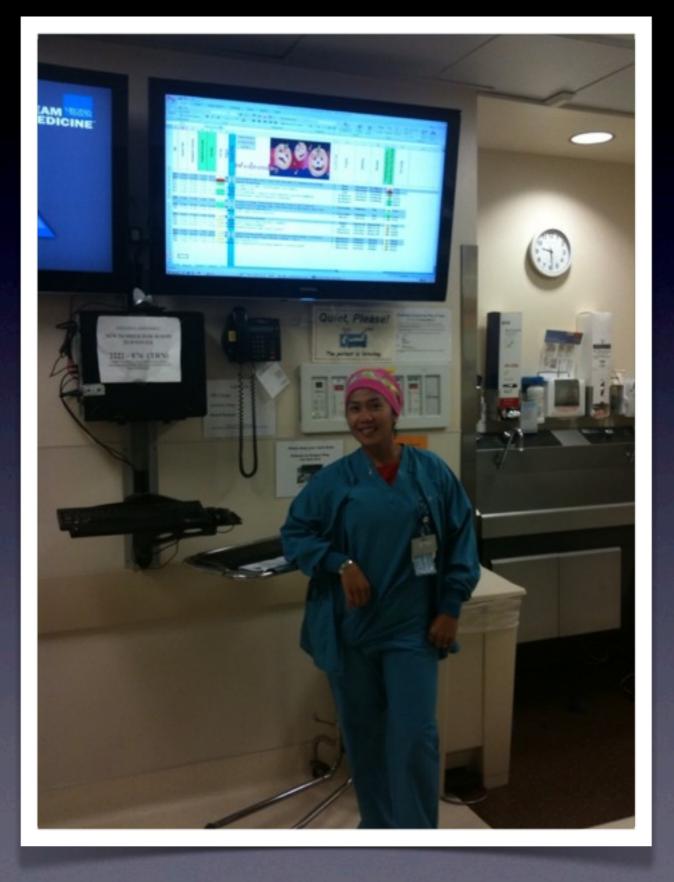
http://jama.ama-assn.org/cgi/content/full/300/14/1691





### SITUATIONAL AWARENESS

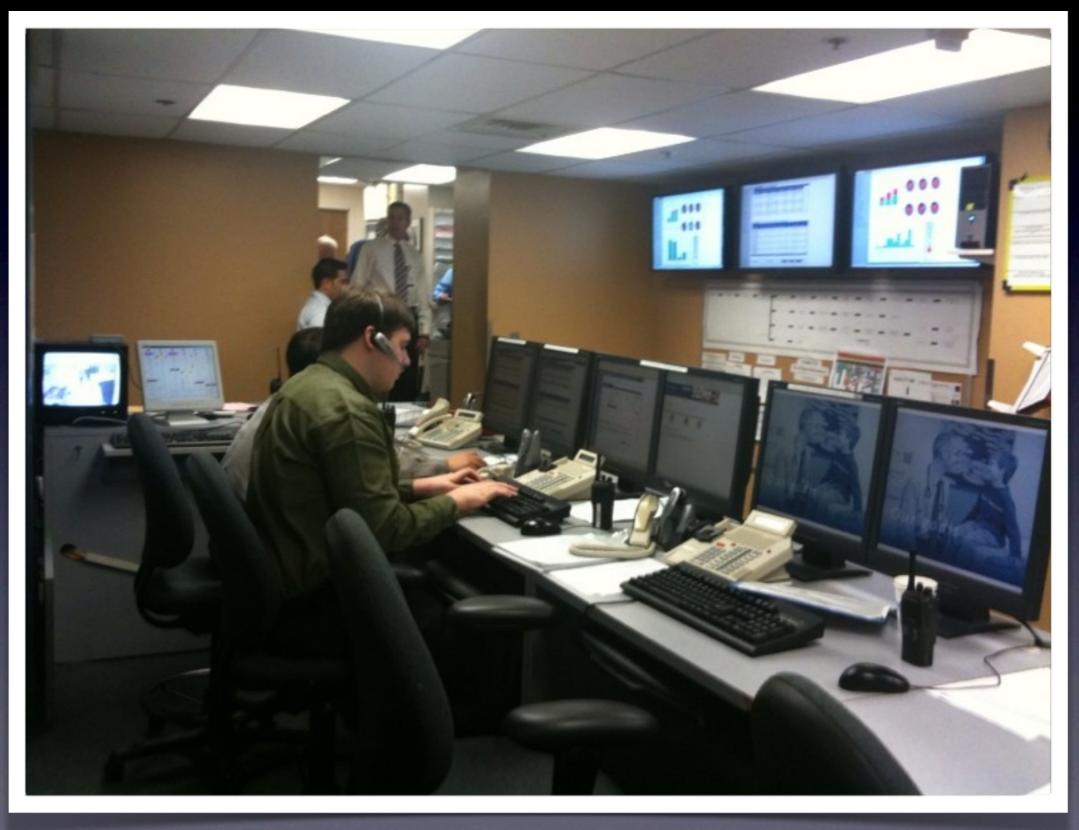
# OR Dashboard



## Bed Control



# Hospital Dispatch



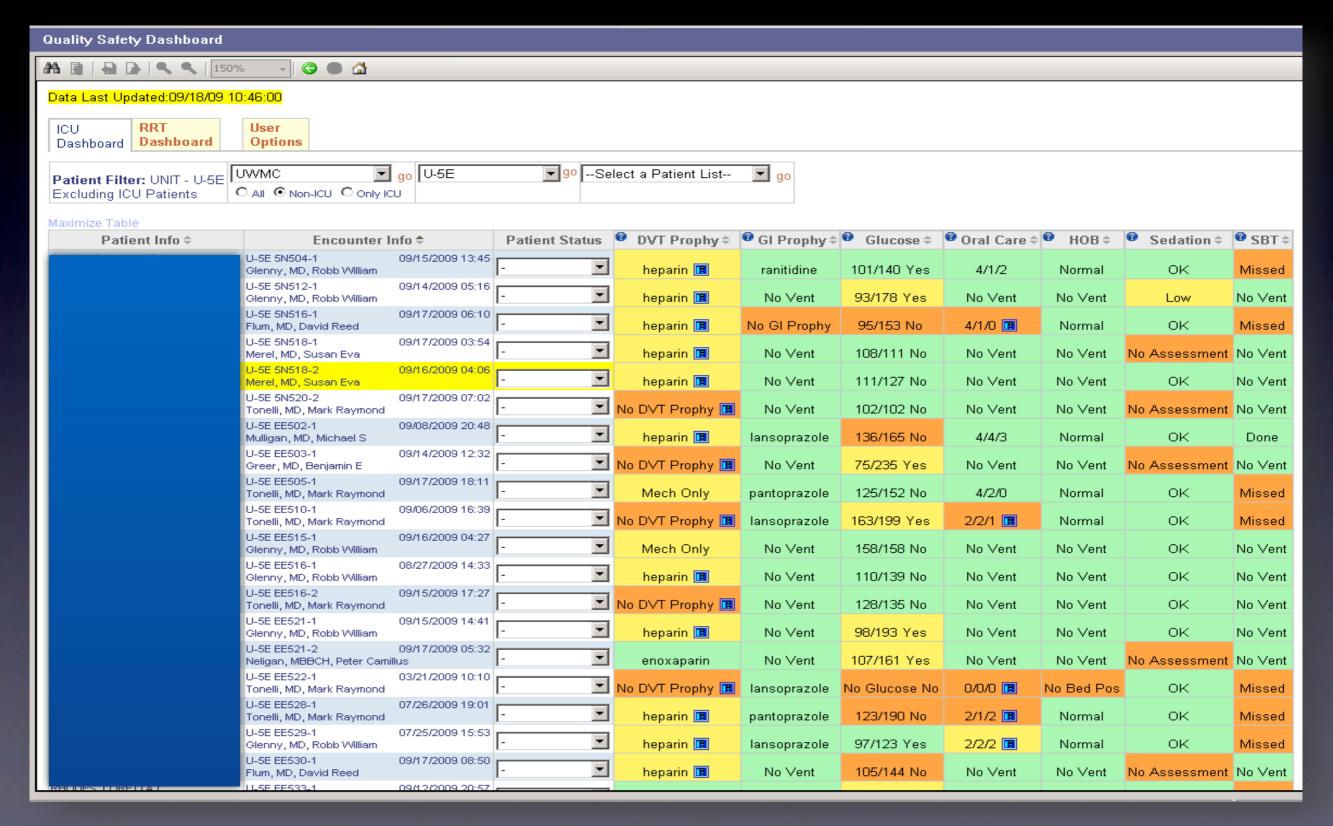
## Harborview Cafe



## White Board



# Quality Safety Dashboard

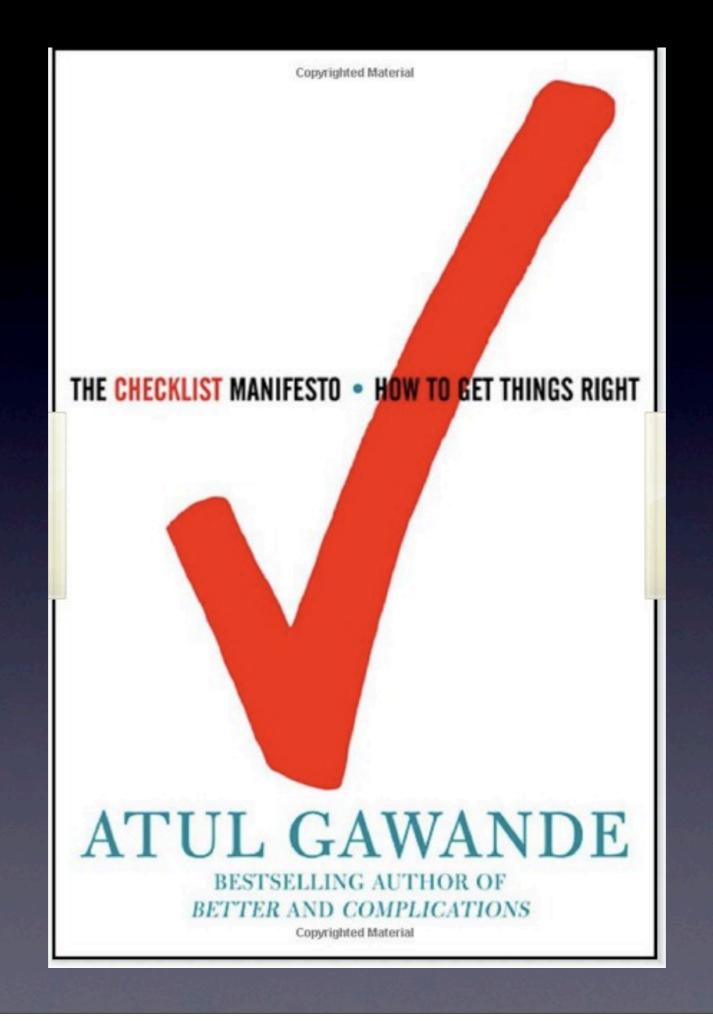


## UW ICU



## Harborview ICU





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#### January 22, 2008

PERSONAL HEALTH

#### A Basic Hospital To-Do List Saves Lives

By JANE E. BRODY

This is a call to arms for everyone who may someday be hospitalized, or who has a relative who may someday be hospitalized — which is to say everyone.

These days, to spend time in the hospital is to be at risk of contracting a hospital-acquired infection. Some of these infections can be life-threatening. But there is a simple way to make that hospital stay safer, devised by Dr. Peter J. Pronovost, a physician-researcher at Johns Hopkins.

The method — a five-item checklist to assure that proper precautions are taken to prevent infection — has been thoroughly tested, first at Johns Hopkins and later in 108 intensive-care units in Michigan, where it succeeded beyond anyone's wildest dreams in saving lives and reducing costs for patients who received the major fluid tube called a central venous catheter.

According to Dr. Pronovost, whose findings in Michigan were published in The New England Journal of Medicine on Dec. 28, 2006, about half of intensive-care patients receive these catheters; about 80,000 a year become infected and 28,000 die, with an economic cost of \$2.3 billion.

#### **Five Simple Steps**

Using the checklist, in 18 months the average I.C.U. at these diverse <u>hospitals</u> reduced its catheter-related infection rate to zero, from 4 percent. All told, the checklist saved more than 1,500 lives and nearly \$200 million. The program itself cost only \$500,000.



#### SURGICAL CARE AND OUTCOMES ASSESSMENT PROGRAM

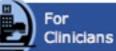
A PROGRAM OF THE FOUNDATION FOR HEALTH CARE QUALITY

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What is the Foundation?

Hospital Involvement Supporting Organizations Advisory Board

Surgical Checklist



For Data/QI Professionals



For the Public

Search Site Google" Custom Search

SEARCH



SCOAP All Fountation Sites

#### SCO P **V**|Surgical Checklist Initiative

"A System for Safer Surgery"

#### **Surgical Checklist Initiative**

Patients » What YOU can do to make your surgery safer

#### "A System for Safer Surgery"

The SCOAP surgical safety checklist is an example of how SCOAP engages healthcare professionals in active change to improve the way healthcare is delivered. Generous support from the Life Sciences Discovery Fund and Aetna helped finance this initiative.



#### Surgical Checklist Initiative Update

#### Congratulations to Washington Hospitals

In January 2009, a coalition of major healthcare stakeholders in Washington came together (see logos at the bottom of page) to create the SCOAP Surgical Checklist Initiative:

#### SCOAP Surgical Checklist (PDF)

#### SCOAP Ambulatory Checklist (PDF)

The coalition members set the goal of getting a Surgical Checklist into every OR in Washington State by January 2010, leading to media attention across the state along with a proclamation from the Governor.

According to the Washington State Hospital Association, 100% of Washington State hospitals have either implemented a standardized surgical checklist or are in the process of doing so. SCOAP is now in the process of verifying stages of implementation.

#### Landmark New England Journal of Medicine study shows how surgical checklists save lives

The SCOAP Surgical Checklist was adapted for use in the United States by SCOAP and surgeons at the University of Washington who

# Dashboard Study Design

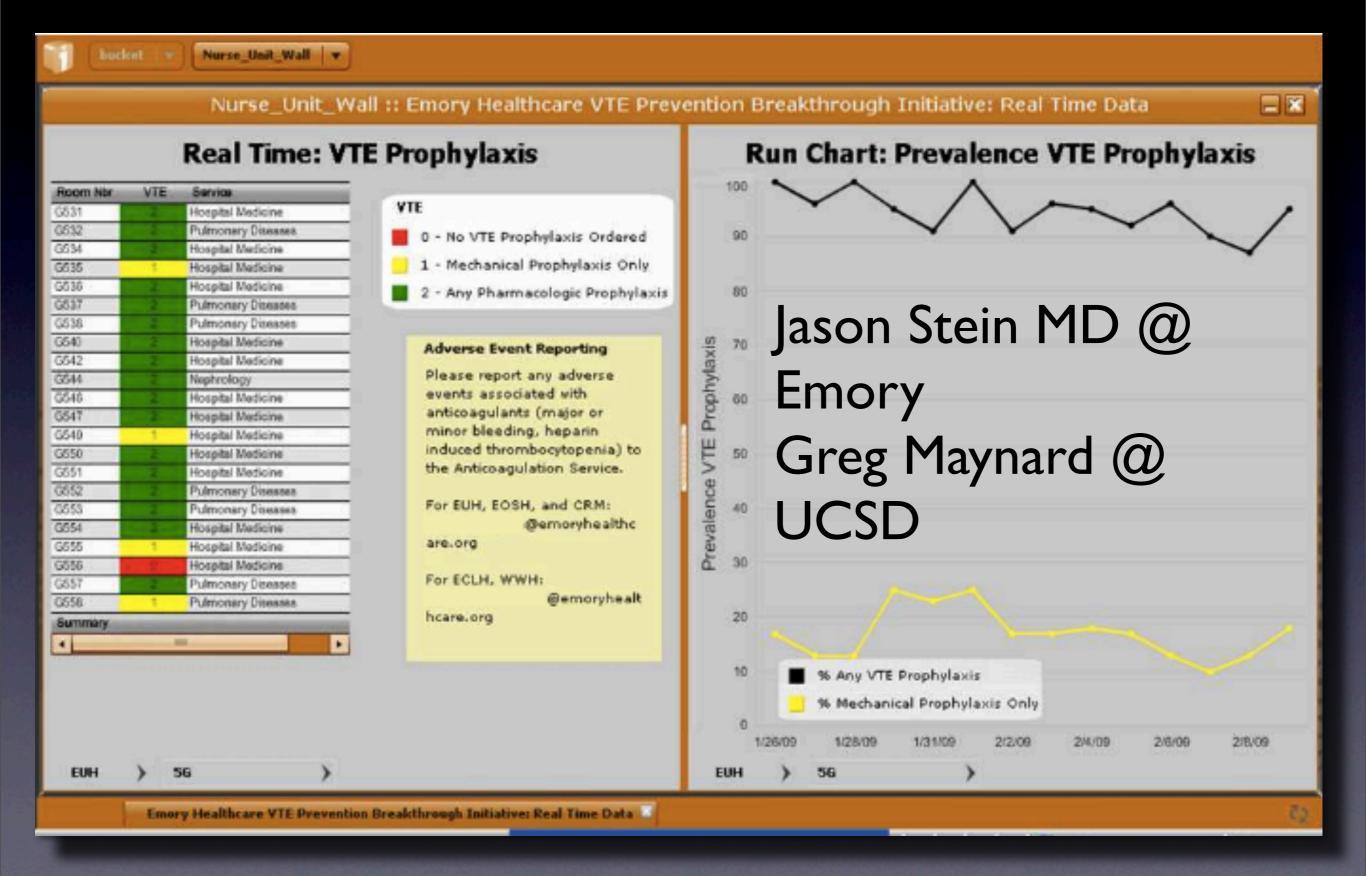
Measure of Compliance with Quality Parameter

6 Week Intervention 6 Week Control Period Period Control Unit No Dashboard No Dashboard Intervention No Dashboard Dashboard Unit

# Med-Surg Dashboard



#### Measurevention



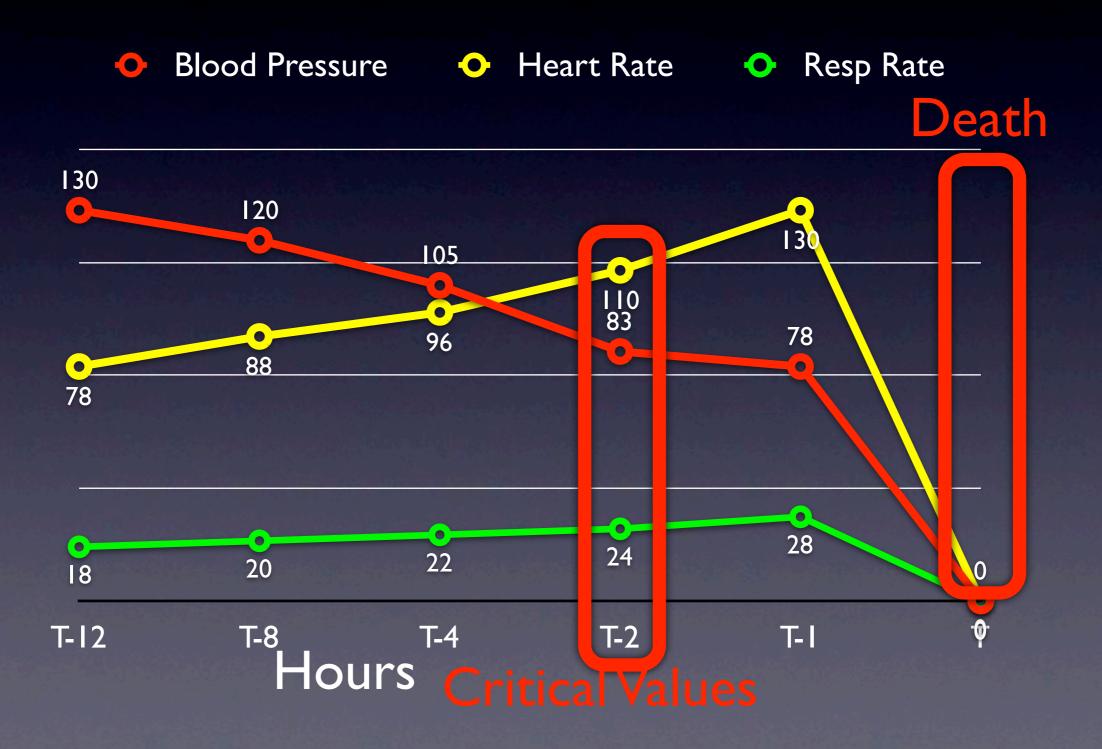
# Critical HIT Components Needed to Ensure Quality

- √ Computer System
- ✓ Discrete Data
- ✓ Realtime Provider Feedback aka Clinical Decision Support
- Realtime Provider Feedback aka Clinical Decision Support
- √ Group Situational Awareness

# Quality

# Safety

# Preventing Potentially Avoidable Deaths



## Institute of Medicine 1999



### Reason for Failure?



There are 2 teams of players, one wearing white shirts and one wearing black shirts. Try to count the number of times the team wearing white passes the ball.

### Reason for Failure?



There are 2 teams of players, one wearing white shirts and one wearing black shirts. Try to count the number of times the team wearing white passes the ball.

#### Rapid Response Team

- SBP<90
- HR>130
- RR>24
- SaO2<90%



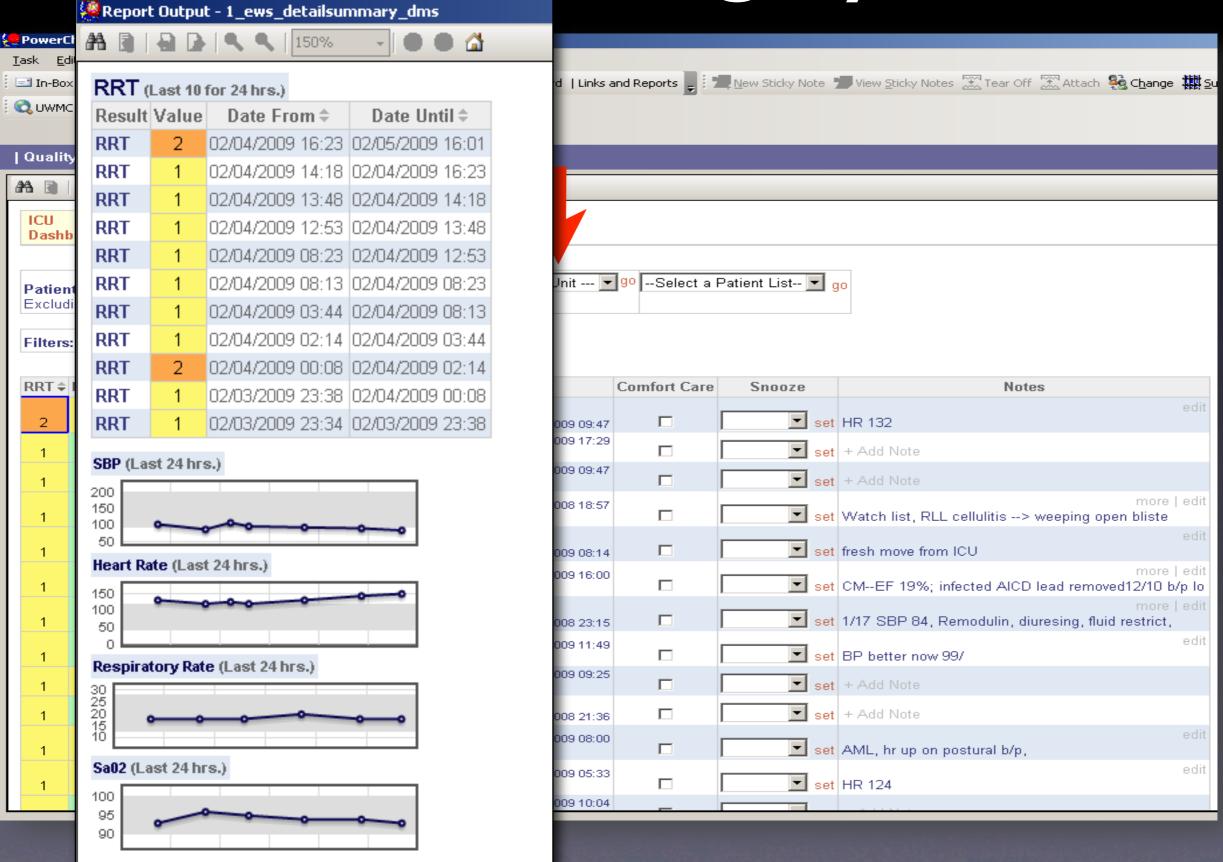
## Fire Station Model



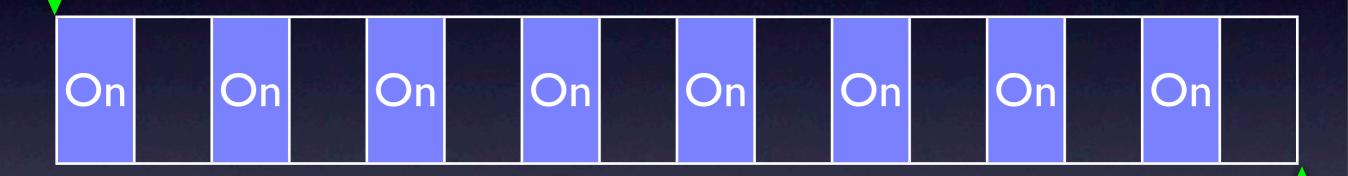
# Air Traffic Control Surveillance Model



Early Warning System







7 Day Intervals

4 Month Duration

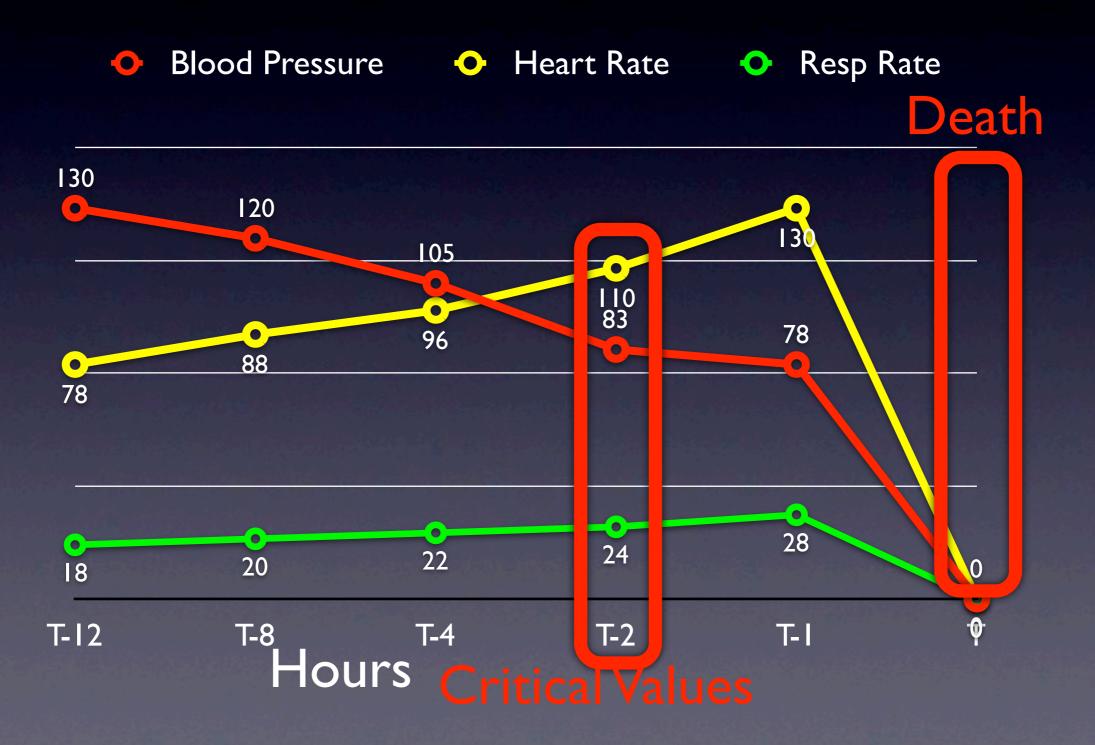
Quantitative and Qualitative Assessment

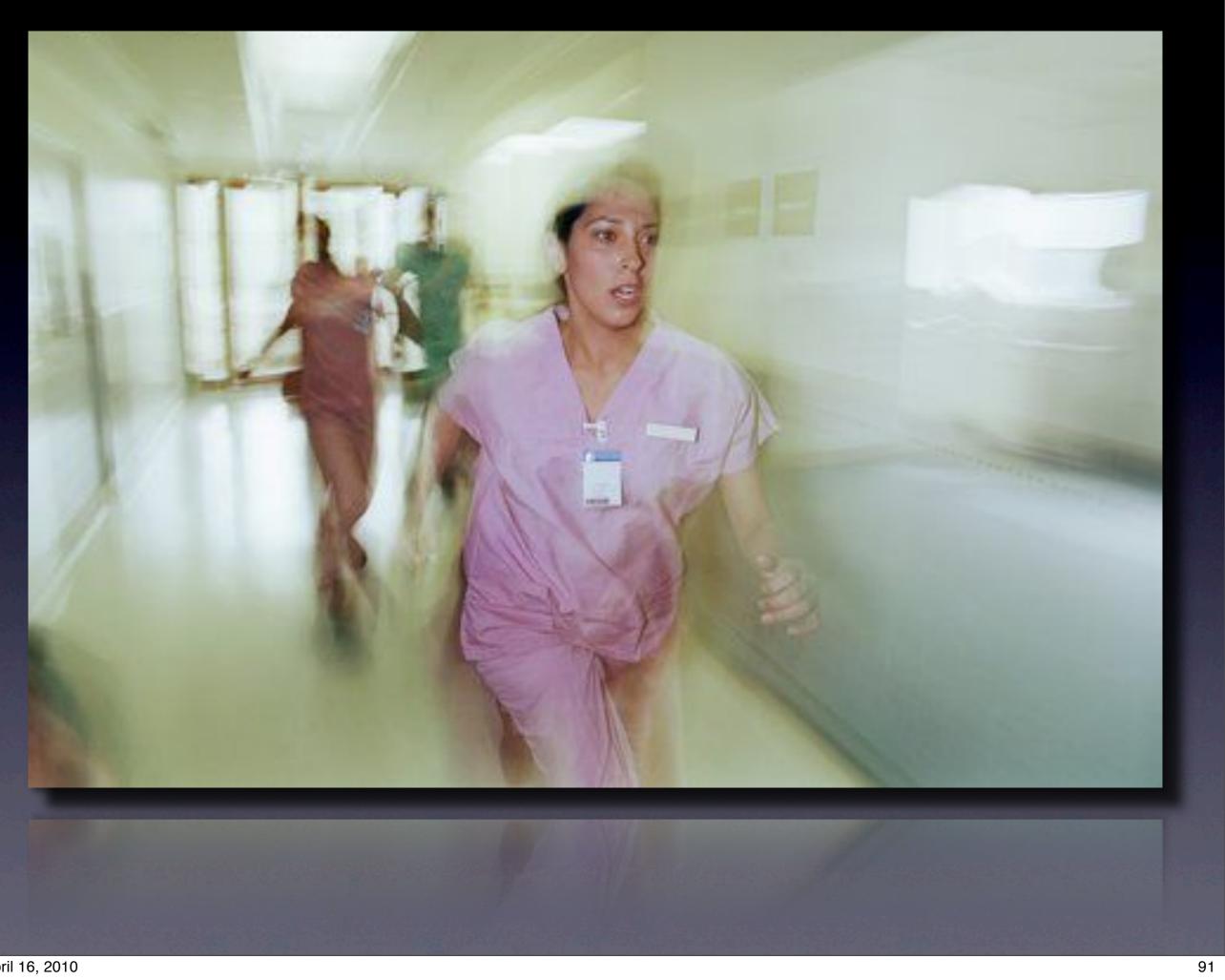
7/5/09

#### Clinical Outcomes

- Potentially avoidable death rate
- Cardiopulmonary arrest rate outside ICU
- Unexpected transfer to ICU rate
- RRT Activation Rate

## Predicting Trends



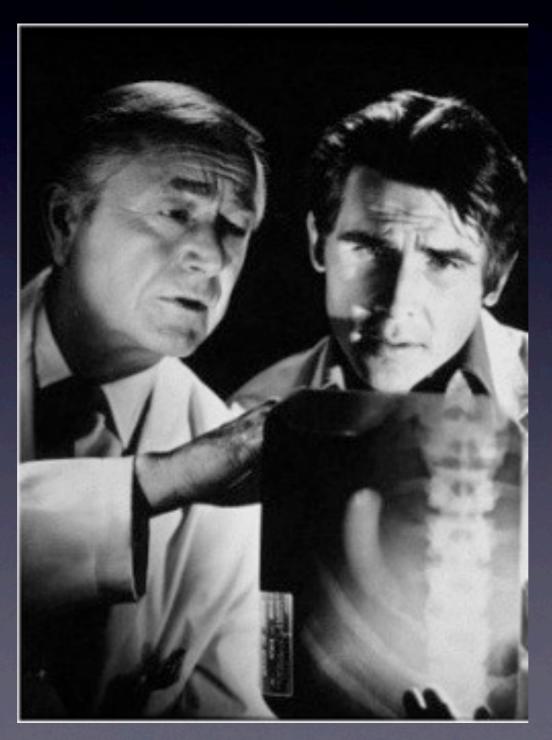


# iPhone





# Improved Quality Through Enhanced Communications



#### Use of Multidisciplinary Rounds to Simultaneously Improve Quality Outcomes, Enhance Resident Education, and Shorten Length of Stay

Stephen O'Mahony, MD<sup>1,2</sup>, Eric Mazur, MD<sup>1,2</sup>, Pamela Charney, MD<sup>1,3</sup>, Yun Wang, PhD<sup>4</sup>, and Jonathan Fine, MD<sup>1,5</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Medicine, Norwalk Hospital, 24 Stevens Street, Norwalk, CT 06856, USA; <sup>2</sup>, Yale University School of Medicine, New Haven, CT, USA; <sup>3</sup>, Albert Einstein College of Medicine, Bronx, NY, USA; <sup>4</sup>Center for Outcomes Research, Yale University and Yale New Haven Health, New Haven, CT, USA; <sup>5</sup>Hinds Center for Lung Studies and Health Informatics, Norwalk Hospital, Norwalk, CT, USA.

**BACKGROUND:** Hospital-based clinicians and educators face a difficult challenge trying to simultaneously improve measurable quality, educate residents in line with ACGME core competencies, while also attending to fiscal concerns such as hospital length of stay (LOS).

**OBJECTIVE:** The purpose of this study was to determine the effect of multidisciplinary rounds (MDR) on quality core measure performance, resident education, and hospital length of stay.

**DESIGN:** Pre and post observational study assessing the impact of MDR during its first year of implementation.

**SETTING:** The Norwalk Hospital is a 328-bed, university-affiliated community teaching hospital in an urban setting with a total of 44 Internal Medicine residents.

METHODS: Joint Commission on Accreditation of

proved efficiency, delivery of evidence-based care, and relationships with involved disciplines. Adjusted average LOS decreased 0.5 (95% CI 0.1–0.8) days for patients with a target core measure diagnosis of either CHF, pneumonia, or AMI (p<.01) and by 0.6 (95% CI 0.5–0.7) days for all medicine DRGs (p<.001).

**CONCLUSIONS:** Resident-centered MDR is an effective process using no additional resources that simultaneously improves quality of care while enhancing resident education and is associated with shortened length of stay.

KEY WORDS: quality improvement; residency education; health care costs; communication; performance measurement.

DOI: 10.1007/s11606-007-0225-1

© 2007 Society of General Internal Medicine 2007;22:1073-1079

#### Review Paper

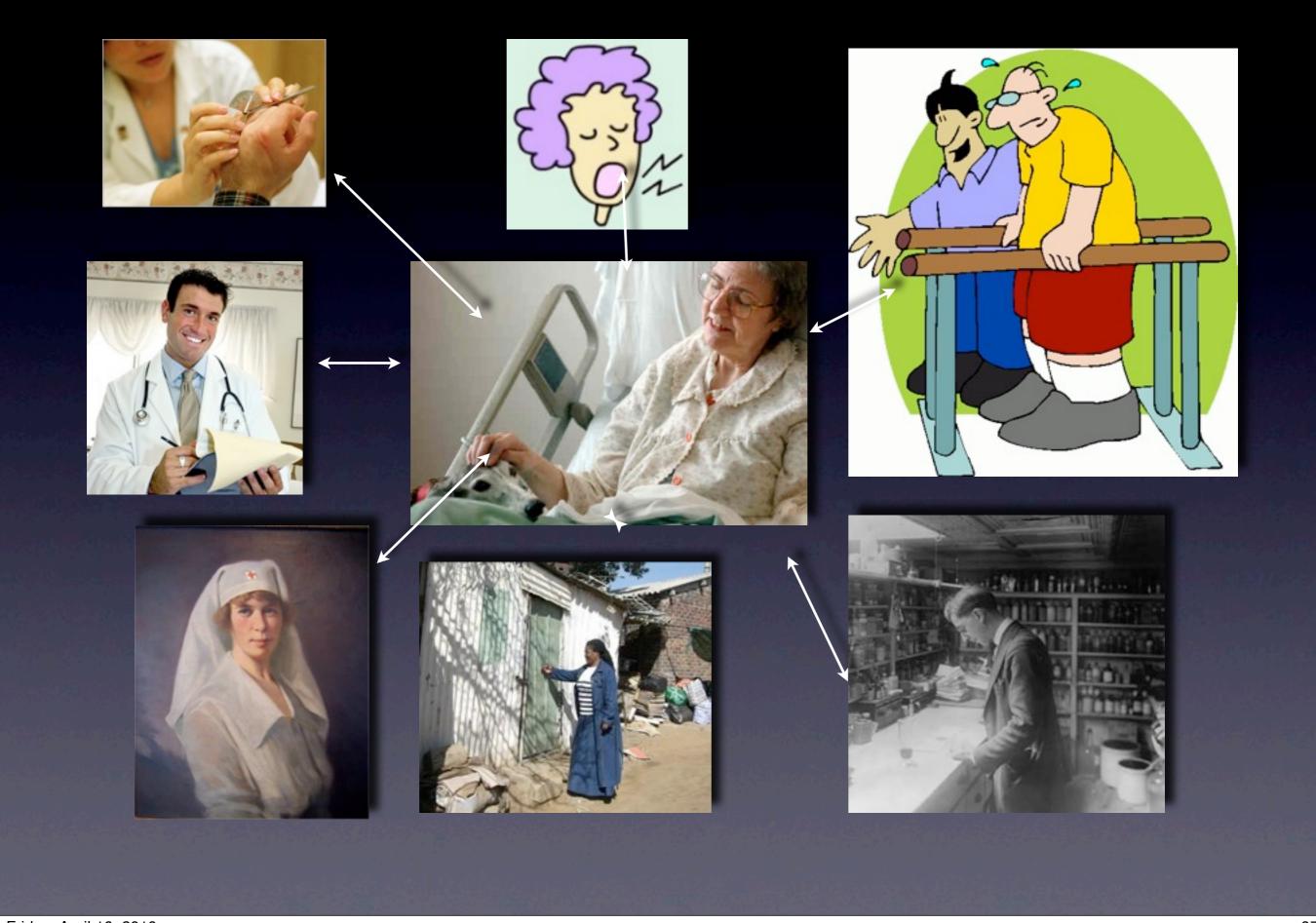
## A Systematic Review of the Literature on Multidisciplinary Rounds to Design Information Technology

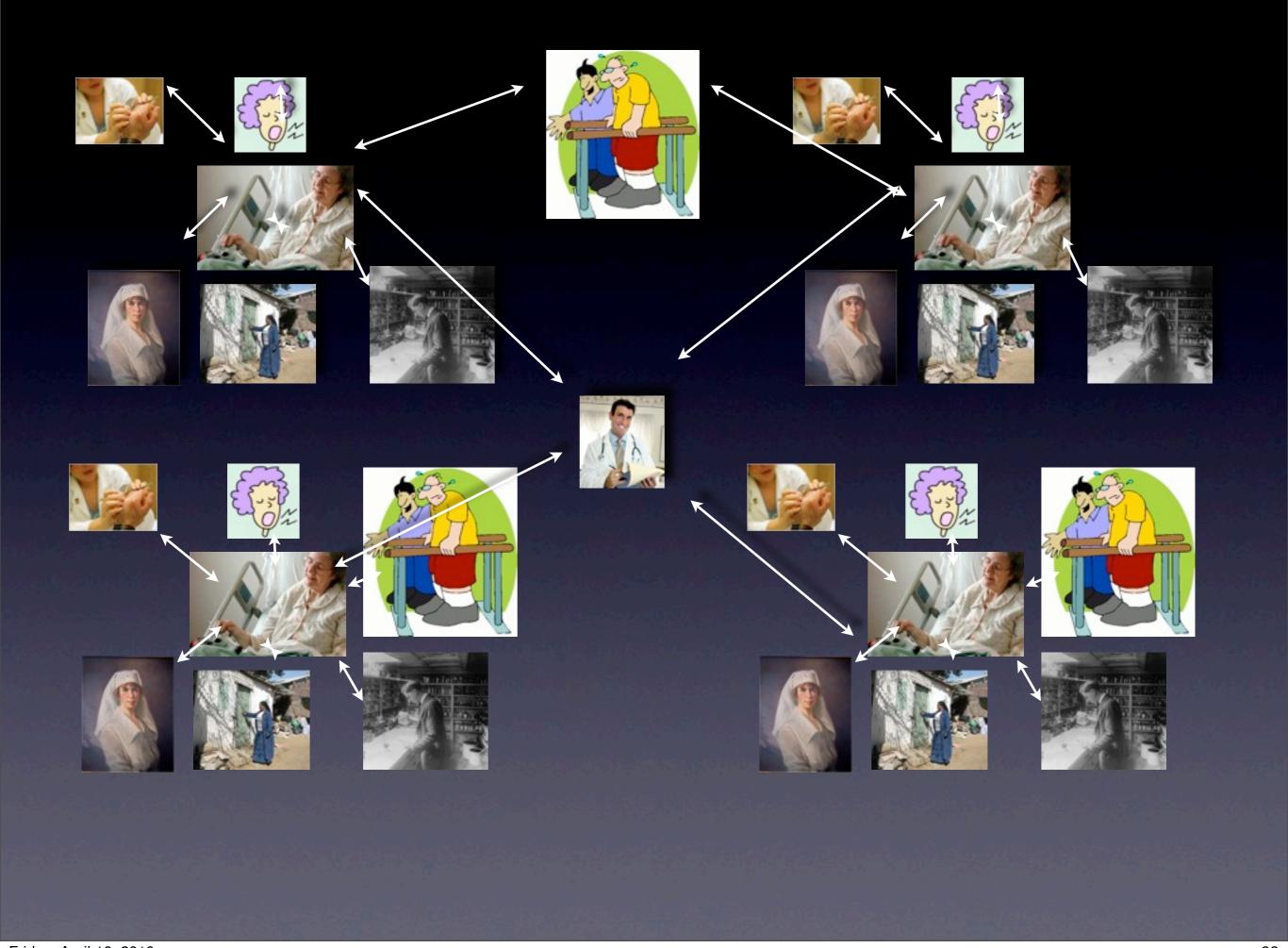
AYSE P. GURSES, PhD, YAN XIAO, PhD

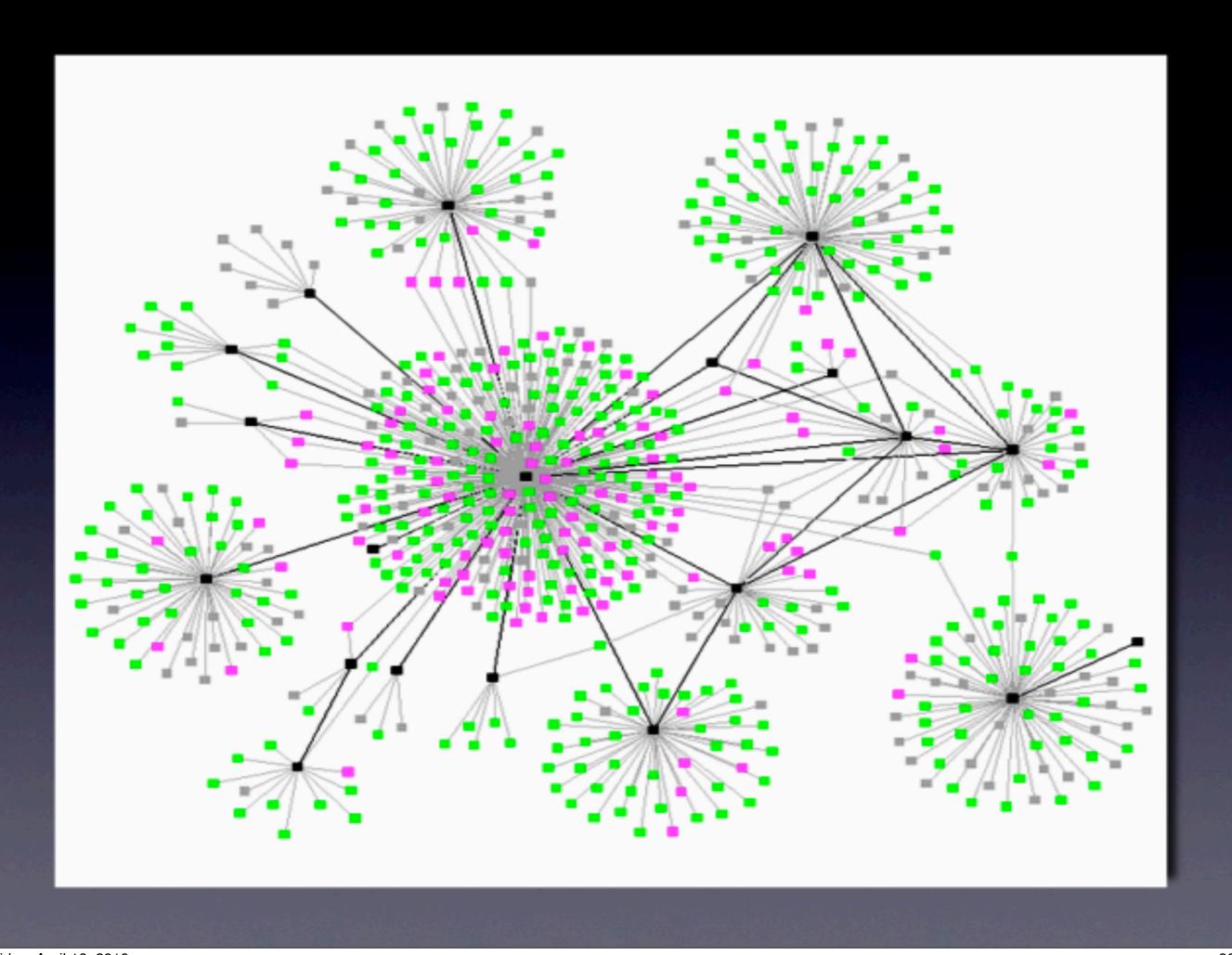
**A b S 1 r a C 1** Multidisciplinary rounds (MDR) have become important mechanisms for communication and coordination of care. To guide design of tools supporting MDR, we reviewed the literature published from 1990 to 2005 about MDR on information tools used, information needs, impact of information tools, and evaluation measures. Fiftyone papers met inclusion criteria and were included. In addition to patient-centric information tools (e.g., medical chart) and decision-support tools (e.g., clinical pathway), process-oriented tools (e.g., rounding list) were reported to help with information organization and communication. Information tools were shown to improve situation awareness of multidisciplinary care providers, efficiency of MDR, and length of stay. Communication through MDR may be improved by process-oriented information tools that help information organization, communication, and work management, which could be achieved through automatic extraction from clinical information systems, displays and printouts in condensed forms, at-a-glance representations of the care unit, and storing work-process information temporarily.

■ J Am Med Inform Assoc. 2006;13:267–276. DOI 10.1197/jamia.M1992.









## Barry Aaronson's Patients

What are you doing?

Going to see James Madison

Medical Center News
Noon Conference today is
on Pneumonia

Lunch Menu

Parking Rules Updated

Medical News Digoxin Recall



George Washington was just seen by Pam, the Physical Therapist, who said "He's able to throw coins now" (20 minutes ago)



Thomas Jefferson's CBC has been resulted (I hour ago)



John Adam's has a new CXR report (2 hours ago)

# George Washington



Allergies
Med List
Family Contacts

#### **Providers**





Welby

Smith

Pam, the Physical Therapist said "He's able to throw coins now" (20 minutes ago)

George the nurse hung the IV ceftriaxone (I hours ago)

Linda the Physical Therapist will be back later (2 hours ago)

# Opportunities for Collaboration

- Interface Design- HTML, Javascript
- Portable Device Software Development
  - Mobile Web Pages
  - Native Apps
- Trending Algorithms/Machine Learning
- Social Network Analysis, Software Design

# Acknowledgements

- David Stone
- Matt Schaft
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- Wendy Giles
- Margaret Neff
- Grant Fletcher

