

Exam Problem Spring 1998

$$\ddot{x} + 2\dot{x} + 5x = \dot{u}(t)$$

$u(t)$ = input, $x(t)$ = output

$$(a) \quad H(s) = \frac{s}{s^2 + 2s + 5}$$

$$(b) \quad u(t) = \cos 2t = \operatorname{Re}[e^{j2t}] ; \quad U(s) = 1, \quad s = 2j$$

$$H(s) = \frac{2j}{(2j)^2 + 2(2j) + 5} = \frac{2j}{1 + 4j}$$

$$= \frac{2j}{17} (1 - 4j) = \frac{1}{17} (8 + 2j) = 0.4851 \angle 14.036^\circ$$

$$X(s) = H(s)U(s) = \frac{1}{17} (8 + 2j)$$

$$x(t) = \operatorname{Re} [X(s)e^{st}]_{s=2j} = \operatorname{Re} \left[\frac{1}{17} (8 + 2j) e^{j2t} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{17} (8 \cos 2t - 2 \sin 2t)$$

$$(c) \quad \text{Zero: } 0$$

$$\text{Poles: } s^2 + 2s + 5 = 0$$

$$s = -1 \pm 2j$$

$$-1 + 2j \quad \times$$

$$-1 - 2j \quad \times$$

$$(d) \quad f_1(t) = \sin 2t, \quad s_1 = 2j$$

$$f_2(t) = \sin 4t, \quad s_2 = 4j$$

$f_1(t)$ will have Larger response, because s_1 is closer to poles.