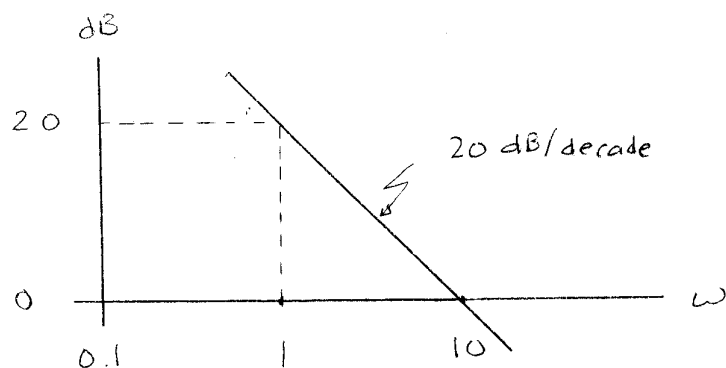


Spring Quarter 2004, Final Exam, Prob #2

$$(a) \quad |G(\omega)| = \frac{10}{\omega} \Rightarrow \text{dB} = 20 \log_{10} \left(\frac{10}{\omega} \right) = 20 [1 - \log_{10} \omega]$$

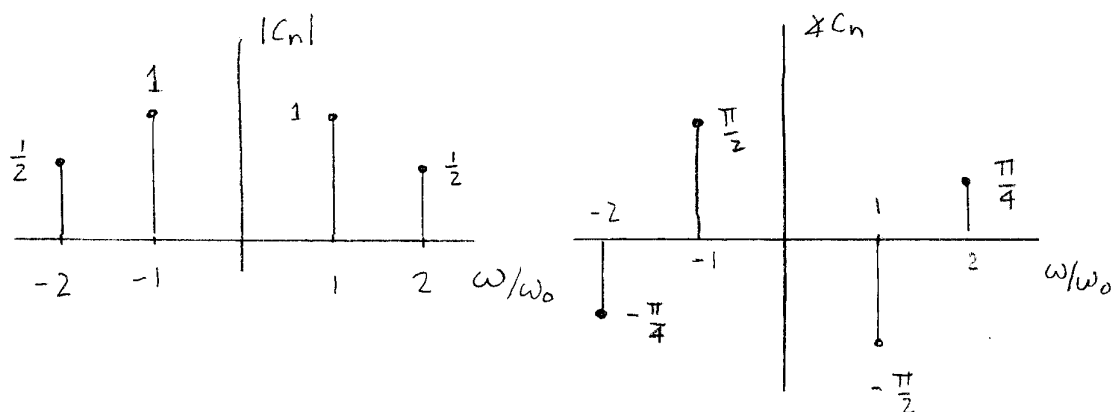


$$\begin{aligned} (b) \quad i(t) &= 2 \sin 10t + \cos(20t + \frac{\pi}{4}) \\ &= \frac{2}{2j} (e^{j10t} - e^{-j10t}) + \frac{1}{2} [e^{j(20t + \frac{\pi}{4})} + e^{-j(20t + \frac{\pi}{4})}] \\ &= -j e^{j10t} + \left(\frac{1}{2} e^{j\pi/4}\right) e^{j20t} + \text{Complex conjugate} \end{aligned}$$

Hence $\omega_0 = 10$.

$$C_1 = -j \Rightarrow |C_1| = 1, \angle C_1 = -\pi/2$$

$$C_2 = \frac{1}{2} e^{j\pi/4} \Rightarrow |C_2| = \frac{1}{2}, \angle C_2 = \pi/4$$



$$(c) \quad \omega = 10, \quad G = \frac{10}{10j} = -j, \quad |G| = 1, \quad \angle G = -\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\text{Response} = 2 \times 1 \sin(10t - \frac{\pi}{2}) = -2 \cos 10t$$

$$\omega = 20, \quad G = \frac{10}{20j} = -\frac{j}{2}, \quad |G| = \frac{1}{2}, \quad \angle G = -\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\text{Response} = 1 \times \frac{1}{2} \cos(20t + \frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{2}) = \frac{1}{2} \cos(20t - \frac{\pi}{4})$$

$$\Theta(t) = -2 \cos 10t + \frac{1}{2} \cos(20t - \frac{\pi}{4})$$

(d) NO. $G(\omega)$ does not resemble a constant in the frequency domain.