Page 1

Thermal Physics 224 Autumn 2007

First midterm 9.30 am, Wednesday October 31, 2007 Instructor: David Cobden

Do not turn this page until the buzzer goes at 9.30. You must hand your exam to me by the time I leave the room at 10.25.

Attempt all the questions.

Please write your name on every page and your SID on the first page.

Write all your working on these question sheets. Use this front page for extra working. It is important to show your calculation or derivation. Some of the marks are given for showing clear and accurate working and reasoning.

Watch the blackboard for corrections or clarifications during the exam.

This is a closed book exam. No books, notes or calculators allowed.



The Entropy Institute.



Name ___

Name _____

1. [4] State the equipartition theorem.

2. [10] Find an expression for the root mean square speed v_{rms} of a dust particle of mass *m* suspended in air at temperature *T*.

3. [6] Find an *approximate* expression for the root mean square angular velocity $\omega_{\rm rms}$ of the dust particle if its radius is approximately *r*.

4. [8] In the course of pumping up a bicycle tire, a volume V_0 of air at atmospheric pressure p_0 is compressed adiabatically to a pressure p_1 . Sketch the process on a *p*-*V* diagram, indicating also some isotherms. Assume air is an ideal gas.

5. [8] What is the final volume V_1 of this air after compression? Use $\gamma = 1 + 2/f$, where *f* has its usual meaning, and the fact that air is mostly diatomic nitrogen and oxygen.

6. [8] How much work is done in compressing the air?

7. [8] If the temperature of the air is initially T_0 , what is the temperature T_1 after compression?

8. [5] The heat equation in one dimension is $\frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial x^2} = \frac{c}{k_t} \frac{\partial T}{\partial t}$. What is k_t and what are its units?

9. [6] What is C? Give an expression for C in terms of V, U and T (with their usual definitions). Mention any approximation involved.

10. [10] A solid rod of length L is heated to temperature T_0 at its center. Use the form of the heat equation to *estimate roughly* the maximum rate at which the temperature subsequently rises at the ends of the rod in terms of the above quantities.

Name _____

11. [4] State the Second Law of Thermodynamics.

12. [6] Show from the definition of entropy S in terms of multiplicity Ω that it is an extensive quantity.

13. [5] Consider a two-state paramagnet with N dipoles of which q point up. Assume that the paramagnet is completely isolated and the magnetic field is zero, so there is no energy difference between up and down spins. The problem is equivalent to that of finding q pennies with their heads up in a box of N. What is Ω for the macrostate specified by q?

14. [4] What is the most probable value of q, assuming that all microstates are equally likely?

15. [10] Use this, and Stirling's approximation $(m! \approx m \ln m - m)$ to find a simple expression for the entropy of the paramagnet when N is large. Demonstrate that it is indeed extensive for this system.