Plant Propagation Protocol for Nemophila menziesii

http://courses.washington.edu/esrm412/protocols/NEME.pdf



Photograph by Mark W. Skinner of N. menziesii flowers, hosted by the USDA-NRCS Plants Database.



Up close photograph of the leaves of N. menziesii, taken by Steve Matson.²



Photograph of seeds by John Macdonald. 1a

TAXONOMY		
Family Names		
Family Scientific	Hydrophyllaceae ¹ (subfamily of Boraginaceae ^{4,7})	
Name:		
Family Common	Waterleaf ^{1,7} (subfamily of Borage)	
Name:		
Scientific Names		
Genus:	Nemophila ¹	
Species/Epithet:	menziesii ¹	
Species Authority:	Hook. & Arn. ¹	
Varieties	N/A	
Sub-species	N. menziesii var. atomaria ¹	
	N. menziesii var. integrifolia ¹	
	N. menziesii var. menziesii ¹	
Cultivar	N/A	
Common	N/A	
Synonym(s)		
Common Name(s)	Baby Blue Eyes ¹	
Species Code:	NEME ¹	

GENERAL INFORMATION		
Geographical range	Found along the Oregon coast, as well as most of California, the southern tip of Nevada, in Wyoming, and an isolated case in one county of Mississippi. The identification in Mississippi could be incorrect.	
Ecological distribution	Occurs primarily on cool, partially shaded slopes (northern side), moist	
Climate and elevation range	woods, and mountainous meadows, but also found along roadsides. ^{3,5,9} Prefers cool, moist climates, protected from hot sun. ^{3,4} Frequently found around 2000 ft, but can range from 0-5000 ft. ^{8,11}	
Local habitat and abundance	Doesn't usually associate with any specific plants, but commonly occurs in grassy areas.	
Plant strategy type / successional stage	Annual plant, colonizing areas or growing quickly after disturbances. ^{3,4}	
Plant characteristics	An annual forb found in many types of habitat, as it is easily propagated. Five petaled flowers are bright blue with a white center, occurring in clusters at tips of branches. Annual, dying yearly. ^{1,2,3} The seeds are black or brown and are wrinkled and have an appendage. ⁶ Grows to 10-25cm tall. ¹⁰	
	PROPAGATION DETAILS	
Ecotype Propagation Goal	N/A Plant ⁴	
Propagation Method Product Type	Seed ² Container (plug)	
Stock Type Time to Grow	4" pot ¹² 6-8 weeks. ¹²	
Target Specifications Propagule Collection Instructions	N/A Collect seed before capsule opens, between March and June. 10	
Propagule Processing/Propagule Characteristics	Each flower produces 10-20 seeds. ¹⁰	
Pre-Planting Propagule Treatments	Seeds require cold stratification, allow cold stratification from fall to spring, or direct sow when frost is still possible. ^{12,2} Seeds come in capsules, use mesh to separate seed from capsules.	

Growing Area Preparation / Annual Practices for Perennial Crops	Grow in peat or coir pots with a well-draining, moisture holding media. ¹²
Establishment Phase Details	In spring, seeds will germinate between 59-70°F, cover with a very thin layer of soil. 12,2 Spread seed across seeding tray and allow to germinate. 3
Length of Establishment Phase	7-21 days ¹²
Active Growth Phase	Keep protected from excessive heat after germination, transplant germinants into 4" pots. 12
Length of Active Growth Phase	3-5 weeks ¹²
Hardening Phase	N/A
Length of Hardening Phase	N/A
Harvesting, Storage and Shipping (of seedlings)	Seedlings are ready to be shipped 3-5 weeks after transplanting (mid-March to late-April).
Length of Storage	Plants can be kept in nursery through May, but planting on site after then could be fatal, due to higher temperatures.
Guidelines for Outplanting / Performance on Typical Sites	Typically blooms from March through June. ^{3,4,5}
Other Comments	N/A
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Protocol Author	Caitlin Savo
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