# Plant Propagation Protocol for Scirpus cyperinus

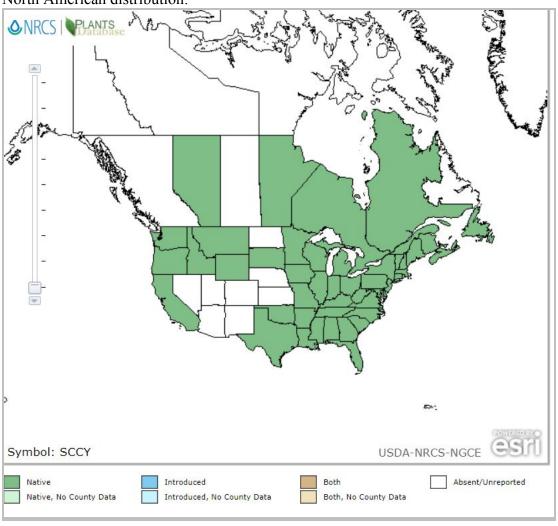
ESRM 412 – Native Plant Production

 $Protocol\ URL:\ \underline{https://courses.washington.edu/esrm412/protocols/SCCY.pdf}$ 

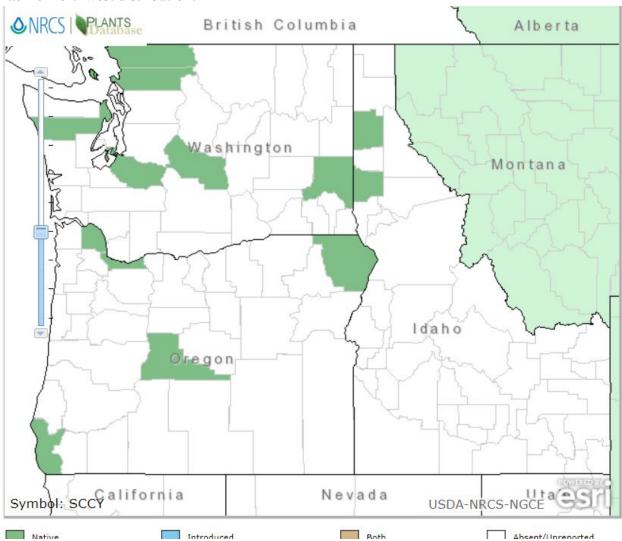
Plant pictured:



North American distribution:



# Pacific Northwest distribution:



### Source: USDA Plant Database

Source. USDA Flaiit Database	TAVONOMV
	TAXONOMY <sub>1</sub>
Plant Family	
Scientific Name	Cyperaceae
Common Name	Sedges
Species Scientific Name	
Scientific Name	Scirpus cyperinus (L.) Kunth
Varieties	N/A
Sub-species	N/A
Cultivar	N/A
Common Synonym(s)	1. Scirpus rubricosus Fernald
	2. Scirpus eriophorum Michx.

	3. Scirpus cyperinus (L.) Kunth var. rubricosus (Fernald) Gilly
	4. Scirpus cyperinus (L.) Kunth var. pelius Fernald
	5. Scirpus cyperinus (L.) Kunth var. laxus (A.
	Gray) Beetle
	6. Scirpus cyperinus (L.) Kunth var. eriophorum
	(Michx.) Kunth
	7. Scirpus cyperinus (L.) Kunth var. condensatus
	Fernald
Common Name(s)	Woolgrass
Species Code (as per USDA Plants	SCCY
database)	
GENERA	AL INFORMATION <sub>1,2,3,5</sub>
Geographical range	Found across the US, map of geographical range found
	above.
Ecological distribution	Occurs in tidal marshes, inland marshes, wetlands and
	swamps. Grows best in areas with wet soil.
Climate and elevation range	Occurs in places with wet soil. 0-800m in elevation.
Local habitat and abundance	Thrives in wet soil, marshes, wetlands, and swamps.
Plant strategy type / successional	No plant strategy type information could be found.
stage	
Plant characteristics	Perennial Sedge that is native to many parts of north
	america. It grows to be 3-5 feet tall and has a spread of
	2-4 feet. It has green leaves and blooms in the late
	summer. Made up of an aggregate of dense tussocks of
	rhizomes branching with 5-10 leaves per culm.
PROPA	GATION DETAILS 4.6
Ecotype	N/A
Propagation Goal	Plants
Propagation Method	Seeds
Product Type	Container (plug)
Stock Type	1+0 containers
Time to Grow	6 months
Target Specifications	No information found.
Propagule Collection Instructions	Harvest seeds in mid to late september when seeds are
	fully mature but have not been damaged. Collect by
	pulling or cutting fruit clusters from stems.
Propagule Processing/Propagule	Seed Density: 36000000 per lb
Characteristics	Seed longevity: At least 6 months in dry bag
	Seed Dormancy: Physical dormancy
	Seeds cleaned with a brush machine and wire mesh.
Pre-Planting Propagule Treatments	Seeds can be stored in ziplock bags containing
The Transmis Propagate Treatments	sphagnum peat moss kept at 5.5 degrees celsius or in

	cold water kept at 5.5 degrees celsius. These methods	
	act as the stratification process.	
Growing Area Preparation / Annual	Sow in a sphagnum peat moss medium with about 25%	
Practices for Perennial Crops	sand growing medium with Osmocote at 21 degrees	
	celsius. Pasteurize the sand in an electric soil sterilizer	
	for 30 minutes at 82 degrees celsius to reduce weeds.	
Establishment Phase Details	For the highest germination percentages use a ebb and	
	flow greenhouse bench to saturate the medium.	
	Maintain the water level at 0.6-1.2 cm. Greenhouse	
	temperature can range from 13-38 degrees celsius	
	during the germination period.	
Length of Establishment Phase	3 weeks	
Active Growth Phase	Seedling growth is best on normal greenhouse benches	
	in saturated medium. The seedlings are now more	
	resistant to drying out but still need to be often watered.	
Length of Active Growth Phase	No information found.	
Hardening Phase	No information found.	
Length of Hardening Phase	No information found.	
Harvesting, Storage and Shipping	No information found.	
Length of Storage	6 months	
Guidelines for Outplanting /	Sow seeds once they are well established in the	
Performance on Typical Sites	summer.	
Other Comments	N/A	
INFORMATION SOURCES		
References	See below	
Other Sources Consulted	See below	
Protocol Author	Jacob Kizer	

#### References:

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