Plant Propagation Protocol for Abronia turbinata

ESRM 412 – Native Plant Production
URL: https://courses.washington.edu/esrm412/protocols/2022/ABTU.pdf

TAXONOMY		
Plant Family		
Scientific Name	Nyctaginaceae	
Common Name	Four O'clock Family	
Species Scientific	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Name		
Scientific Name	Abronia turbinata Torr ex S. Watson	
Varieties	None listed	
Sub-species	None listed	
Cultivar	None listed	
Common Synonym(s)	Abronia exalata Standl., Abronia orbiculata Standl.	
Common Name(s)	Transmontane Sand Verbena	
Species Code (as per	ABTU	
USDA Plants		
database)		
	GENERAL INFORMATION	
Geographical range	Eastern California and Oregon and western Nevada ² British Columbia Alberta Saskatchewan Nyolmop Photos courtesy of USDA website ³	
Ecological	Desert, Plateau Scrub	
distribution	Descri, Francia Deruo	

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Climate and elevation range	900-2500m ²		
Local habitat and abundance	Found in Pinyon-Juniper Woodland, Sagebrush Scrub and Creosote Bush Scrub. ⁷		
Plant strategy type / successional stage	No information available		
Plant characteristics	Forb/Herb ³ , Annual, 35 white to pink flowers arise from the stem on peduncles. The herb typically approaches 50 cm in maximum stem height and produces thick green leaves that are oval-shaped to round. Each flower in the cluster has a fused corolla tube, reaching 2 cm long and leads to a lobed corolla. The fruit has hollow, inflated wings. ⁸		
PROPAGATION DETAILS			
Ecotype	No information available		
Propagation Goal	Plants		
Propagation Method	Seed		
Product Type	Container (plug) Pots of sandy soil in greenhouse		
Stock Type	Deepot 16		
Time to Grow	Growing season takes up to 6 months. ⁸ Sow Autumn or early Spring and ready to outplant in early Summer. ⁸		
Target Specifications	No information available		
Propagule Collection Instructions	No information available		
Propagule Processing/Propagu le Characteristics	Seeds weigh 0.0025g; 181,436 seeds per pound. ⁷		
	No information on seed longevity.		
Pre-Planting Propagule Treatments	Germination testing done by California Botanic Garden from samples collected in Mono County. Results had 0% germination from 10 tested seeds. In this test, seeds were grown in 0.5% agar solution and were pre-treated with alternative warm-cold-warm stratification, which occurred for 14-90 days and vinegar soaking. These seeds were also tested in a germination chamber with 20C days and 12C night. ⁶		
	To speed up germination, peel off the outer skin and pre-soak the seed for 24 hours in warm water. ⁹		
Growing Area Preparation / Annual Practices for Perennial Crops	Grow in shallow pots of sandy soil in a fully controlled greenhouse. ⁹		
Establishment Phase Details	No information available		

Length of Establishment Phase	Germination occurs in 15-20 days (Powell book)
Active Growth Phase	No information available
Length of Active Growth Phase	No information available
Hardening Phase	No information available
Length of Hardening Phase	No information available
Harvesting, Storage and Shipping	No information available
Length of Storage	No information available
Guidelines for Outplanting / Performance on	Plant seedlings outdoors after last frost, giving 12"-15" of space between plants. ⁵
Typical Sites	One study found that in Oregon, <i>Abronia turbinata</i> species range in Oregon is limited to areas around the Alvord Desert. <i>A. turbinata</i> does not grow in more shaded areas of the forest. ⁴
	Plant after last frost, with spacing plants 12-15 inches. Plant in location with full sun and soil with light, sandy soil. Plant can tolerate dry conditions. ⁵
Other Comments	
Other Comments	INFORMATION SOURCES
References	 Abronia turbinata. Calflora. (n.d.). Retrieved May 3, 2022, from https://www.calflora.org/app/taxon?crn=17 Abronia turbinata. Plants For A Future. (n.d.). Retrieved May 3, 2022, from https://pfaf.org/user/Plant.aspx?LatinName=Abronia%2Bturbi nata Abronia turbinata Torr. ex S. Watson. USDA plants database. (n.d.). Retrieved May 3, 2022, from https://plants.usda.gov/home/plantProfile?symbol=ABTU Newton, R.E., R.T. Massatti, A.S. Thorpe, and M. Mancuso. 2010. Assessing the status of Abronia turbinata in southeastern Oregon. Institute for Applied Ecology, Corvallis, Oregon and USDI Bureau of Land Management, Vale District. iv + 10 pp. Powell, Eileen. From Seed to Bloom: How to Grow over 500 Annuals, Perennials & Herbs. Storey Publishing, LLC, 1995. Seed conservation. California Botanic Garden. (n.d.). Retrieved May 3, 2022, from https://www.calbg.org/conservation/seed-conservation

Other Sources Consulted	 7. Temperate Plants Database, Ken Fern. temperate.theferns.info. 2022-05-03. <temperate.theferns.info abronia+turbinata="" plant=""></temperate.theferns.info> 8. Transmontane Sand-verbena, Abronia Turbinata. California Native Plant Society. (n.d.). Retrieved May 3, 2022, from https://calscape.org/Abronia-turbinata-() 9. Wilson, Ruth C. (1972) "Abronia: I. Distribution, Ecology and Habit of Nine Species of Abronia Found in California," Aliso: A Journal of Systematic and Evolutionary Botany: Vol. 7: Iss. 4, Article 7. 10. Andy Murdock 2012, Abronia turbinata, in Jepson Flora Project (eds.) Jepson eFlora, https://ucjeps.berkeley.edu/eflora/eflora_display.php?tid=1156 1, accessed on May 03, 2022. 11. Southwest, T. A. (n.d.). Abronia turbinata, transmontane sand verbena. The American Southwest. Retrieved May 3, 2022, from https://www.americansouthwest.net/plants/wildflowers/abroni a-turbinata.html
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