Plant Propagation Protocol for Sedum Leibergii
ESRM 412 – Native Plant Production
URL: <a href="https://courses.washington.edu/esrm412/protocols/2023/SELE.pdf">https://courses.washington.edu/esrm412/protocols/2023/SELE.pdf</a>



Source: Rcarr

TAXONOMY		
Plant Family		
Scientific Name	Crassulaceae J. StHil.	
Common Name	Stonecrop family	
Species Scientific		
Name		
Scientific Name	Sedum leibergii Britton	
Varieties	Sedum leibergii Britton var. typicum R.T. Clausen	
Sub-species		
Cultivar		
Common Synonym(s)	Sedum divericatum S. Watson	
	Amerosedum leibergii (Britton) Á. Löve & D. Löve	
Common Name(s)		
Species Code (as per	SELE	
USDA Plants		
database)		
GENERAL INFORMATION		

Geographical range	Source: USDA This species is a Northwest native mainly residing in Washington, Oregon, Idaho, and Montana.
Ecological distribution	Generally prefers rough open areas such as rocky hillsides and cliffs.
Climate and elevation range	Prefers elevation between 50 and 1200 m (Flora of North America)
Local habitat and abundance	Often in areas with little else growing aside from some hardy weeds like cliffsides, it acts as a groundcover but comes up alongside grasses where it won't be shaded.
Plant strategy type / successional stage	Stress tolerator
Plant characteristics	This plant is a biennial herb. The leaves are oval in form and its flowers are generally conical though the amount of them varies heavily. (Flora of North America)
	The plant is a succulent with star shaped yellow flowers. (World of Succulents 2021)



Source: Rcarr

PROPAGATION DETAILS		
Ecotype	(World of Succulents 2021)	
Propagation Goal	Plants	
Propagation Method	Vegetative	
Product Type	Rootstock bulbs (World of Succulents 2021)	
Stock Type	(World of Succulents 2021)	
Time to Grow	Overall should take about a season to see rosettes after planting rootstock parts. (World of Succulents 2021)	
Target Specifications	Approximately 7 inch tall flower stalks blooming in spring-summer (other sources vary between 6-12 in). (World of Succulents 2021)	
Propagule Collection	Collect rootstock or replant to your green house in Spring. (World of	
Instructions	Succulents 2021)	
Propagule	N/A	
Processing/Propagule		
Characteristics		
Pre-Planting Propagule	Clean rootstock though try not to have it out of the soil for very long.	
Treatments		
Growing Area	Due to underground stolon spreading utilize flats of medium size to allow	
Preparation / Annual	for further growth though 1 gallon or larger pots would also work. (Alpine	
Practices for	Garden Society)	
Perennial Crops		

	The plant will prefer a well-drained coarser medium. (World of Succulents 2021)			
	The growing area should be one in direct sunlight. (World of Succulents 2021)			
Establishment Phase Details	Plant should be placed in an area that gets plenty of sunlight, at least 6 hours a day. (World of Succulents 2021)			
Length of Establishment Phase	N/A			
Active Growth Phase	Plant should be placed in an area that gets plenty of sunlight, at least 6 hours a day. (World of Succulents 2021)			
Length of Active Growth Phase	About a season. (World of Succulents 2021)			
Hardening Phase	Plant should be placed in an area that gets plenty of sunlight, at least 6 hours a day. (World of Succulents 2021)			
Length of Hardening Phase	Unknown			
Harvesting, Storage and Shipping	Harvest/replant in Spring if following the plants natural cycles. (World of Succulents 2021)			
	The plant should be divided annually if storing for that long. (World of Succulents 2021)			
	If repotting due so when it is relatively dry and into a relatively dry medium. (World of Succulents 2021)			
Length of Storage	Unknown			
Guidelines for Outplanting / Performance on	In testing mean maximal germination was 17.9 % for transplanting. (Downs 2011)			
Typical Sites	It can handle both very cold and relatively hot temperatures. Particularly adapted to handling cold though, able to hand temperatures down to -20 to 30 degrees Fahrenheit (World of Succulents 2021)			
Other Comments	Overall there are many stonecrop species popular as an ornamental groundcover that could be used as a platform for further testing on the propagation of this particular species.			
	INFORMATION SOURCES			
References	Sedum leibergii - FNA. (n.d.). http://floranorthamerica.org/Sedum_leibergii			
	Downs, J. (n.d.). 2011. Pacific Northwest National Laboratory   PNNL. <a href="https://www.pnnl.gov/main/publications/external/technical_reports/PNNL-20793.pdf">https://www.pnnl.gov/main/publications/external/technical_reports/PNNL-20793.pdf</a>			
	Home - Alpine Garden Society. (n.d.). Alpine Garden Society. http://encyclopaedia.alpinegardensociety.net/plants/Sedum/leibergii#top			

	WoS. (2021, November 25). Sedum leibergii (Leiberg Stonecrop). World of Succulents. <a href="https://worldofsucculents.com/sedum-leibergii-leiberg-stonecrop/">https://worldofsucculents.com/sedum-leibergii-leiberg-stonecrop/</a> Rcarr. (2020, March 5). Sedum leibergii. <a href="https://inside.ewu.edu/ewflora/sedum-leibergii/">https://inside.ewu.edu/ewflora/sedum-leibergii/</a>
Other Sources Consulted	Natural Heritage Program and Montana Fish, Wildlife & Parks. (2023b, May 24). MTNHP. https://fieldguide.mt.gov/speciesDetail.aspx?elcode=PDCRA0A1T0  THE NATIVE PLANTING HANDBOOK by TAYLOR CREEK RESTORATION NURSERIES. (n.d.). Retrieved May 24, 2023, from https://taylorcreeknurseries.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/06/Nursery-Handbook-August2019-website.pdf  US Wildflower - Leiberg Stonecrop - Sedum leibergii. (n.d.). USWildflowers.com. https://uswildflowers.com/detail.php?SName=Sedum%20leibergii  Sedum leibergii   U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service. (n.d.). FWS.gov. https://www.fws.gov/species/leiberg-stonecrop-sedum-leibergii  Sedum. (n.d.). Almanac.com. https://www.almanac.com/plant/sedum
Protocol Author	Theodin Feldman
Date Protocol Created or Updated	5/23/23