# Grammar files, PRED values, non-verbal predicates

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#### Overview

- tdl details:
  - Grammar files, instances v. types
  - PRED values
  - Tdl style
- Non-verbal predicates
- Lab 7 overview
- Trigger rules

#### Grammar files

- matrix.tdl, head-types.tdl: Type files (core grammar)
- my\_language.tdl: Type file (language specific)
- rules.tdl: Instance file for phrase structure <u>rules</u>
- irules.tdl: Instance file for spelling changing lexical rules
- Irules.tdl: Instance file for non-spelling changing (no affix) lexical rules
- lexicon.tdl: Instance file for lexical entries
- roots.tdl: Instance file for root condition(s)
- labels.tdl: Instance file for node labels
- trigger.mtr: Instance file for trigger rules for generation
- my\_langauge-pet.tdl: Grammar spec file for compilation with 'flop'
- · lkb/, ace/, pet/: Directories of files for lkb/ace/pet interaction

#### Roots, Labels

Why do we sometimes see ADJ or CP as the label on the root node?

### Types v. instances

- Types define the feature geometry, possibilities for unification, and constraints inherited by instances.
- Instances are what the LKB actually uses to parse and generate.
- Types can have multiple supertypes.
- Instances can only inherit from one type.
- Types and instances exist in separate name spaces.

## Features and types

- Features can only be "declared" for one type. Any type mentioning that feature must inherit from the declaring supertype.
- Features can only be "declared" at the outermost level.

```
type1 := supertype &
Good: [ FEATURE BOOL ].
```

```
type2 := type1 &
  [ FEATURE + ].
```

· Bad:

```
type2 := supertype &
  [ FEATURE + ].
```

```
type3 := type1 &
   [ PATH.NEW-FEAT + ].
```

#### PRED values

- For the MT exercise, we need to coordinate on pred values.
- Convention is \_English+lemma\_pos\_rel, where pos is drawn from {n, v, q, a, p}
- Abstract (grammatical) preds don't have leading underscore:
  - exist\_q\_rel
  - pron\_rel
- Featural information isn't replicated in PRED values: \*\_went\_v\_rel,
   \*\_the\_q\_rel

### Tdl style: Bad

## Tdl style: Good

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### Non-verbal predicates

- This section deals with sentences that have a "copula" verb in some languages and no verb at all in others.
- APs/PPs have a semantic role available
  - Required copula: Treat it as a raising verb
  - No copula: Let the APs/PPs be heads in the head-subj rule
- NPs are semantically saturated
  - Required copula: Different lex entry that introduces \_be\_v\_id\_rel
  - No copula: Non-branching rule that introduces \_be\_v\_id\_rel and the subject requirement

### Non-verbal predicates

- Some languages have a copula variably:
  - Across all contexts
  - Only with NPs, but not APs/PPs (etc)
  - Only in certain tenses
- First two can be handled with just appropriate combinations of the strategies discussed
- To get restriction to certain tenses, need to add constraints to the copula and/or the lexical or phrase structure rules involved in licensing verbless clauses.

## Non-verbal predicates

- Locative NPs
  - Some languages use NPs inflected with a particular case where others use PPs (as both modifiers and predicates)
  - The strategy we'll take involves a non-headed unary rule that builds a PP out of a [ CASE loc ] NP.
    - Why non-headed?
    - Why not do this with a lexical rule?

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#### Lab reminders

- Your write up should illustrate each analysis with IGT examples that parse with the grammar you turn in.
- You should test your grammar both with individual sentences one at a time in the LKB and with [incr tsdb()] processing of the whole test suite & test corpus.
- Use [incr tsdb()] to see which examples are ambiguous according to the grammar, and check to see if the ambiguity is justified.
- Incremental development: If you have lots of similar items to enter, get one working first, then enter the rest.

### Trigger rules

- Semantically empty lexical entries cause headaches on generation
- Let them all in as often as the parser wants them: exploded search space
- Keep them all out: some things won't parse
- Solution: trigger rules (trigger.mtr)
- The LKB tells you which items need trigger rules, but the suggested rules don't actually ever fire.